## INTERCHANGE MODIFICATION STUDY



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FOR
THE TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION PROJECT PLANNING DIVISION

November 2011

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### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Study Scope

The scope of this study is to provide a detailed evaluation of potential modifications and/or configurations to better accommodate existing and future traffic for the study interchange of I-40 at S.R. 222 (Exit 42). This study addresses the issues required to obtain Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) approval for an interchange modification, consistent with the Tennessee Department of Transportation's (TDOT) roadway design standards. This report considers existing and future traffic conditions in the project study area to assess the potential traffic impacts on the interstate and connecting roadway system over a twenty (20) year planning horizon.

### 1.2 Project Need

The request for upgrading the study interchange was initiated by the Tennessee Department of Economic and Community Development (ECD) on behalf of the Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA). In March 2007, the University of Memphis conducted an economic research study on land adjacent to the interchange area referred to as the Memphis-Jackson I-40 Advantage Megasite. The report, The Potential Economic Impact of an Automobile Assembly Plant: I-40 Advantage Auto Park, discusses the economic impacts and characteristics of the Megasite totaling approximately 2,000 jobs and evaluates the potential for this location to bring jobs, income, and tax revenue to the citizens of West Tennessee.

TVA's Megasite Program offers sites suitable for large-scale manufacturing that are certified as ready for development. To be certified, a large land parcel must meet the criteria of being ready for sale, accessible to utilities, and physically developable. The proposed improvements for the study interchange are essential to the development of the Megasite located on the north side of $\mathrm{I}-40$ within the study area as shown in Figure 1.1.

The adjacent interchanges as described in Section 1.3 are too far away to adequately serve the Megasite. The local road system is adequate for the current land uses in the vicinity of the study interchange. However, if the Megasite is developed, the local road system and existing interchange will not provide the necessary capacity and the desired access to function adequately. As detailed in Section 3.1, the capacity of the study interchange will be at LOS F if the Megasite is developed without modifications to the interchange.

The existing two (2) lane S.R. 222 bridge is constructed over I-40 on a fifty-two (52) degree skew angle. The latest bridge inspection report was conducted on December 14, 2010. During this inspection, the overall condition of the study bridge was determined to be rated fair with a sufficiency rating of 63.2. TDOT Structures Division has determined that the existing bridge consists of four (4) spans and is not a candidate for retrofit and needs to be replaced for the following reasons:

- Any new bridge would be a two (2) span structure for the safety of motorists travelling on I-40.
- A two (2) span structure would accommodate any future widening of I-40 without additional bridge modifications.
- The cost of widening the existing structure to accommodate the required travel lanes plus full shoulders would be greater than the cost of replacing the entire structure.

The ECD has agreed to provide $100 \%$ of the funding for the preparation of the Preliminary Engineering documents for the S.R. 222 construction improvements. Even though there are no confirmed developments for the Megasite, the ECD envisions that all of the paperwork including construction design documents be completed and are shovel-ready projects when a tenant for the Megasite is identified so that the roadway improvements can be in place in conjunction with the opening of the Megasite.

### 1.3 Description of Project Area

The I-40 at S.R. 222 (Exit 42) study interchange, a traditional diamond interchange, is located in Fayette County near Mile Marker 42. Within the interchange study area, I-40 is a four (4) lane divided, limited access interstate facility and S.R. 222 is a two (2) lane arterial facility that bridges over I-40. S.R. 222, also known as Stanton-Somerville Road, provides direct interstate access to Stanton to the north side and Sommerville to the south. Sommerville is the County Seat for Fayette County.

The nearest interchange to the east along I-40 is located at Exit 47 (Dancyville Road) and the nearest interchange to the west is located at Exit 35 (S.R. 59). These adjacent I-40 interchanges are approximately five (5) miles to the east and seven (7) miles to the west, respectively.

Figure 1.1 depicts the study location and the surrounding area with the proximity of the adjacent interchanges highlighted and the approximate location of the Megasite. Figure 1.2 shows the study interchange area on an aerial photograph. Figure 1.3 and Figure 1.4 depict the northbound and southbound views along S.R. 222, respectively.

Figure 1.1 - Location Map


Figure 1.2 - Existing Interchange Overview


Figure 1.3 - Northbound on S.R. 222


Figure 1.4 - Southbound on S.R. 222


## Population and Growth

Table 1.1 presents population trends for the area. From the year 1990 to 2009, the population in Fayette County increased by 52\% while Haywood County decreased by 3\%, respectively. For comparison, the statewide pace increased during the same period by $29 \%$. The difference in growth between Fayette and Haywood Counties is mainly due to the influence of the Memphis suburban growth on the western area of Fayette County, which is approximately twenty (20) miles west of the study interchange. The Megasite development area is entirely in Haywood County and closer to the study interchange (located just south of the county line in Fayette County) than the primary population centers in Fayette County.

Table 1.1 - U.S. Census Population Trends

| Year | Fayette County | Haywood County | Tennessee |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1990 | 25,509 | 19,437 | 4.9 mil |
| 2000 | 28,806 | 19,797 | 5.7 mil |
| 2009 (Est.) | 38,785 | 18,881 | 6.3 mil |

### 1.4 Relationship to Other Highway Improvement Plans and Programs

In 2009, Tennessee Governor Phil Bredesen requested the State's General Assembly to include approximately $\$ 27$ million in next fiscal-year's budget for the construction of roads, bridges, water and sewer lines, and other infrastructure items related to the potential Megasite. The proposed modifications to the I-40 at S.R. 222 (Exit 42) interchange will provide significant transportation significant infrastructure improvements for the Megasite. The request was approved. Currently, the ECD has authorized funding for the preparation of the Preliminary Engineering documents for the S.R. 222 construction improvements in conjunction with this study.

This Interchange Modification Study (IMS) is being prepared in conjunction with other studies, planned projects, and consideration for future needs within the study area. The following summarizes these considerations and efforts:

## I-40/I-81 Corridor Feasibility Study

In 2007, Parsons Brinckerhoff prepared an I-40/I-81 Corridor Feasibility Study for TDOT. Based on the findings of the study, the I-40 corridor will merit at least one (1) additional lane in each direction in the future.
S.R. 222 Relocation \& System Improvements Feasibility Study

A draft study was prepared in 2009 to evaluate the feasibility of improving S.R. 222 to better meet the needs of the area necessitated if the Megasite is developed. The S.R. 222 study limits extended 5.81 miles from the I-40 interchange in Fayette County to the intersection of S.R. 1 (U.S. 70/U.S. 79) in Haywood County. The feasibility study established the immediate and longterm needs of the study area and assessed various options for meeting these needs in the future. One need is to relocate the alignment of S.R. 222 to allow for the full development of the Megasite area.

The ECD has agreed to provide $100 \%$ of the funding for the preparation of the Preliminary Engineering documents for the S.R. 222 construction improvements. Even though there are no confirmed developments for the Megasite, the ECD envisions that all of the paperwork including
construction design documents be completed and are shovel-ready projects when a tenant for the Megasite is identified so that the roadway improvements can be in place in conjunction with the opening of the Megasite.

## Potential I-40 Interchange Justification Study (IJS)

There is a potential need for a new interchange to the east if the Megasite is developed and demand exceeds the capacity at an improved Exit 42 interchange. A new interchange is solely dependent upon the potential development of the Megasite and the ability to accommodate capacity at the existing Exit 42 interchange. Preliminary analysis was conducted to investigate the viability of providing a new interchange on I-40 between the existing interchanges at Exit 42 (S.R. 222) in Fayette County and Exit 47 (Dancyville Road) in Haywood County. The analysis conceptualized the proposed interchange configuration is a trumpet layout with a bridge over I-40 connecting to a new State Industrial Access (SIA) roadway on the north side of I-40. Auxiliary lanes along I-40 are included in conjunction with the addition of a new interchange.

Potential State Industrial Access (SIA) Road to Connect the Potential I-40 Interchange
Similar to the new interchange, the State Industrial Access (SIA) road is directly dependent upon the potential new interchange and the development of the Megasite. The SIA provides an alternative connection from the Megasite to the potential new interchange on I-40.

Figure 1.5 (Concept Relationship) presents a depiction of how these future (potential and feasibility study) projects relate to the improvements at the I-40/S.R. 222 interchange.


### 2.0 PRELIMINARY PLANNING DATA

### 2.1 Land Use

The land in the vicinity of the study interchange is a mixture of various commercial, residential, agricultural, and institutional land uses. Specific areas adjacent to this interchange are discussed below.

## Northeast Quadrant

In the study interchange's northeast quadrant, there is an abandoned service station shown in Figure 2.1. Underground storage tanks (UST's) exist on this abandoned site.

Figure 2.1 - Abandoned Service Station and UST's


## Northwest Quadrant

In the study interchange's northwest quadrant, the land use is primarily agricultural with some residential. No commercial development exists in this quadrant.

## Southeast Quadrant

In the study interchange's southeast quadrant, there is a truck stop (Pilot Travel Center) and a hotel (Deerfield Inn) shown in Figure 2.2 and Figure 2.3, respectively. The Pilot Travel Center consists of many uses (truck stop/gas station/convenience store). As a result, the truck percentage within the vehicle classification composition on S.R. 222 between I-40 and the Pilot Travel Center is almost half (48\%). In addition, there is a waste water treatment facility located adjacent to l-40 that is owned by the Pilot Travel Center and also used by the Deerfield Inn.

Figure 2.2 - Pilot Travel Center


Figure 2.3 - Deerfield Inn


Southwest Quadrant
In the study interchange's southwest quadrant, there is a gas station/convenience store (Exxon) and a church (Bethlehem Hebron Chapel) shown in Figure 2.4 and Figure 2.5, respectively. A cemetery is adjacent to the church.

Figure 2.4 - Exxon Gas Station/Convenience Store


Figure 2.5 - Bethlehem Hebron Chapel Church


## Northern Area

The northern area along S.R. 222 contains agricultural and residential land uses along with some commercial land uses, a service station (Earl's Garage) and a motel (America's Best Value Inn).

## Southern Area

The southern area along S.R. 222 is primarily undeveloped with some agricultural and residential land uses.

### 2.2 Environmental Concerns

There are UST's in three (3) of the four (4) quadrants of the study interchange. Other concerns include potential impacts to the waste water treatment facility in the southeast quadrant. Two (2) concepts discussed later in this report include widening S.R. 222 adjacent to the church/cemetery site in the southwest quadrant of the interchange.

As this project progresses in the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) planning process, it will be necessary to conduct other studies to determine detailed environmental and historical impacts. TDOT will perform all necessary studies including ecological and historical studies.

### 2.3 Traffic Served

The traffic volumes used in this study were approved by TDOT on April 14, 2011. A copy of the TDOT approval letter is contained in Appendix $\boldsymbol{A}$. The following is a summary of the background information utilized in the development of these traffic volumes.

## Traffic Volume Data Collection

24-hour traffic counts were obtained from TDOT within the study area. In addition, TDOT provided l-40 ramp counts for each of the twelve (12) entrance/exit ramps within the study area. Turning movement counts (TMC) were also collected at ramp terminal intersections. Truck percentages were provided by TDOT with the exception of the Megasite that was estimated to be $10 \%$. The traffic volume data collected for this study is contained in Appendix $\boldsymbol{A}$.

## Historical Growth Rate Analyses

Historical traffic volumes were obtained from nine (9) traffic count stations within the project study area. Three (3) traffic count stations were located on I-40 and two (2) traffic count stations each were located at the three (3) study interchanges (Exit 35, Exit 42, and Exit 47). All of these traffic count stations are maintained by TDOT. A summary of the historical traffic volumes growth rates at these nine traffic count stations is shown in Figure 2.6 and Table 2.1.

Figure 2.6 - TDOT Traffic Count Stations


Table 2.1 - Historical Traffic Volumes Growth Rate Summary

| Year | Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I-40 Mainline |  |  | SR 59 Mainline (Exit 35) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { S.R. } 222 \text { Mainline } \\ & \text { (Exit 42) } \end{aligned}$ |  | Dancyville Road Mainline (Exit 47) |  |
|  | CS\#074 | CS\#063 | CS\#991 | CS\#004 | CS\#110 | CS\#088 | CS\#018 | CS\#053 | CS\#087 |
| 2010 | 26,834 | 26,502 | 35,613 | 2738 | 2695 | 581 | 689 | 459 | 890 |
| 2009 | 26,568 | 25,896 | 34,730 | 2350 | 2864 | 576 | 743 | 463 | 924 |
| 2008 | 26,798 | 26,580 | 33,339 | 2573 | 2593 | 573 | 662 | 426 | 886 |
| 2007 | 35,626 | 37,392 | 36,856 | 2779 | 2804 | 599 | 748 | 463 | 912 |
| 2006 | 34,253 | 33,295 | 36,960 | 3170 | 3137 | 593 | 692 | 450 | 956 |
| 2005 | 36,566 | 33,382 | 35,983 | 2805 | 2725 | 644 | 749 | 404 | 972 |
| 2004 | 30,448 | 31,721 | 33,168 | 2494 | 3070 | 626 | 720 | 396 | 964 |
| 2003 | 33,943 | 31,501 | 31,462 | 2482 | 2960 | 601 | 686 | 355 | 899 |
| 2002 | 30,670 | 33,972 | 31,213 | 2229 | 4372 | 536 | 702 | 426 | 956 |
| 2001 | 36,234 | 34,958 | 32,109 | 2209 | 3137 | 518 | 909 | 433 | 937 |
| 2000 | 34,030 | 31,810 | 31,730 | 2875 |  | 545 | 632 | 420 | 853 |
| 10-Year <br> Average <br> Growth <br> Rate | -0.85\% | -0.92\% | 2.37\% | 2.17\% | 1.80\% | 0.69\% | 1.07\% | 2.56\% | 0.13\% |
| 2-Year Average Growth Rate | -0.15\% | 0.07\% | 2.71\% | 2.86\% | 1.75\% | 0.67\% | 1.80\% | 3.20\% | 0.22\% |

As shown in Table 2.1, the traffic volumes on the l-40 mainline experienced an overall $20 \% \pm$ reduction between 2007 and 2008. Since 2008, the I-40 traffic volumes have increased at a slow to moderate growth rate. As a result, the historical traffic volumes were analyzed for both a ten (10) year period (2000-2010) and for a two (2) year period (2008-2010). The overall average growth rate for both analyses was calculated using simple linear regression procedures. Relying on engineering judgment and being conservative, it was decided to only use CS\#991 for the I-40 mainline growth rate calculations since negligible growth had occurred the other two (2) traffic count stations and both of these traffic count stations had experienced a greater reduction in traffic since 2008 when compared against CS\#991. The final growth rate for each mainline was determined by combining the 2 -year (2008-2010) and the 10-year (2000-2010) growth rates, giving two-thirds weight to the 2-year growth rate and one-third weight to the 10-year growth rate. In addition, the final growth rate for each of the side roads (i.e. S.R. 59, S.R. 222, and Dancyville Road) was adjusted to $2.00 \%$ if the growth rate was calculated below $2.00 \%$.

The following are the final calculated growth rates for each mainline utilized in this study:

- I-40:
- SR 59 (Exit 35):
- S.R. 222 (Exit 42):
- Dancyville Road (Exit 47):


## Horizon Years and Time Periods Analyzed

The horizon years were determined to be 2014 and 2034. For both horizon years, the time periods analyzed were AM and PM Design Hour Volumes (DHV) and Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT).

## Traffic Volume Projections

Traffic volumes were projected using the previously described growth rates within the project study area for the horizon years 2014 and 2034 and for each time period AM and PM DHV and AADT. A truck stop, Pilot Travel Center, is located on S.R. 222 (Exit 42) in the southeast quadrant of the I-40/S.R. 222 interchange. This place of business attracts heavy truck volumes not indicative of the other sections along S.R. 222. In order to reduce the interchange traffic volumes down to the S.R. 222 traffic volumes southeast of the Pilot Travel Center, the S.R. 222 intersection with the Pilot Travel Center has been included in the traffic volume projections.

## Megasite and Other Assumed Developments

In addition to the traffic volume projections developed for horizon years 2014 and 2034, trips were generated for the megasite and other assumed developments. The number of trips was estimated using the Institute of Transportation Engineer's (ITE) Trip Generation Manual, 7th Edition. The development build-out was assumed to be 2,000 full-time employees for the Industrial Park Land Use Type. In addition, the trips were increased to account for other assumed development around the I-40/S.R. 222 interchange which included four (4) fast food restaurants and two (2) convenience markets with gas pumps. Overall, a total of 17,708 trips were estimated for the Megasite development build-out. Table 2.2 summarizes the trips generated for each land use.

Table 2.2 - Estimated Development Build-Out Trips

| Land Use Description |  | Industrial Park | Convenience Markets with Gas Pumps | Fast Food Restaurant with Drive Thru |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ITE Code |  | 130 | 853 | 934 |
| Development Size (Each) |  | 2000 Employees | 3,000 Gross SF | 3,000 Gross SF |
| Number of Developments |  | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| $\stackrel{\imath}{\overline{8}}$ | Average Rate | $\begin{gathered} \text { 3.34/Employee } \\ (50 \% \text { In }-50 \% \text { Out }) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 845.60 / \text { KSF } \\ (50 \% \text { In }-50 \% \text { Out }) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 496.12 / \text { KSF } \\ (50 \% \text { In }-50 \% \text { Out }) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Total Estimated Trips | 6,680 | 5,074 | 5,954 |
| $\sum \text { 츙 훈 }$ | Average Rate | 0.47/Employee ( $86 \%$ In - 14\% Out) | $\begin{gathered} \text { 45.58/KSF } \\ (50 \% \text { In }-50 \% \text { Out }) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 53.11/KSF } \\ (51 \% \text { In }-49 \% \text { Out }) \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Total Estimated Trips | 940 | 274 | 638 |
| $\sum_{\Omega}$ | Average Rate | $0.46 /$ Employee $(20 \%$ In - 80\% Out $)$ | $60.61 /$ KSF $(50 \%$ In $-50 \%$ Out $)$ | $34.64 / \mathrm{KSF}$ $(52 \% \mathrm{In}-48 \%$ Out $)$ |
|  | Total Estimated Trips | 920 | 364 | 416 |

The trip distribution percentages are contained in Appendix A along with the development trip assignments for time period analyzed. To be conservative and a worst-case scenario, internal capture and pass-by reductions were not included in the above trip totals in the trip assignments.

## Traffic Volume Diagrams

Traffic volume diagrams were prepared for I-40 between Exit 35 and Exit 47 and approved by TDOT on April 14, 2011. These traffic volume diagrams include the AM DHV, the PM DHV and the AADT for the horizon years 2014 and 2034. The traffic volumes include the calculated traffic volume projections and the total generated trips from full build-out of the Megasite and other assumed developments. The traffic volume diagrams are contained in Appendix A.

### 2.4 Discussion of Interchange Concepts

During the course of this study, a total of six (6) build interchange concepts were developed for evaluation. In addition, a no-build alternative was evaluated to determine the transportation impacts if no construction improvements are made to the study interchange. The following is a summary of the study concepts considered and evaluated include:

Table 2.3 - Description of Interchange Concepts

| Concept No. | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| Concept 1 | Partial Traditional Diamond Interchange located to the east of the <br> existing interchange. |
| Concept 2 | Traditional Diamond Interchange located to the east of the existing <br> interchange. |
| Concept 3 | Diverging Diamond Interchange located to the east of the existing <br> interchange. |
| Concept 4 | Traditional Diamond Interchange located at the existing interchange. |
| Concept 5 | Combined Traditional/Tight Diamond Interchange located at the <br> existing interchange. |
| Concept 6 | Traditional Diamond Interchange located to the west of the existing <br> interchange. |
| - | No-Build Alternative |

Cost estimates were prepared for the construction of all six (6) concepts. These cost estimates include the costs to construct a new S.R. 222 bridge over I-40 and the required modifications to S.R. 222 such as providing connections back to S.R. 222 on both the north and south sides of $\mathrm{I}-40$. Concept figures and cost estimates including the breakdown details for the six (6) concepts are contained in Appendix B and Appendix C, respectively. All concept figures provide full interchange access for all traffic movements and show connections to public roads. The following is a description of these six (6) interchange concepts and the No-Build Alternative:

Concept 1 - Partial Traditional Diamond Interchange East of the Existing Interchange
This concept consists of constructing a new S.R. 222 bridge, perpendicular to l-40, approximately 500 feet east of the existing S.R. 222 bridge structure. A five (5) lane section for S.R. 222 is proposed with this concept that consists of two (2) travel lanes in each direction and a center left turn lane in each direction. An I-40 eastbound loop ramp is located in the southeast quadrant of the interchange for traffic heading north on S.R. 222 and an l-40 eastbound right turn ramp is located in the southwest quadrant of the interchange for traffic heading south on S.R. 222. The S.R. 222 improvements extend approximately 1,100 feet north from the northern ramp terminal intersection and 2,500 feet south from the southern ramp terminal intersection.

The loop ramp provides for improved access to the north side of the interchange for vehicular movements from the west. This is a critical movement for goods and supplies if the Megasite ntial Megasite development. This loop provides separation from other off-ramp movements and eliminates the need for signalization at this ramp terminal. Because of the loop ramp, the I-40 eastbound exit traffic movement will utilize a split along the exit ramp for the north/south direction. The will require an overhead sign truss and two (2) large guide signs that are not included in any of the other concepts.

On the north side of $1-40$, a field drive would be connected to Thorpe Drive since it is located within the proposed controlled access limits. On the south side of $I-40$, a separate roadway connection is provided from the existing S.R. 222 roadway to the relocated S.R. 222 roadway for access to the Pilot Travel Center and other nearby destinations. The existing wastewater treatment facility would be relocated with this concept or an alternative system provided. The estimated cost for Concept 1 is $\$ 13.1$ million.

## Concept 2 - Traditional Diamond Interchange East of the Existing Interchange

This concept is similar to Concept 1 with the exception of eliminating the l-40 eastbound loop ramp located in the southeast quadrant of the interchange. As a result, this I-40 eastbound traffic movement must turn left via a signalized intersection in order to head north on S.R. 222. Similar to Concept 1, the existing wastewater treatment facility would need to be relocated or an alternative system provided. The estimated cost for Concept 2 is $\$ 12.2$ million.

## Concept 3 - Diverging Diamond Interchange East of the Existing Interchange

This diverging diamond concept consists of constructing a new S.R. 222 bridge perpendicular to I-40 approximately 500 feet east of the existing S.R. 222 bridge structure. A four (4) lane section for S.R. 222 is proposed with this concept that consists of two (2) travel lanes in each direction separated by barrier. The left turn and right turn movements from both eastbound and westbound ramps consist of two (2) lanes each. The design of the Thorpe Drive intersection is similar to a divided highway intersection because S.R. 222 is divided through this location.

The design speed on S.R. 222 within the vicinity of the l-40 bridge area is reduced to twenty-five (25) miles per hour (mph). This speed restriction could be increased to thirty (30) mph by increasing the right-of-way impacts.

The S.R. 222 improvements extend approximately 1,200 feet north from the northern ramp terminal intersection and 2,500 feet south from the southern ramp terminal intersection. On the north side of I-40, a field drive would be connected to Thorpe Drive since it is located within the proposed controlled access limits. On the south side of I-40, a separate roadway connection is provided from the existing S.R. 222 roadway to the relocated S.R. 222 roadway for access to the Pilot Travel Center and other nearby destinations.

Similar to Concepts 1 and 2, the existing wastewater treatment facility would be relocated with this concept or an alternative system provided. The total estimated cost for Concept 3 is $\$ 13.4$ million.

## Concept 4 - Traditional Diamond Interchange

This concept consists of rebuilding the S.R. 222 bridge at the same location on the same skew angle. Similar to Concept 1, a five (5) lane section for S.R. 222 is proposed with this concept that consists of two (2) travel lanes in each direction and a center left turn lane in each direction. The west side of S.R. 222 remains on the existing location due to the church and cemetery located on the south side of I-40 and all of the widening is along the east side of S.R. 222. Therefore, a separate roadway connection is provided from the existing S.R. 222 roadway for access to the Pilot Travel Center and other destinations on the south side of I-40. The existing businesses along the east side of S.R. 222 and their access to S.R. 222 would be greatly impacted and limited due to the construction of the separate roadway connection. These additional access challenges will require more direct negotiations with the Pilot Station and Deerfield Inn properties.

This concept also includes the widening S.R. 222 adjacent to the church/cemetery site in the southwest quadrant of the interchange. This concept does not eliminate the existing access connections along the west side of S.R. 222 (south side of I-40) currently within the controlled access limits. The S.R. 222 improvements extend approximately 700 feet north from the northern ramp terminal intersection and 1,800 feet south from the southern ramp terminal intersection. On the north side of I-40, a field drive would be connected to Thorpe Drive since it is located within the proposed controlled access limits. Since the proposed bridge is located at the same location of the existing bridge and being constructed under traffic, the estimated costs for the bridge structure include a $25 \%$ contingency. The total estimated cost for Concept 4 is $\$ 13.8$ million.

## Concept 5 - Combined Traditional/Tight Diamond Interchange

This concept is similar to Concept 4 with two (2) exceptions: 1) the I-40 eastbound interchange ramp terminal intersection is relocated approximately 150 feet closer towards I-40, and 2) the separate roadway connection providing access to the Pilot Travel Center and other destinations on the south side of I-40 is eliminated. Overall, the I-40 westbound interchange ramp terminal intersection functions as a Traditional Diamond Interchange and the I-40 eastbound interchange ramp terminal intersection functions as a Tight Diamond Interchange. As with Concept 4, the west side of S.R. 222 remains on the existing location due to the church and cemetery located on the south side of I-40 and all of the widening is along the east side of S.R. 222. Similar to Concept 4, the S.R. 222 widening will create additional access challenges and will require more direct negotiations with the Pilot Station and Deerfield Inn properties.

In order to eliminate all access driveways within the controlled access limits, the first (or closest) driveway from I-40 to the Exxon gas station/convenience store is closed and the Deerfield Inn driveway is relocated approximately fifty (50) feet southward. The Exxon gas
station/convenience store has a third driveway that has been temporarily closed with bollards. The removal of these bollards would provide for a second driveway replacing the closed driveway.

This concept also includes widening S.R. 222 adjacent to the church/cemetery site in the southwest quadrant of the interchange. A lane add/drop situation occurs at the Hebron Road intersection, thus creating the four-lane typical section northward on S.R. 222. These S.R. 222 improvements reduce the construction impacts on S.R. 222 south of I-40 to approximately 1,400 feet south from the southern ramp terminal intersection. On the north side of I-40, a field drive would be constructed to Thorpe Drive since it is located within the proposed controlled access limits. Similar to Concept 4, the estimated costs for the bridge structure include a $25 \%$ contingency since the proposed bridge is located at the same location of the existing bridge and being constructed under traffic. The total estimated cost for Concept 5 is $\$ 13.2$ million.

## Concept 6 - Traditional Diamond Interchange West of the Existing Interchange

This concept consists of constructing a new S.R. 222 bridge perpendicular to I-40, but approximately 1,500 feet west of the existing S.R. 222 bridge structure. The proposed S.R. 222 bridge over I-40 was relocated approximately 1,500 feet west of S.R. 222 in order to avoid the existing cemetery and keep the residential impacts to a minimum. Similar to most of the previous concepts, a five (5) lane section for S.R. 222 is proposed with this concept that consists of two (2) travel lanes in each direction and a center left turn lane in each direction.

The horizontal and vertical alignment geometry would be of concern as a result of the number of turns along the proposed route. The S.R. 222 improvements extend approximately 2,300 feet north from the northern ramp terminal intersection and 2,000 feet south from the southern ramp terminal intersection. On the south side of I-40, a separate roadway connection is provided from the existing S.R. 222 roadway to the relocated S.R. 222 roadway for access to the Pilot Travel Center and other nearby destinations. The total estimated cost for Concept 6 is $\$ 11.9$ million.

## No-Build Alternative

No construction improvements are made to the study interchange. The no-build alternative is being considered as an option if the Megasite is not developed. However, if the Megasite is developed, then the interchange will require the upgrade improvements previously described in Concepts 1-6.

## Other Options Considered during the Planning Process

Two other options were considered during the planning process that focused on improving the existing S.R. 222 bridge and also providing direct access to the Megasite area. The following are brief descriptions of two (2) of these options:

Combination Interchange Option (with Shared Frontage Road between Interchanges):
This option, shown in Figure 2.7, consists of constructing a new trumpet interchange approximately two-thirds ( $2 / 3$ ) mile west of the existing S.R. 222 interchange in conjunction with Concept 1. With this option, an assumption was made to assign $50 \%$ of the development traffic to the new trumpet interchange. As a result of the reduced traffic volume on S.R. 222, a three (3) lane section for S.R. 222 is shown with this option. A separate roadway connection is provided from the existing S.R. 222 roadway to the relocated S.R. 222 roadway for access to the Pilot Travel Center and other destinations on the south side of I-40. This option also consists of constructing auxiliary lanes (barrier separated) to link ramp movements between the new trumpet interchange and the ramps for the new S.R. 222 diamond interchange. The frontage
road weave distance between interchanges is 1500 feet (EB) and 2200 feet (WB). Because of the concern regarding the development of the Megasite, plus the extent of construction impacts and the weaving area impacts between interchanges, this option was eliminated from consideration.

Figure 2.7 - Combination Interchange Option (with Shared Frontage Road)


Combination Interchange Option (with Separate Frontage Roads between Interchanges):
This option, shown in Figure 2.8, is similar to the other option with the exception that the new trumpet interchange is located approximately one-half ( $1 / 2$ ) mile west of the existing S.R. 222 interchange and the on/off ramp movements from each interchange are grade separated at the location where the two (2) ramps intersect. This option was eliminated from considerations for the same reasons previously listed in the other option.

Figure 2.8 - Combination Interchange Option (with Separate Frontage Roads)


### 3.0 ENGINEERING INVESTIGATION

### 3.1 Traffic Operations

Analysis was made to determine the potential impacts of proposed concept modifications to the existing interchange and the effect these changes may have on the Interstate system.

The capacity of a facility is defined in the Highway Capacity Manual (HCM) as the maximum hourly rate at which vehicles can reasonably be expected to traverse a point or uniform section of a lane or roadway during a given time period under prevailing roadway, traffic, and control conditions. Any change in these conditions will result in a change in the capacity of a facility.

The analysis of highway capacity is a set of procedures used to estimate the traffic-carrying ability of facilities over a range of defined operational conditions known as level-of-service (LOS). LOS is defined as a qualitative measure describing operational conditions within a traffic stream and their perception by motorists and/or passengers. A LOS definition generally describes these operational conditions in terms of such factors as speed and travel time, freedom to maneuver, traffic interruptions, comfort and convenience, and safety. Table 3.1 presents general descriptions for each LOS.

Table 3.1 - Level-of-Service (LOS) Description

| LOS | Level-of-Service (LOS) Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| A | Free Flow operations. Vehicles are almost completely unimpeded in their ability to maneuver <br> within the traffic stream. The general level of physical and psychological comfort provided the <br> driver is high. |
| B | Reasonably free flow operations. The ability to maneuver within the traffic stream is only <br> slightly restricted and the general level of physical and psychological comfort provided to the <br> driver is high. |
| C | Flow with speeds at or near free flow. Freedom to maneuver within the traffic stream is <br> noticeably restricted and lane changes require more vigilance on the part of the driver. The <br> driver notices an increase in tension because of additional vigilance required for safe operation. |
| D | Speeds decline with increasing traffic. Freedom to maneuver within the traffic stream is <br> noticeably limited. The driver experiences reduced physical and psychological comfort levels. |
| E | At the lower boundary, the facility is at capacity. Operations are volatile because there are <br> virtually no gaps in the traffic stream. There is little or no room to maneuver. The driver <br> experiences poor levels of physical and psychological comfort. |
| F | Breakdowns in traffic flow. The number of vehicles entering the highway section exceeds the <br> capacity, or ability of the highway to accommodate that number of vehicles. There is little or no <br> room to maneuver. The driver experiences poor levels of physical and psychological comfort. |

Source: Highway Capacity Manual (2000), Transportation Research Board
The Highway Capacity Software (HCS) was used to obtain the capacity analysis LOS results presented in this study for different facility types: Basic Freeway Segments, Freeway Ramp Merges, Freeway Ramp Diverges, Multi-Lane Highways, Two-Lane Highways, Signalized Intersections, and Unsignalized Intersections. The HCS printouts for all of the capacity analyses can be found in Appendix C of this report.

## Traffic Volumes

The project study area Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT) Volumes and the Design Hour Volumes (DHV) for the horizon years 2014 and 2034 are shown in Table 3.2.

Table 3.2 - Traffic Volumes (Two-Way) and Truck Percentages

| Type | Location | Segment | Traffic Volumes |  | Truck Pct. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 2014 | 2034 |  |
| AADT | I-40 | West of Exit 35 | 44,420 | 62,340 | 35\% |
|  |  | Exit 35 to Exit 42 | 43,610 | 60,510 | 35\% |
|  |  | Exit 42 to Exit 47 | 38,820 | 55,560 | 35\% |
|  |  | East of Exit 47 | 36,850 | 53,510 | 35\% |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { S.R. } 59 \\ & \text { (Exit 35) } \end{aligned}$ | North of I-40 | 4290 | 5780 | 3\% |
|  |  | South of I-40 | 4440 | 5990 | 3\% |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { S.R. } 222 \\ & \text { (Exit 42) } \end{aligned}$ | North of I-40 | 14,490 | 15,960 | 10\% |
|  |  | I-40 to PTC ${ }^{1}$ | 13,220 | 16,250 | 48\% |
|  |  | South of PTC ${ }^{1}$ | 4940 | 6450 | 3\% |
|  | Dancyville Road (Exit 47) | North of I-40 | 1700 | 2040 | 2\% |
|  |  | South of I-40 | 2530 | 3230 | 2\% |
| DHV <br> AM Peak Period | I-40 | West of Exit 35 | 4256 | 5992 |  |
|  |  | Exit 35 to Exit 42 | 4125 | 5706 |  |
|  |  | Exit 42 to Exit 47 | 3629 | 5194 |  |
|  |  | East of Exit 47 | 3396 | 4937 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { S.R. } 59 \\ & \text { (Exit 35) } \end{aligned}$ | North of l-40 | 404 | 555 |  |
|  |  | South of I-40 | 417 | 575 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { S.R. } 222 \\ & \text { (Exit 42) } \end{aligned}$ | North of I-40 | 1485 | 1503 |  |
|  |  | I-40 to PTC ${ }^{1}$ | 673 | 791 |  |
|  |  | South of PTC ${ }^{1}$ | 462 | 544 |  |
|  | Dancyville Road (Exit 47) | North of I-40 | 199 | 250 |  |
|  |  | South of I-40 | 206 | 263 |  |
| DHV <br> PM Peak Period | I-40 | West of Exit 35 | 4353 | 6133 |  |
|  |  | Exit 35 to Exit 42 | 4275 | 5935 |  |
|  |  | Exit 42 to Exit 47 | 3845 | 5503 |  |
|  |  | East of Exit 47 | 3652 | 5298 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { S.R. } 59 \\ & \text { (Exit 35) } \end{aligned}$ | North of I-40 | 384 | 531 |  |
|  |  | South of I-40 | 398 | 549 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { S.R. } 222 \\ & \text { (Exit 42) } \end{aligned}$ | North of I-40 | 1327 | 1343 |  |
|  |  | I-40 to PTC ${ }^{1}$ | 667 | 815 |  |
|  |  | South of PTC ${ }^{1}$ | 400 | 500 |  |
|  | Dancyville Road (Exit 47) | North of I-40 | 169 | 210 |  |
|  |  | South of I-40 | 212 | 273 |  |

1. PTC is Pilot Travel Center.

I-40 Mainline Capacity Analyses
The project study area I-40 mainline capacity analysis results for the horizon years 2014 and 2034 are shown in Table 3.3.

Table 3.3 - I-40 Mainline Capacity Analysis Results (Existing Conditions)

| Location | Direction | Peak Period | 2014 | 2034 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| West of Exit 35 (S.R. 59) | EB | AM | C | D |
|  |  | PM | C | D |
|  | WB | AM | C | D |
|  |  | PM | C | D |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Exit } 35 \text { (S.R. 59) } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { Exit } 42 \text { (S.R. 222) } \end{gathered}$ | EB | AM | C | D |
|  |  | PM | C | D |
|  | WB | AM | B | C |
|  |  | PM | C | D |
| ```Exit 42 (S.R. 222) to Exit 47 (Dancyville Rd.)``` | EB | AM | B | C |
|  |  | PM | C | D |
|  | WB | AM | B | C |
|  |  | PM | C | D |
| East of Exit 47 (Dancyville Rd.) | EB | AM | B | C |
|  |  | PM | B | C |
|  | WB | AM | B | C |
|  |  | PM | B | C |

I-40 Merge and Diverge Ramp Capacity Analyses
The I-40 merge/diverge ramp capacity analysis results are shown in Table 3.4.

Table 3.4 - I-40 Merge and Diverge Ramps Capacity Analysis Results (Existing Conditions)

| Location | Direction | Peak Period | 2014 | 2034 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MERGE RAMPS |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { I-40 at } \\ \text { Exit } 35 \text { (S.R. 59) } \end{gathered}$ | EB Entrance Ramp | AM | C | D |
|  |  | PM | C | D |
|  | WB Entrance Ramp | AM | C | D |
|  |  | PM | C | E |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { I-40 at } \\ \text { Exit } 42 \text { (S.R. 222) } \end{gathered}$ | EB Entrance Ramp | AM | C | D |
|  |  | PM | C | D |
|  | WB Entrance Ramp | AM | C | D |
|  |  | PM | D | E |
| I-40 at <br> Exit 47 (Dancyville Rd.) | EB Entrance Ramp | AM | B | C |
|  |  | PM | C | D |
|  | WB Entrance Ramp | AM | C | D |
|  |  | PM | C | D |
| DIVERGE RAMPS |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { I-40 at } \\ \text { Exit } 35 \text { (S.R. 59) } \end{gathered}$ | EB Exit Ramp | AM | C | D |
|  |  | PM | B | C |
|  | WB Exit Ramp | AM | B | C |
|  |  | PM | C | D |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { I-40 at } \\ \text { Exit } 42 \text { (S.R. 222) } \end{gathered}$ | EB Exit Ramp | AM | B | C |
|  |  | PM | B | C |
|  | WB Exit Ramp | AM | B | C |
|  |  | PM | B | C |
| I-40 at <br> Exit 47 (Dancyville Rd.) | EB Exit Ramp | AM | B | C |
|  |  | PM | B | C |
|  | WB Exit Ramp | AM | B | C |
|  |  | PM | B | C |

I-40 Interchange Crossroads Mainline Capacity Analyses
The project study area I-40 interchange crossroads mainline capacity analysis results for the horizon years 2014 and 2034 are shown in Table 3.5.

Table 3.5 - I-40 Interchange Crossroads Mainline Capacity Analysis Results (Existing Conditions)

| Crossroad | Location | Direction | Peak Period | 2014 | 2034 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S.R. 59 <br> (Exit 35) <br> [Note: Two-Lane Analyses] | North of I-40 | Two-Way | AM | C | C |
|  |  |  | PM | B | C |
|  | South of I-40 | Two-Way | AM | C | C |
|  |  |  | PM | C | C |
| S.R. 222 <br> (Exit 42) <br> [Note: Two-Lane Analyses] | North of I-40 | Two-Way | AM | D | D |
|  |  |  | PM | D | D |
|  | I-40 to PTC ${ }^{1}$ | Two-Way | AM | C | C |
|  |  |  | PM | C | C |
|  | South of PTC ${ }^{1}$ | Two-Way | AM | C | C |
|  |  |  | PM | B | C |
| S.R. 222 <br> (Exit 42) <br> [Note: Multilane Analyses] | North of I-40 | NB | AM | B | B |
|  |  |  | PM | A | A |
|  |  | SB | AM | A | A |
|  |  |  | PM | A | A |
|  | I-40 to PTC ${ }^{1}$ | NB | AM | A | A |
|  |  |  | PM | A | A |
|  |  | SB | AM | A | A |
|  |  |  | PM | A | A |
|  | South of PTC ${ }^{1}$ | NB | AM | A | A |
|  |  |  | PM | A | A |
|  |  | SB | AM | A | A |
|  |  |  | PM | A | A |
| Dancyville Road (Exit 47) <br> [Note: Two-Lane Analyses] | North of I-40 | Two-Way | AM | B | B |
|  |  |  | PM | A | B |
|  | South of I-40 | Two-Way | AM | B | B |
|  |  |  | PM | B | B |

1. PTC is Pilot Travel Center.
2. The multilane capacity analysis results are shown by direction (NB/SB).

## Ramp Terminal Intersections

The project study area ramp terminal intersection capacity analysis results were conducted for the horizon years 2014 and 2034. The SR 59 (Exit 35) and the Dancyville Road (Exit 47) intersection capacity analysis results are shown in Table 3.6.

Table 3.6 - S.R. 59 (Exit 35) and the Dancyville Road (Exit 47) Ramp Terminal Intersections Capacity Analysis Results (Existing Conditions)

|  | Approach | Peak Period | S.R. 59 (Exit 35) ${ }^{1}$ |  | Dancyville Road (Exit 47) ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 2014 | 2034 | 2014 | 2034 |
|  | Overall | AM | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
|  |  | PM |  |  |  |  |
|  | NB | AM | A | A | A | A |
|  |  | PM | A | A | A | A |
|  | SB | AM | A | A | A | A |
|  |  | PM | A | A | A | A |
|  | EB | AM | B | C | A | B |
|  |  | PM | B | C | A | B |
|  | Overall | AM | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
|  |  | PM |  |  |  |  |
|  | NB | AM | A | A | A | A |
|  |  | PM | A | A | A | A |
|  | SB | AM | A | A | A | A |
|  |  | PM | A | A | A | A |
|  | WB | AM | B | C | B | B |
|  |  | PM | B | C | B | B |

1. Unsignalized capacity analysis results.

The S.R. 222 (Exit 42) capacity analysis results for each concept are shown in Table 3.7. The proposed lanes for each concept are depicted graphically in Appendix B.

Table 3.7 - S.R. 222 (Exit 42) Ramp Terminal Intersections Capacity Analysis Results (Existing and Proposed Conditions)

|  | Approach and Movement |  | Peak Period | Interchange Types ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Proposed Conditions | No-Build Alternative (Existing Conditions) |  |
|  |  |  | Traditional Diamond |  |  | Diverging Diamond |  |
|  |  |  | Concept 1 (Mod. for EB Loop Ramp) |  |  | Concepts$2,4,5,6$ |  | Concept 3 |  |
|  |  |  | 2014 | 2034 | 2014 | 2034 | 2014 | 2034 | 2014 | 2034 |
|  | Overall |  |  | AM | N/A | N/A | (B) | (B) | (B) | (B) | N/A | N/A |
|  |  |  | PM | (B) |  |  | (B) | (B) | (B) |  |  |
|  |  | NB Thru |  | AM | A | A | (B) | (B) | (B) | (B) | A | A |
|  |  |  |  | PM | A | A | (B) | (B) | (B) | (B) | A | A |
|  |  | SB ${ }^{2}$ |  | AM | A | A | (A) | (A) | (B) | (B) | A | A |
|  |  |  | PM | A | A | (A) | (A) | (B) | (B) | A | A |  |
|  |  | EB Left Turn | AM | $N / A^{4}$ | N/A ${ }^{4}$ | (B) | (B) | (B) | (B) | F | F |  |
|  |  |  | PM |  |  | (B) | (B) | (B) | (B) | F | F |  |
|  |  | EB Right Turn | AM | B | B | (B) | (B) | (B) | (B) | --- ${ }^{5}$ | --- ${ }^{5}$ |  |
|  |  |  | PM | A | B | (B) | (C) | (B) | (B) |  |  |  |
|  | Overall |  | AM | (B) | (B) | (B) | (B) | (B) | (B) | N/A | N/A |  |
|  |  |  | PM | (B) | (B) | (B) | (B) | (B) | (B) |  |  |  |
|  |  | $N B^{3}$ | AM | (A) | (A) | (A) | (A) | (B) | (C) | A | A |  |
|  |  |  | PM | (A) | (A) | (A) | (A) | (B) | (B) | B | B |  |
|  |  | SB Thru | AM | (B) | (B) | (B) | (B) | (B) | (B) | A | A |  |
|  |  |  | PM | (B) | (B) | (B) | (B) | (B) | (B) | A | A |  |
|  |  | WB Left | AM | (B) | (B) | (B) | (B) | (B) | (B) | F | F |  |
|  |  | Turn | PM | (C) | (C) | (C) | (C) | (B) | (B) | F | F |  |
|  |  | WB Right Turn | AM | (C) | (C) | (C) | (C) | (B) | (B) | --- ${ }^{5}$ | ---5 |  |
|  |  |  | PM | (C) | (C) | (C) | (C) | (B) | (B) |  |  |  |

1. The signalized capacity analysis results are shown in parentheses.
2. The capacity analysis results shown represent the SB Left Turn Movement for the Traditional Diamond Interchange/No-Build concepts and the SB Thru Movement for the Diverging Diamond Interchange concept.
3. The capacity analysis results shown represent the NB Left Turn Movement for the Traditional Diamond Interchange/No-Build concepts and the NB Thru Movement for the Diverging Diamond Interchange concept.
4. The EB Left Turn Movement is free-flow utilizing a one-lane loop ramp to S.R. 222 NB.
5. The EB Right Turn Movement is included in the EB Left Turn Movement (Shared Lane) for the No-Build concept.

As shown in Table 3.7, all of the concepts provide LOS C or better capacity results for all traffic movements with the exception of the No-Build Alternative which produced LOS F capacity results.

## S.R. 222/Pilot Travel Center Intersection

The project study area intersection capacity analysis results for the S.R. 222/Pilot Travel Center intersection was conducted for the horizon years 2014 and 2034. These intersection capacity analysis results are shown in Table 3.8.

Table 3.8 - S.R. 222/Pilot Travel Center Intersection Capacity Analysis Results (Proposed Conditions)

|  | Approach | Peak Period | $2014{ }^{1}$ | $2034{ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Overall | AM | N/A | N/A |
|  |  | PM |  |  |
|  | NB | AM | A | A |
|  |  | PM | A | A |
|  | SB | AM | A | A |
|  |  | PM | A | A |
|  | WB | AM | B | B |
|  |  | PM | B | B |

1. Unsignalized capacity analysis results.
2. Existing geometry for the intersection: 1 NB Thru/Right Turn Shared Lane, 1 SB Left Turn/Thru Shared Lane, and 1 WB Left Turn/Right Turn Shared Lane.

### 3.2 Crash Analysis

The crash data used in this analysis was provided by TDOT and included reports from 2005 to 2007. A total of twenty-one (21) crashes were reported within the vicinity of the study interchange during this three (3) year period. Of these twenty-one (21) reported crashes, eight (8) occurred along I-40 and thirteen (13) occurred along S.R. 222. A summary of the I-40/S.R. 222 crash data is presented in Table 3.9.

As expected, the predominant types were right angle crashes (7) and rear end crashes (5). The overall severity damage totals included five (5) injury crashes with no incapacitating injury or fatal crashes.

Table 3.9 - I-40/S.R. 222 Crash Data Summary

| Description | I-40 |  |  | S.R. 222 |  |  | Total | Pct. of Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 |  |  |
| Rear End | 1 |  |  | 2 |  | 2 | 5 | 23.8\% |
| Right Angle |  | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 4 | 7 | 33.3\% |
| Overturn |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 | 4.8\% |
| Struck Bridge Rail/Guardrail |  | 2 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 4 | 19.0\% |
| Struck Other Object (Fixed) |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 4.8\% |
| Struck Animal in Road |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | 2 | 9.5\% |
| Run off the Road |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 | 4.8\% |
| INVOLVEMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All Vehicles | 2 | 5 | 3 | 9 | 2 | 12 | 33 |  |
| ROAD SURFACE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dry (No Adverse Conditions) | 1 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 15 | 71.5\% |
| Wet (Rain) |  |  | 1 | 1 |  | 2 | 4 | 19.0\% |
| Snow / Ice |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | 2 | 9.5\% |
| SEVERITY DAMAGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Property Damage Only |  | 4 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 16 | 76.2\% |
| Injury Crashes (No Fatalities) | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  | 2 | 5 | 23.8\% |
| Incap. Injury Crashes (No Fatalities) |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | - |
| Fatality Crashes |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | - |
| Number of Injuries (All Crashes) | 2 |  | 1 | 1 |  | 2 | 6 |  |
| Number of Fatalities (All Crashes) |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |
| CRASH SUMMARY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Crashes | 1 | 4 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 6 | 21 | 100\% |
| Percentage of Total | 4.8\% | 19.0\% | 14.3\% | 28.6\% | 4.8\% | 28.6\% |  |  |

### 3.3 S.R. 222 Bridge Inspection Report

The latest bridge inspection report was conducted on December 14, 2010. During this inspection, the overall condition of the study bridge was determined to be "Fair" and having a sufficiency rating of 63.2. Repairs to correct previously identified deficiencies to the bridge structure and the bridge rails were made in 2008.

### 3.4 Wastewater Treatment Facility

An existing wastewater treatment facility is located in the southeast quadrant of the l-40 at S.R. 222 interchange adjacent to the Deerfield Inn. This facility is owned by the Pilot Travel Center and serves both the Pilot Travel Center and the Deerfield Inn. This treatment facility consists of a series of septic tanks with sand filters, discharging to a pond adjacent to the right of way for I-40.

Concepts 1, 2, and 3 will require the relocation of this wastewater treatment facility. An area adjacent to the present location is available and noted on each of these three (3) concept figures contained in Appendix B. A representative of the Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation (TDEC) stated that due to heavy vegetation around the pond and since there is no history of noted problems at this location, the facility is apparently functioning very efficiently and could be relocated with no anticipated problems. If a wastewater treatment system cannot be provided, a worst-case scenario of approximately $\$ 7.0$ million has been estimated by TDOT for the acquisition of two businesses (Pilot Travel Center and Deerfield Inn). However, this worst-case scenario should not be an issue and should be resolved in design especially with all of the various technologies available.

### 3.5 Interchange Concept Evaluation Summary

During the course of the study, the six (6) interchange concepts along with the No-Build Alternative, described in Section 2.4, were discussed with TDOT, FHWA, and the ECD. The design criteria considered included, but was not limited to, sight distance at ramp terminals, sufficient storage on the ramps, vertical clearance, pedestrian access through the interchange, length of acceleration/deceleration lanes, length of tapers, spacing between ramps, lane continuity, lane balance, and uniformity in interchange design and operational patterns. Through these discussions, two (2) concepts were determined to be viable while the four (4) others were removed from further consideration for a variety of reasons. A summary of these concepts are included in the following paragraphs.

## Viable Concepts

Concepts 1 and 5, shown in Figures 3.1 and 3.2 respectively, were determined viable for this study.

Concept 1 satisfies the travel demands of the interchange especially since the major traffic movement within the interchange (l-40 eastbound to S.R. 222 northbound) would be free-flow via a single lane loop ramp, as compared to Concept 2 that requires the signalization of this traffic movement. The total estimated cost for Concept 1 is $\$ 13.1$ million.

Concept 5 satisfies the 300 feet of controlled access limits for this interchange and does not include a separate frontage road paralleling S.R. 222, as compared to Concept 4. On the south side of the interchange, direct access to businesses south of l-40 is maintained in Concept 5, but two (2) existing driveways are affected along S.R. 222. These driveways include the closure of the first (or closest) driveway from I-40 to the Exxon gas station/convenience store along the west side of S.R. 222 and the relocation of the Deerfield Inn driveway approximately fifty (50) feet southward along the east side of S.R. 222. Even though this concept includes the widening of S.R. 222 adjacent to the church/cemetery site in the southwest quadrant of the interchange, all of the widening impacts are on the east side of S.R. 222 resulting in no construction impacts to the church/cemetery site. The total estimated cost for Concept 5 is $\$ 13.2$ million.

The No-Build Alternative was determined viable if the Megasite is not developed. If the Megasite is developed, then the No-Build Alternative is a non-viable concept because the capacity of the existing interchange will not be satisfied (LOS F conditions) in the future 2034 design year.

Between the viable construction concepts, TDOT and ECD both prefer Concept 1 since the I-40 eastbound to S.R. 222 northbound traffic movement would be free-flow via a single lane loop ramp and removed from signalization as required with Concept 5 . This traffic movement is the highest turning movement within the interchange totaling 586 vehicles during the 2034 morning peak period.

## Non-Viable Concepts

Concept 2 (Traditional Diamond Interchange East of the Existing Interchange) was determined not viable and eliminated because the I-40 eastbound to S.R. 222 northbound traffic movement within the interchange must travel through a signalized intersection at the ramp terminal instead of the single lane free-flow loop ramp provided in Concept 1. This is the highest traffic movement within the study interchange and since it will be controlled through signalization in this concept, it would contain vehicular delays for this movement that would not be present in Concept 1. Safety considerations of this traffic driving through a signalized intersection vs. freeflow were also considered during the elimination process. As a result, this concept was removed from further consideration.

Concept 3 (Diverging Diamond Interchange East of the Existing Interchange) was determined not viable because the traffic patterns do not provide a good fit for a diverging diamond footprint, especially with both of the S.R. 222 left turn traffic volumes being less than 226 vehicles during the 2034 morning and afternoon peak periods. The major traffic movement is the l-40 eastbound to S.R. 222 northbound which would require signalization similar to Concept 2 . The motorists speed would require being reduced through their navigation within the interchange. As a result, this concept was removed from further consideration.

Concept 4 (Traditional Diamond Interchange) was determined not viable because the 300 feet of controlled access limits for this interchange could not be achieved. On the south side of the interchange, direct access to businesses south of I-40 is maintained in Concept 4, but the 300 feet of controlled access limits for this interchange cannot be achieved along the west side of S.R. 222 south of the interchange. In order to meet the 300 feet of controlled access limits along the east side of S.R. 222 south of the interchange, a frontage road was developed that parallels S.R. 222 and intersects S.R. 222 about 400 feet south of Hebron Road. This frontage road requires the acquisition of right-of-way along the Pilot Travel Center property adjacent to S.R. 222 which includes business impacts such as parking and truck maneuverability within the site. This interchange concept is the same as Concept 5 with the exception that in Concept 5, the 300 feet of controlled access limits can be achieved with the relocation of the eastbound ramps closer to $\mathrm{l}-40$ in conjunction with the closure/relocation of two (2) existing driveways. As a result, this concept was removed from further consideration.

Concept 6 (Traditional Diamond Interchange West of the Existing Interchange) was determined not viable. The main reason is that the horizontal and vertical alignment geometry would be of concern as a result of the number of turns required along the proposed route. As a result, this concept was removed from further consideration.



### 3.6 Access Analysis (FHWA Eight Policy Points)

This study is undertaken in accordance with the Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA) eight policy points as outlined in the document entitled "Interstate System Access Informational Guide". These eight policy points address the appropriate issues and provide the information necessary to allow the FHWA to make an informed decision considering the potential consequences of a change in access. The eight (8) policy points are listed below in bulleted italics, followed by the response as analyzed for this location.

1. The need being addressed by the request cannot be adequately satisfied by existing interchanges to the Interstate, and/or local roads and streets in the corridor can neither provide the desired access, nor can they be reasonably improved (such as access control along surface streets, improving traffic control, modifying ramp terminals and intersections, adding turn bays or lengthening storage) to satisfactorily accommodate the design-year traffic demands (23 CFR 625.2(a)).

The request for upgrading the study interchange was initiated by the Tennessee Department of Economic and Community Development (ECD) on behalf of the Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA). The proposed improvements for the study interchange are essential to the development of the Megasite located on the north side of I-40 within the study area. The expected increases in both population and development activity related to the Megasite will reduce the traffic operating conditions to LOS F with the current interchange configuration (i.e. No-Build Alternative). It is crucial for this development of regional significance that a modified and improved interchange access be considered to preserve efficient traffic operations in the region. The current adjacent interchanges are too far way (approximately five (5) and seven (7) miles to the adjacent interchanges) to accommodate development traffic and the local routes by themselves will not accommodate the travel patterns, nor be the preferred routes, for the employment base, suppliers, and distributors.

During the latest bridge inspection, the overall condition of the study bridge was determined to be rated as fair with a sufficiency rating of 63.2. TDOT Structures Division has determined that the existing bridge consists of four (4) spans and is not a candidate for retrofit and needs to be replaced for the following reasons:

- Any new bridge would be a two (2) span structure for the safety of motorists travelling on I-40.
- A two (2) span structure would accommodate any future widening of I-40 without additional bridge modifications.
- The cost of widening the existing structure to accommodate the required travel lanes plus full shoulders would be greater than the cost of replacing the entire structure.

The ECD has agreed to provide $100 \%$ of the funding for the preparation of the Preliminary Engineering documents for the S.R. 222 construction improvements. Even though there are no confirmed developments for the Megasite, the ECD envisions that all of the paperwork including construction design documents be completed and are shovel-ready projects when a tenant for the Megasite is identified so that the roadway improvements can be in place in conjunction with the opening of the Megasite.

If the Megasite is developed, the Megasite will serve a regional need with primary access from I-40 via the Exit 42 interchange. All proposed improvements currently identified in the State/Regional Long Range Transportation Plan (LRTP) have been included in this study. In
conjunction with the development of the Megasite, additional improvements to S.R. 222 will be recommended to the north of the interchange study limits.
2. The need being addressed by the request cannot be adequately satisfied by reasonable transportation system management (such as ramp metering, mass transit, and HOV facilities), geometric design, and alternative improvements to the Interstate without the proposed change(s) in access. The need being addressed by the request cannot be adequately satisfied by reasonable transportation system management (such as ramp metering, mass transit, and HOV facilities), geometric design, and alternative improvements to the Interstate without the proposed change(s) in access (23 CFR 625.2(a)).

This study area covered a sufficient area to allow for the evaluation of different types of interchange configurations such as a traditional diamond, a modified traditional diamond containing a loop ramp in one quadrant, a combined traditional/tight diamond, and a diverging diamond. In addition, this study included the evaluation of different intersection configurations such as stop control, signal control, and free right turns. The No-Build Alternative was also included in the analyses.

The location of the study interchange for the two (2) viable concepts is the best location as it is at or in extremely close proximity to the existing interchange location. The proposed improvements do not include pedestrian and bicycle accommodations at this time since such facilities are not currently provided along the existing S.R. 222 roadway system nor typical in this rural area.

Safety issues related to the existing interchange cannot be addressed through Transportation Systems Management (TSM) strategies. There is no mass transit service in the area of the interchange. HOV facilities are not available or planned along the I-40 mainline study area. The widening of $\mathrm{I}-40$ to six (6) lanes may be constructed by the 2034 planning horizon. Even with the addition of I-40 mainline lanes, the functionality of the existing study interchange will be deficient without the proposed improvements.
3. An operational and safety analysis has concluded that the proposed change in access does not have a significant adverse impact on the safety and operation of the Interstate facility (which includes mainline lanes, existing, new, or modified ramps, ramp intersections with crossroad) or on the local street network based on both the current and the planned future traffic projections. The analysis shall, particularly in urbanized areas, include at least the first adjacent existing or proposed interchange on either side of the proposed change in access (23 CFR 625.2(a), 655.603(d) and 771.111(f)). The crossroads and the local street network, to at least the first major intersection on either side of the proposed change in access, shall be included in this analysis to the extent necessary to fully evaluate the safety and operational impacts that the proposed change in access and other transportation improvements may have on the local street network (23 CFR 625.2(a) and 655.603(d)). Requests for a proposed change in access must include a description and assessment of the impacts and ability of the proposed changes to safely and efficiently collect, distribute and accommodate traffic on the Interstate facility, ramps, intersection of ramps with crossroad, and local street network (23 CFR 625.2(a) and 655.603(d)). Each request must also include a conceptual plan of the type and location of the signs proposed to support each design alternative (23 U.S.C. 109(d) and 23 CFR 655.603(d)).

The 2014 and 2034 design traffic volumes analyzed in this study were approved by TDOT and a copy of the approval letter is contained in Appendix A. The capacity analyses conducted in this study utilized Highway Capacity Manual procedures and included the following facility types: Basic Freeway Segments, Freeway Ramp Merges, Freeway Ramp Diverges, Multi-Lane Highways, Two-Lane Highways, Signalized Intersections, and Unsignalized Intersections. The capacity analyses included the Pilot Travel Center intersection with S.R. 222 because of the high percentage of trucks (48\%) utilizing this facility. Results of the capacity analyses presented in Section 3.1 indicate that no significant traffic operational issues are expected with construction improvements of the viable concepts (Concepts 1 and 5). The No-Build Alternative indicates that if no improvements are made to the study interchange, then LOS F traffic conditions will be expected if the Megasite is developed. All of the proposed improvements for each concept satisfactorily accommodate the 2014 and 2034 design traffic volumes. The results from the capacity analyses are summarized in Tables 3.3 to 3.8 .

For the two (2) viable concepts, the proposed access point is either relocated approximately 500 feet eastward on I-40 (Concept 1) or at the same location (Concept 5). The adjacent I-40 interchanges, Exit 35 (S.R. 59) and Exit 47 (Dancyville Road), are approximately seven (7) miles to the west and five (5) miles to the east along l-40.

In addition, a proposed interchange discussed in Section 1.4 is located between the study interchange and Exit 47 (Dancyville Road) approximately 1.1 miles east of the study interchange. As a result of this distance, the existing adjacent interchanges, as they relate to this proposed interchange, are outside the influence of traffic weaving conditions along I-40.

The proposed interchange access provides connections to S.R. 222 and other public roads in the vicinity of the interchange such as Hebron Road and Thorpe Drive and will not require upgrading of those facilities. The proximity of both Hebron Road and Thorpe Drive do not contribute to any safety and operational problems associated with the study interchange. On both the north and south sides of the study interchange, the 300 feet of controlled access limits are satisfied for the two (2) viable concepts (Concepts 1 and 5).

The State Strategic Highway Safety Plan was used as a benchmark on safety for this study. However, as mentioned in Policy Point 2, the proposed improvements do not include pedestrian and bicycle accommodations because such facilities are not currently provided in the existing roadway system. In addition, a conceptual signing plan for Concepts 1 and 5 are contained in Appendix B. The conceptual signing plan for Concept 1 shows that the I-40 eastbound will require the use of $A$ and $B$ exits to distinguish between S.R. 222 northbound and southbound traffic movements.
4. The proposed access connects to a public road only and will provide for all traffic movements. Less than "full interchanges" may be considered on a case-by-case basis for applications requiring special access for managed lanes (e.g., transit, HOVs, HOT lanes) or park and ride lots. The proposed access will be designed to meet or exceed current standards (23 CFR 625.2(a), 625.4(a)(2), and 655.603(d)).

The existing study interchange currently serves, and the proposed improvements will provide for all traffic movements for full interchange access. The proposed improvements secure sufficient ROW by utilizing either available existing ROW or through the acquisition of proposed ROW. Concepts 1 and 5 require the approximate ROW acquisition of 25.5 acres and 2.2 acres, respectively.

As mentioned in Policy Point 3, the proposed interchange access provides connections to S.R. 222 and other public roads in the vicinity of the interchange such as Hebron Road and Thorpe Drive and meets and/or exceeds current design standards for the Interstate System. No design exceptions are anticipated with either Concept 1 or Concept 5. All traffic movements have been analyzed during the 2014 and 2034 design years for each concept and have been summarized in Table 3.7.
5. The proposal considers and is consistent with local and regional land use and transportation plans. Prior to receiving final approval, all requests for new or revised access must be included in an adopted Metropolitan Transportation Plan, in the adopted Statewide or Metropolitan Transportation Improvement Program (STIP or TIP), and the Congestion Management Process within transportation management areas, as appropriate, and as specified in 23 CFR part 450, and the transportation conformity requirements of 40 CFR parts 51 and 93.
This study includes coordination with other projects as discussed in Section 1.4. and the proposed improvements are consistent and conform with applicable local, regional, and statewide land use and transportation plans. The study interchange is in the current 2012-14 TIP (TDOT Proposed Comprehensive Multimodal Program) funded for ROW in FY 2013.

The location of the study interchange is not within a Transportation Management Area (TMA) and is not within a non-attainment area for air quality. As mentioned in Policy Point 3, the proposed access point for the two (2) viable concepts is either relocated approximately 500 feet eastward on I-40 (Concept 1) or at the same location (Concept 5).
6. In corridors where the potential exists for future multiple interchange additions, a comprehensive corridor or network study must accompany all requests for new or revised access with recommendations that address all of the proposed and desired access changes within the context of a longer-range system or network plan (23 U.S.C. 109(d), 23 CFR 625.2(a), 655.603(d), and 771.111).

This study does not preclude or affect future access points along I-40 and the proposed improvements satisfy the future needs for the study interchange. However, if the Megasite is developed and the travel demand of the Megasite exceeds the capacity of these proposed interchange improvements, the potential construction of the new interchange near Mile Marker 45, shown in Figure 1.5, could be considered in the future.
7. When a new or revised access point is due to a new, expanded, or substantial change in current or planned future development or land use, requests must demonstrate appropriate coordination has occurred between the development and any proposed transportation system improvements (23 CFR 625.2(a) and 655.603(d)). The request must describe the commitments agreed upon to assure adequate collection and dispersion of the traffic resulting from the development with the adjoining local street network and Interstate access point (23 CFR 625.2(a) and 655.603(d)).

This study was coordinated with the adjacent Megasite area because of its close proximity to the study interchange. Table 2.2 summarizes the trips generated for the Megasite which were considered conservative and a worst-case scenario. The improvements recommended in this study interchange are integral to adequately accommodating projected traffic volumes and operations if the Megasite is developed.

As mentioned in Policy Point 3, the proposed improvements in this study are compatible and provide adequate tie-in connections to the existing street network. As discussed in Section 1.4, this study has been coordinated with the S.R. 222 Relocation \& System Improvements Feasibility Study to ensure that the immediate and long-term needs of the study area will be met. In addition, if the potential interchange near Mile Marker 45 is constructed, a State Industrial Access (SIA) road to the Megasite will be necessary to access S.R. 222 on the north side of the study interchange as shown in Figure 1.5. The location of the SIA road will have no direct impacts to the operations of the study interchange because of their proposed distance apart from each other.

There are no pre-condition contingencies related to the adjacent projects that are required for this study. In addition, this study does not require financial or infrastructure commitments from other agencies, organizations, or private entities.

> 8. The proposal can be expected to be included as an alternative in the required environmental evaluation, review and processing. The proposal should include supporting information and current status of the environmental processing (23 CFR 771.111 ).

This study was developed in coordination with TDOT and documents the expected impacts and benefits from modifying the existing l-40 interchange at Exit 42 (S.R. 222). If the Megasite is developed and with the proposed modifications contained in this IMS report, the overall traffic operations at the study interchange can be adequately accommodated through the 20 -year horizon year (2034).

As mentioned in Policy Point 5, this study is consistent with the current 2012-14 STIP (TDOT Proposed Comprehensive Multimodal Program) funded for ROW in FY 2013. The known environmental issues are provided in Section 2.2. When this study receives a finding of Operational and Engineering Acceptability, it will then be necessary to begin conducting additional environmental studies as outlined in the NEPA planning process.

The FHWA Prompt-List for Reviewing Interstate Access Requests for Concepts 1 and 5 are provided on the following pages.

## Concept 1 Review

## Prompt List for Review of Interstate System Access Change Requests

| Adequately Addressed? |  | FHWA Interstate Access Policy Points |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Yes | No |  |
| X |  | Policy Point 1: The need being addressed by the request cannot be adequately satisfied by existing interchanges to the Interstate, and/or local roads and streets in the corridor can neither provide the desired access, nor can they be reasonably improved (such as access control along surface streets, improving traffic control, modifying ramp terminals and intersections, adding turn bays or lengthening storage) to satisfactorily accommodate the design-year traffic demands (23 CFR 625.2(a)). |
| X |  | Policy Point 2: The need being addressed by the request cannot be adequately satisfied by reasonable transportation system management (such as ramp metering, mass transit, and HOV facilities), geometric design, and alternative improvements to the Interstate without the proposed change(s) in access (23 CFR 625.2(a)). |
| X |  | Policy Point 3: An operational and safety analysis has concluded that the proposed change in access does not have a significant adverse impact on the safety and operation of the Interstate facility (which includes mainline lanes, existing, new, or modified ramps, ramp intersections with crossroad) or on the local street network based on both the current and the planned future traffic projections. The analysis shall, particularly in urbanized areas, include at least the first adjacent existing or proposed interchange on either side of the proposed change in access (23 CFR 625.2(a), 655.603(d) and 771.111(f)). The crossroads and the local street network, to at least the first major intersection on either side of the proposed change in access, shall be included in this analysis to the extent necessary to fully evaluate the safety and operational impacts that the proposed change in access and other transportation improvements may have on the local street network (23 CFR 625.2(a) and 655.603(d)). Requests for a proposed change in access must include a description and assessment of the impacts and ability of the proposed changes to safely and efficiently collect, distribute and accommodate traffic on the Interstate facility, ramps, intersection of ramps with crossroad, and local street network (23 CFR 625.2(a) and 655.603(d)). Each request must also include a conceptual plan of the type and location of the signs proposed to support each design alternative ( 23 U.S.C. 109(d) and 23 CFR 655.603(d)). |
| X |  | Policy Point 4: The proposed access connects to a public road only and will provide for all traffic movements. Less than "full interchanges" may be considered on a case-by-case basis for applications requiring special access for managed lanes (e.g., transit, HOVs, HOT lanes) or park and ride lots. The proposed access will be designed to meet or exceed current standards (23 CFR 625.2(a), 625.4(a)(2), and 655.603(d)). |
| X |  | Policy Point 5: The proposal considers and is consistent with local and regional land use and transportation plans. Prior to receiving final approval, all requests for new or revised access must be included in an adopted Metropolitan Transportation Plan, in the adopted Statewide or Metropolitan Transportation Improvement Program (STIP or TIP), and the Congestion Management Process within transportation management areas, as appropriate, and as specified in 23 CFR part 450, and the transportation conformity requirements of 40 CFR parts 51 and 93. |
| X |  | Policy Point 6: In corridors where the potential exists for future multiple interchange additions, a comprehensive corridor or network study must accompany all requests for new or revised access with recommendations that address all of the proposed and desired access changes within the context of a longer-range system or network plan (23 U.S.C. 109(d), 23 CFR 625.2(a), 655.603(d), and 771.111). |
| X |  | Policy Point 7: When a new or revised access point is due to a new, expanded, or substantial change in current or planned future development or land use, requests must demonstrate appropriate coordination has occurred between the development and any proposed transportation system improvements (23 CFR 625.2(a) and 655.603(d)). The request must describe the commitments agreed upon to assure adequate collection and dispersion of the traffic resulting from the development with the adjoining local street network and Interstate access point (23 CFR 625.2(a) and 655.603(d)). |
| X |  | Policy Point 8: The proposal can be expected to be included as an alternative in the required environmental evaluation, review and processing. The proposal should include supporting information and current status of the environmental processing (23 CFR 771.111). |

## Concept 1 Review

Policy Point 1: "The need being addressed by the request cannot be adequately satisfied by existing interchanges to the Interstate, and/or local roads and streets in the corridor can neither provide the desired access, nor can they be reasonably improved (such as access control along surface streets, improving traffic control, modifying ramp terminals and intersections, adding turn bays or lengthening storage) to satisfactorily accommodate the design-year traffic demands (23 CFR 625.2(a))."

| Addressed Adequately? |  |  | Question | Reference Location |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y | N | N/A |  |  |
| X |  |  | Does the access request clearly describe the need and purpose of the proposal and identify project goals and objectives that are specific and measurable? | Sect. 1.2 and 3.6 (PP1) |
| X |  |  | Is the proposal in the best interest of the public, or does it merely serve a narrow interest? | Sect. 1.2 (P1) and 3.6 (PP1) |
| X |  |  | Is the proposal serving a regional transportation need, or is it merely compensating for deficiencies in the local network of arterials and collectors? | Sect. 1.2 (P1) and 3.6 (PP1) |
|  |  | X | In lieu of granting new access, is there any reasonable alternative consisting of improvements to the existing roadway(s) or adjacent access points that could serve the need and purpose? | This request is for modification of an existing interchange. |
| X |  |  | Has the evaluation of existing interchanges and the local road network taken into account all proposed improvements currently identified in the State and/or Regional Long Range Plan? | Sect. 3.6 (PP5-P1) |
| X |  |  | Will the proposed change in access result in needed upgrades or improvements to the cross road for a significant distance away from the interchange? | Sect. 1.4 (SR 222 Study), 2.4, and 3.6 (PP1-P3); Fig. 3.1 and 3.2; App. B |

Policy Point 2: "The need being addressed by the request cannot be adequately satisfied by reasonable transportation system management (such as ramp metering, mass transit, and HOV facilities), geometric design, and alternative improvements to the Interstate without the proposed change(s) in access (23 CFR 625.2(a))."

| Addressed Adequately? |  |  | Question | Reference Location |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y | N | N/A |  |  |
| X |  |  | Was FHWA actively involved in preliminary studies and decisions? If not, then more detailed information may be required in support of proposed action. | FHWA attended a design concept meeting at TDOT on 8/23/2010. <br> Sect. 3.5 (P1) |
| X |  |  | Did the study area cover sufficient area to allow for an evaluation of all reasonable alternatives? | Sect. 1.3 (P3), 2.4 (Traffic Volume Diagrams), and 3.6 (PP2); Fig. 1.1 |
| X |  |  | Was a No-Build Alternative evaluated? | Sect. 2.4 (P1)(No-Build Alternative), 3.1 (Ramp Terminal Intersections), 3.5 (Viable Concepts), 3.6 (PP2-P1)(PP3-P1), and 4.0 (P1\&P2); Tables 2.3 and 3.7 |
| X |  |  | Considering the context of the proposal, is this the best location for the proposed new interchange? | Sect. 3.5 (P1) and 3.6 (PP2P2) |
| X |  |  | Were different interchange configurations (Tight diamond, SPDI, Parclo) considered? | AASHTO Greenbook Chapter 10 Sect. 2.4 (Concepts) and 3.6 (PP2-P1); Table 2.3 |
| X |  |  | Were pedestrians and bicyclists considered in the alternative evaluation? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sect. 3.6 (PP2-P2) and } 3.6 \\ & \text { (PP3-P4) } \end{aligned}$ |
| X |  |  | Was there an evaluation of different intersection configurations (stop control, signal, roundabout, free right turns, etc?) | Sect. 3.1 (P4) and 3.6 (PP2P1); Tables 3.7 and 3.8 |
| X |  |  | Have Transportation Systems Management (i.e. HOV, ITS, Ramp Metering, Transit etc.) options been evaluated as an alternative to a new or modification to an existing interchange? | This request is for modification of an existing interchange. <br> Sect. 3.6 (PP2-P3) |

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| X |  |  | Did the report discuss how TSM alternatives were evaluated and <br> eliminated from consideration? | Sect. 3.6 (PP2-P3) |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | X |  | Does the proposal consider any future planned TSM strategies and is the <br> design consistent with the ability to implement the future TSM <br> strategies? | The design is consistent with <br> future TSM strategies, but <br> none were considered in the <br> study. |

Policy Point 3: "An operational and safety analysis has concluded that the proposed change in access does not have a significant adverse impact on the safety and operation of the Interstate facility (which includes mainline lanes, existing, new, or modified ramps, ramp intersections with crossroad) or on the local street network based on both the current and the planned future traffic projections. The analysis shall, particularly in urbanized areas, include at least the first adjacent existing or proposed interchange on either side of the proposed change in access (23 CFR 625.2(a), 655.603(d) and 771.111(f)). The crossroads and the local street network, to at least the first major intersection on either side of the proposed change in access, shall be included in this analysis to the extent necessary to fully evaluate the safety and operational impacts that the proposed change in access and other transportation improvements may have on the local street network (23 CFR 625.2(a) and 655.603(d)). Requests for a proposed change in access must include a description and assessment of the impacts and ability of the proposed changes to safely and efficiently collect, distribute and accommodate traffic on the Interstate facility, ramps, intersection of ramps with crossroad, and local street network (23 CFR 625.2(a) and 655.603(d)). Each request must also include a conceptual plan of the type and location of the signs proposed to support each design alternative (23 U.S.C. 109(d) and 23 CFR 655.603(d))."

| Addressed Adequately? |  |  | Question | Reference Location |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y | N | N/A |  |  |
| X |  |  | Does the report demonstrate that a proper traffic operational analysis was conducted? The analysis should include the applicable basic freeway segments, freeway weaving segments, freeway ramp segments, ramp junctions and crossroad intersections related to the proposed access point and at least the two adjacent interchanges. | Sect. 3.1(P4) and 3.6 (PP3P1); Tables 3.3-3.8 |
| X |  |  | Does the report include a safety analysis of the mainline, ramps and intersections of the proposed access point and the nearest adjacent interchange (provided they are near enough that it is reasonable to assume there may be impacts)? | Sect. 3.1 (P4), 3.5 (P1), and 3.6 (PP3-P1\&P2); Tables 3.3-3.8 |
| X |  |  | Has the design traffic volume been validated? | Sect. 2.3 (P1) and 3.6 (PP3P1) |
| X |  |  | Does the report include verification that the data used in the traffic analysis is consistent with the traffic and air quality models MPOs use to develop their current Transportation Plan (20-year) and Transportation Improvement Program (TIP)? | Sect. 2.3 (P1); App. A |
| X |  |  | Does the report include a design period of 20 years commencing at the time of project approval (PS\&E approval)? | Sect. 2.3 (Horizon Years and Time Periods Analyzed) |
| X |  |  | Does the report include quantitative analyses and results to identify operational differences between alternatives that are heavily congested? | Sect. 3.1 (Ramp Terminal Intersections) and 3.6 (PP2P1); Table 3.7 |
| X |  |  | Has a conceptual signing plan been provided? | Viable Concepts 1\&5; Sect. 3.6 (PP3-P4); App. B |
| X |  |  | Is guidance signing (i.e., way-finding or trail blazing signs) clear and simple? | MUTCD Chapter 2E: Guide <br> Signs - Freeways and <br> Expressways <br> Sect. 3.6 (PP3-P4) |
|  | X |  | Do the results of the operational analysis result in a significant adverse impact to existing or future conditions? | Sect. 3.1 (Capacity Analysis Results) and 3.6 (PP3-P1); Tables 3.3-3.8 |
| X |  |  | Will the proposed change in access result in needed upgrades or improvements to the cross road for a significant distance away from the interchange? If so, have impacts to the local network been disclosed and fully evaluated?" | SR 222 would be upgraded as part of the Megasite development. <br> Sect. 2.4 (P2) and 3.6 (PP1P3) |

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| X |  | Are the cross roads or adjacent surface level roads and intersections affected by the proposed access point analyzed to the extent (length) where impacts caused or affecting the new proposed access point are disclosed to the appropriate managing jurisdiction? | Sect. 3.6 (PP3-P3) and 4.1 (Local Agency Letters) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| X |  | Are pedestrian and/or bicycle facilities included (as appropriate) and do these facilities provide for reasonable accommodation? | Sect. 3.6 (PP2-P2) and 3.6 (PP3-P4) |
| X |  | Does the proposed access secure sufficient Limits of Access adjacent to the Interchange ramps? | AASHTO's "A Policy on Design Standards Interstate System, 2005" Pg. 2; NCHRP Synthesis 332 Sect. 2.4 (P2), 3.5 (P4), and 3.6 (PP4-P2) |
| X |  | Does the proximity of the nearest crossroad intersections to the ramps contribute to safety or operational problems? Can they be mitigated?? | Sect. 2.4 (Concepts), 3.1, and 3.6 (PP3-P3) |
|  | X | In addition to HCS, what analysis tools were employed and were they appropriate? | HCS only. |
| X |  | Has the proposal distinguished between nominal safety (i.e. adherence to design policies and standards) and substantive safety (actual and expected safety performance)? | Safety was considered throughout the study in the development of the concepts. <br> Fig. 3.1 and 3.2; App. B |
| X |  | Will any individual elements within the recommended alternative be degraded operationally as a result of this action? If yes, are reasons provided to accept them? | Acceptable LOS were obtained from the capacity analysis results. <br> Sect. 3.1 (Capacity Analysis Results) and 3.6 (PP3-P1); Tables 3.3-3.8 |
| X |  | In evaluating whether the proposal has a "significant adverse impact" on safety, has the State Strategic Highway Safety Plan been used as a benchmark? | Safety was considered throughout the study in the development of the concepts. <br> Sect. 3.6 (PP3-P4); Fig. 3.1 <br> and 3.2; App. B |
| X |  | Are the proposed interchange design configurations able to satisfactorily accommodate the design year traffic volumes? | Sect. 3.1 (Capacity Analysis Results) and 3.6 (PP3-P1); Tables 3.3-3.8 |
| X |  | If the project is to be built in stages, has the traffic operational and safety analyses considered the interim stages of the proposal? | Project is being built in one stage. |

Policy Point 4: "The proposed access connects to a public road only and will provide for all traffic movements. Less than "full interchanges" may be considered on a case-by-case basis for applications requiring special access for managed lanes (e.g., transit, HOVs, HOT lanes) or park and ride lots. The proposed access will be designed to meet or exceed current standards (23 CFR 625.2(a), 625.4(a)(2), and 655.603(d))."

| Addressed Adequately? |  |  | Question | Reference Location |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y | N | N/A |  |  |
| X |  |  | Does the proposed access connect to a public road? | Sect. 2.4 (P2), 3.5 (P1), 3.6 (PP3-P3), and 3.6 (PP4-P2); Fig. 3.1 and 3.2; App. B |
| X |  |  | Are all traffic movements for full interchange access provided? | Sect. 2.4 (P2), 3.5, and 3.6 (PP4-P1); Fig. 3.1 and 3.2; App. B |
|  |  | X | If not, is the proposed access for special purposes such as transit vehicles, HOVs, and/or a park and ride lot? | Providing for a full interchange. |
|  |  | X | If a partial interchange is proposed, is there sufficient justification for providing only a partial interchange? | AASHTO Greenbook 2004 Pg. 821-823 <br> Providing for a full interchange. |
|  |  | X | If a partial interchange is proposed; was a full interchange evaluated as an alternative and is there sufficient justification to eliminate or discard it? | Providing for a full interchange. |

## Concept 1 Review

Policy Point 4: "The proposed access connects to a public road only and will provide for all traffic movements. Less than "full interchanges" may be considered on a case-by-case basis for applications requiring special access for managed lanes (e.g., transit, HOVs, HOT lanes) or park and ride lots. The proposed access will be designed to meet or exceed current standards (23 CFR 625.2(a), 625.4(a)(2), and 655.603(d))."

| Addressed Adequately? |  |  | Question | Reference Location |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y | N | N/A |  |  |
|  |  | X | Is sufficient ROW available (or being acquired) to provide a full interchange at a future date (staged construction)? | Providing for a full interchange. |
|  |  | X | Are you comfortable with how the missing movements will be accommodated on the surface streets and adjacent interchanges? | Providing for a full interchange. |
| X |  |  | Does FHWA support the selection of design controls/criteria and desired operational goals? | Sect. 2.4 (Concepts), 3.1 (Capacity Analysis Results), 3.5 (P1), and 3.6 (PP4-P2); Tables 3.3-3.8 |
| X |  |  | Does the proposed access meet or exceed current design standards for the Interstate System? | AASHTO's Greenbook and A Policy on Design Standards Interstate System, 2005 <br> Sect. 2.4 (Concepts), 3.5 <br> (P1), and 3.6 (PP4-P2) |
|  |  | X | If not, have anticipated design exceptions been identified and reviewed (at least conceptually)? | Concept meets current design standards |
|  |  | X | If expected design exceptions could have significant operational impacts on the Interstate and/or Crossroad system, are mitigation measures described? | Concept meets current design standards |
| X |  |  | Will the length of access control along the crossroad provide for acceptable operations and safety? (100-300' is a minimum. Additional access control is strongly encouraged when needed for safety and operational enhancement) | AASHTO "A Policy on Design Standards Interstate System" 2005 Sect. 2.4 (P2), 3.5 (P4), and 3.6 (PP4-P2) |
| X |  |  | Does FHWA support selection of opening and design years? | Sect. 2.3 (Horizon Year and Time Periods Analyzed) |
| X |  |  | Has each movement of the proposal been "tested" for ease of operation? | AASHTO Greenbook 2004 Pg. 863 <br> Sect. 2.4 (Concepts), 3.1 (Capacity Analysis Results), 3.6 (PP3-P1), and 3.6 (PP4P2); Table 3.7 |

Have all design criteria (including but not limited to the following) been adequately addressed?

| X |  |  | a. Sight distance at ramp terminals (Don't overlook signal heads <br> obscured by structures.) | AASHTO Greenbook 2004 <br> Pg. 841 <br> Sect. 2.4 (Concepts), 3.5 <br> (P1), and 3.6 (PP4-P2) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| X |  |  | b. Sufficient storage on ramp to prevent queues from spilling on to the <br> Interstate (based on current and/or future projected traffic demand) | Sect. 2.4 (Concepts), 3.5 <br> (P1), and 3.6 (PP4-P2) |
| X |  |  | c. Vertical clearance | AASHTO "A Policy on <br> Design Standards Interstate <br> System" 2005 <br> Sect. 2.4 (Concepts), 3.5 <br> (P1), and 3.6 (PP4-P2) |
| X |  |  | d. Pedestrian access through the interchange | AASHTO Greenbook 2004 <br> Pg. 864 <br> Sect. 2.4 (Concepts), 3.5 |
| (P1), and 3.6 (PP2-P2) and |  |  |  |  |
| 3.6 (PP3-P4) |  |  |  |  |

## Concept 1 Review

Policy Point 4: "The proposed access connects to a public road only and will provide for all traffic movements. Less than "full interchanges" may be considered on a case-by-case basis for applications requiring special access for managed lanes (e.g., transit, HOVs, HOT lanes) or park and ride lots. The proposed access will be designed to meet or exceed current standards (23 CFR 625.2(a), 625.4(a)(2), and 655.603(d))."

| Addressed Adequately? |  |  | Question | Reference Location |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y | N | N/A |  |  |
| X |  |  | f. Length of tapers | AASHTO Greenbook 2004 <br> Pg. 849 <br> Sect. 2.4 (Concepts), 3.5 <br> (P1), and 3.6 (PP4-P2) |
| X |  |  | g. Spacing between ramps | Greenbook pg 843 \& Ex. 1068 and operational analysis Sect. 2.4 (Concepts), 3.5 (P1), and 3.6 (PP4-P2) |
| X |  |  | h. Lane continuity | AASHTO Greenbook 2004 <br> Pg. 810 <br> Sect. 2.4 (Concepts), 3.5 (P1), and 3.6 (PP4-P2) |
| X |  |  | i. Lane balance | AASHTO Greenbook 2004 Pg. 810 AASHTO Greenbook 2004 Pg. 807 Sect. 2.4 (Concepts), 3.5 (P1), and 3.6 (PP4-P2) |
| X |  |  | j. Uniformity in interchange design and operational patterns (i.e. rightside ramps, exit design consistent w/adjacent interchanges) | Sect. 2.4 (Concepts), 3.5 (P1), and 3.6 (PP4-P2) |

Policy Point 5: "The proposal considers and is consistent with local and regional land use and transportation plans. Prior to receiving final approval, all requests for new or revised access must be included in an adopted Metropolitan Transportation Plan, in the adopted Statewide or Metropolitan Transportation Improvement Program (STIP or TIP), and the Congestion Management Process within transportation management areas, as appropriate, and as specified in 23 CFR part 450 , and the transportation conformity requirements of 40 CFR parts 51 and 93. ."

| Addressed Adequately? |  |  | Question | Reference Location |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y | N | N/A |  |  |
| X |  |  | Does the IJR discuss or include (as appropriate) other project(s), studies or planned actions that may have an effect on the report analysis results? | Sect. 1.4 (4 Projects Listed) and 3.6 (PP5-P1) |
| X |  |  | Does the project conform to the local planning, MPO or other related plans? | Sect. 3.6 (PP5-P1) |
|  |  | X | Does the report include an endorsement of land use plans by the appropriate government entity before it is utilized for traffic generation purposes? | Existing land use is rural agriculture |
| X |  |  | Is the access request located within a Transportation Management Areas? (TMAs are metropolitan areas of 200,000 or more in population) | http://hepgis.fhwa.dot.gov/he pgis_v2/Urbanboundaries/M ap.aspx <br> Sect. 3.6 (PP5-P2) |
| X |  |  | Is the access request located within a non-attainment area for air quality? (requests for access in a non-attainment or maintenance areas for air quality must be a part of a conforming transportation plan) | Sect. 3.6 (PP5-P2) |
| X |  |  | Is the project included in the TIP/STIP and LRTP? | Sect. 3.6 (PP5-P1) |
| X |  |  | Is the access point covered as a part of an Interstate corridor study or plan? (especially important for areas where the potential exists for construction of future adjacent interchanges) | Sect. 3.6 (PP5-P2) |

Policy Point 6: "In corridors where the potential exists for future multiple interchange additions, a comprehensive corridor or network study must accompany all requests for new or revised access with recommendations that address all of the proposed and desired access changes within the context of a longer-range system or network plan (23 U.S.C. 109(d), 23 CFR 625.2(a), 655.603(d), and 771.111)."

Question
Reference Location

## Concept 1 Review

| $\mathbf{Y}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{N} / \mathbf{A}$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| X |  |  | Is it possible that new interchange(s) not addressed in the IJR could be <br> added within an area of influence to the proposed access point? (If so, <br> could the proposal preclude or otherwise be affected by any future access <br> points?) | Sect. 3.6 (PP6-P1\&P2) |
| X |  | X | Does the IJR report include the traffic volumes generated by any future <br> additional interchanges within a vicinity of influence that are proposed? | No planned future <br> interchanges. |
|  |  | Does the IJR report fail to include any other proposed interstate access <br> points within a vicinity of influence that are being proposed or are in the <br> current long range construction program? | Sect. 1.4 (1 Potential Project <br> Listed) and 3.6 (PP6- <br> P1\&P2) |  |

Policy Point 7: "When a new or revised access point is due to a new, expanded, or substantial change in current or planned future development or land use, requests must demonstrate appropriate coordination has occurred between the development and any proposed transportation system improvements (23 CFR 625.2(a) and 655.603(d)). The request must describe the commitments agreed upon to assure adequate collection and dispersion of the traffic resulting from the development with the adjoining local street network and Interstate access point (23 CFR 625.2(a) and 655.603(d))."

| Addressed Adequately? |  |  | Question | Reference Location |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y | N | N/A |  |  |
| X |  |  | Does the access request adequately demonstrate that an appropriate effort of coordination has been made with appropriate proposed developments? | Sect. 2.3 (Megasite and Other Assumed Developments) and 3.6 (PP7-P1); Table 2.2 |
| X |  |  | Are the proposed improvements compatible with the existing street network or are other improvements needed? | Sect. 2.4 (Concepts), 3.1, and 3.6 (PP3-P3); Fig. 3.1 and 3.2; App. B |
| X |  |  | Are there any pre-condition contingencies required in regards to the timing of other improvements? | Sect. 3.6 (PP7-P3) |
| X |  |  | Have all commitments to improve the local transportation network been included in a TIP/STIP/LRTP prior to the Interstate access approval (final approval of NEPA document)? | Sect. 1.4 (P1) and 3.6 (PP7P2) |
|  |  | X | If pre-condition contingencies are required, are pertinent parties in agreement with these contingencies and is this documented? | No pre-conditions are required. |
|  |  | X | If the proposed improvements are founded on the need for providing access to new development, are appropriate commitments in place to ensure that the development will likely occur as planned? | No commitments are required. |
|  |  | X | If project is privately funded, are appropriate measures in place to ensure improvements will be completed if the developer is unable to meet financial obligations? | Project is not privately funded. |
| X |  |  | If the purpose and need to accommodate new development/traffic demands aren't fully known, is a worst case scenario used for future traffic? | Sect. 2.3 and 3.6 (PP7-P1); Table 2.2 |
| X |  |  | Does the project require financial or infrastructure commitments from other agencies, organizations, or private entities? | Sect. 3.6 (PP7-P3) |

Policy Point 8: "The proposal can be expected to be included as an alternative in the required environmental evaluation, review and processing. The proposal should include supporting information and current status of the environmental
processing (23 CFR 771.111)."

| Addressed Adequately? |  |  | Question | Reference Location |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y | N | N/A |  |  |
| X |  |  | Are there any known social or environmental issues that could affect the proposal? | Sect. 2.2 (P1\&P2) and 3.6 (PP8-P2) |
| X |  |  | Is the project consistent with the current TIP/STIP and LRTP and/or proposed amendments to the plan? | Sect. 3.6 (PP5-P1)(PP8-P2) |
| X |  |  | Although NEPA is a separate action, is an environmental overview for the proposed improvements included? | Sect. 2.2 (P2) and 3.6 (PP8P2) |

## Concept 1 Review

| X |  |  | Is it appropriate to emphasize to the project stakeholders that the access <br> approval will be handled as a two-step process? (i.e. Step 1: Engineering <br> and Operational Acceptability and Step 2: Environmental Approvals) | Sect. 3.6 (PP8-P2) <br> X |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Reference Location Legend: P\# = Paragraph Number; PP\# = Policy Point Number

## Concept 5 Review

## Prompt List for Review of Interstate System Access Change Requests

| Adequately Addressed? |  | FHWA Interstate Access Policy Points |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Yes | No |  |
| X |  | Policy Point 1: The need being addressed by the request cannot be adequately satisfied by existing interchanges to the Interstate, and/or local roads and streets in the corridor can neither provide the desired access, nor can they be reasonably improved (such as access control along surface streets, improving traffic control, modifying ramp terminals and intersections, adding turn bays or lengthening storage) to satisfactorily accommodate the design-year traffic demands (23 CFR 625.2(a)). |
| X |  | Policy Point 2: The need being addressed by the request cannot be adequately satisfied by reasonable transportation system management (such as ramp metering, mass transit, and HOV facilities), geometric design, and alternative improvements to the Interstate without the proposed change(s) in access (23 CFR 625.2(a)). |
| X |  | Policy Point 3: An operational and safety analysis has concluded that the proposed change in access does not have a significant adverse impact on the safety and operation of the Interstate facility (which includes mainline lanes, existing, new, or modified ramps, ramp intersections with crossroad) or on the local street network based on both the current and the planned future traffic projections. The analysis shall, particularly in urbanized areas, include at least the first adjacent existing or proposed interchange on either side of the proposed change in access (23 CFR 625.2(a), 655.603(d) and 771.111(f)). The crossroads and the local street network, to at least the first major intersection on either side of the proposed change in access, shall be included in this analysis to the extent necessary to fully evaluate the safety and operational impacts that the proposed change in access and other transportation improvements may have on the local street network (23 CFR 625.2(a) and 655.603(d)). Requests for a proposed change in access must include a description and assessment of the impacts and ability of the proposed changes to safely and efficiently collect, distribute and accommodate traffic on the Interstate facility, ramps, intersection of ramps with crossroad, and local street network (23 CFR 625.2(a) and 655.603(d)). Each request must also include a conceptual plan of the type and location of the signs proposed to support each design alternative ( 23 U.S.C. 109(d) and 23 CFR 655.603(d)). |
| X |  | Policy Point 4: The proposed access connects to a public road only and will provide for all traffic movements. Less than "full interchanges" may be considered on a case-by-case basis for applications requiring special access for managed lanes (e.g., transit, HOVs, HOT lanes) or park and ride lots. The proposed access will be designed to meet or exceed current standards (23 CFR 625.2(a), 625.4(a)(2), and 655.603(d)). |
| X |  | Policy Point 5: The proposal considers and is consistent with local and regional land use and transportation plans. Prior to receiving final approval, all requests for new or revised access must be included in an adopted Metropolitan Transportation Plan, in the adopted Statewide or Metropolitan Transportation Improvement Program (STIP or TIP), and the Congestion Management Process within transportation management areas, as appropriate, and as specified in 23 CFR part 450, and the transportation conformity requirements of 40 CFR parts 51 and 93. |
| X |  | Policy Point 6: In corridors where the potential exists for future multiple interchange additions, a comprehensive corridor or network study must accompany all requests for new or revised access with recommendations that address all of the proposed and desired access changes within the context of a longer-range system or network plan (23 U.S.C. 109(d), 23 CFR 625.2(a), 655.603(d), and 771.111). |
| X |  | Policy Point 7: When a new or revised access point is due to a new, expanded, or substantial change in current or planned future development or land use, requests must demonstrate appropriate coordination has occurred between the development and any proposed transportation system improvements ( 23 CFR 625.2(a) and 655.603(d)). The request must describe the commitments agreed upon to assure adequate collection and dispersion of the traffic resulting from the development with the adjoining local street network and Interstate access point (23 CFR 625.2(a) and 655.603(d)). |
| X |  | Policy Point 8: The proposal can be expected to be included as an alternative in the required environmental evaluation, review and processing. The proposal should include supporting information and current status of the environmental processing (23 CFR 771.111). |

## Concept 5 Review

Policy Point 1: "The need being addressed by the request cannot be adequately satisfied by existing interchanges to the Interstate, and/or local roads and streets in the corridor can neither provide the desired access, nor can they be reasonably improved (such as access control along surface streets, improving traffic control, modifying ramp terminals and intersections, adding turn bays or lengthening storage) to satisfactorily accommodate the design-year traffic demands (23 CFR 625.2(a))."

| Addressed <br> Adequately? |  |  | Question | Reference Location |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y | N | N/A |  |  |
| X |  |  | Does the access request clearly describe the need and purpose of the proposal and identify project goals and objectives that are specific and measurable? | Sect. 1.2 and 3.6 (PP1) |
| X |  |  | Is the proposal in the best interest of the public, or does it merely serve a narrow interest? | Sect. 1.2 (P1) and 3.6 (PP1) |
| X |  |  | Is the proposal serving a regional transportation need, or is it merely compensating for deficiencies in the local network of arterials and collectors? | Sect. 1.2 (P1) and 3.6 (PP1) |
|  |  | X | In lieu of granting new access, is there any reasonable alternative consisting of improvements to the existing roadway(s) or adjacent access points that could serve the need and purpose? | This request is for modification of an existing interchange. |
| X |  |  | Has the evaluation of existing interchanges and the local road network taken into account all proposed improvements currently identified in the State and/or Regional Long Range Plan? | Sect. 3.6 (PP5-P1) |
| X |  |  | Will the proposed change in access result in needed upgrades or improvements to the cross road for a significant distance away from the interchange? | Sect. 1.4 (SR 222 Study), 2.4, and 3.6 (PP1-P3); Fig. 3.1 and 3.2; App. B |

Policy Point 2: "The need being addressed by the request cannot be adequately satisfied by reasonable transportation system management (such as ramp metering, mass transit, and HOV facilities), geometric design, and alternative improvements to the Interstate without the proposed change(s) in access (23 CFR 625.2(a))."

| Addressed Adequately? |  |  | Question | Reference Location |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y | N | N/A |  |  |
| X |  |  | Was FHWA actively involved in preliminary studies and decisions? If not, then more detailed information may be required in support of proposed action. | FHWA attended a design concept meeting at TDOT on 8/23/2010. <br> Sect. 3.5 (P1) |
| X |  |  | Did the study area cover sufficient area to allow for an evaluation of all reasonable alternatives? | Sect. 1.3 (P3), 2.4 (Traffic Volume Diagrams), and 3.6 (PP2); Fig. 1.1 |
| X |  |  | Was a No-Build Alternative evaluated? | Sect. 2.4 (P1)(No-Build Alternative), 3.1 (Ramp Terminal Intersections), 3.5 (Viable Concepts), 3.6 (PP2-P1)(PP3-P1), and 4.0 (P1\&P2); Tables 2.3 and 3.7 |
| X |  |  | Considering the context of the proposal, is this the best location for the proposed new interchange? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sect. } 3.5 \text { (P1) and } 3.6 \text { (PP2- } \\ & \text { P2) } \end{aligned}$ |
| X |  |  | Were different interchange configurations (Tight diamond, SPDI, Parclo) considered? | AASHTO Greenbook Chapter 10 Sect. 2.4 (Concepts) and 3.6 (PP2-P1); Table 2.3 |
| X |  |  | Were pedestrians and bicyclists considered in the alternative evaluation? | Sect. 3.6 (PP2-P2) and 3.6 (PP3-P4) |
| X |  |  | Was there an evaluation of different intersection configurations (stop control, signal, roundabout, free right turns, etc?) | Sect. 3.1 (P4) and 3.6 (PP2P1); Tables 3.7 and 3.8 |
| X |  |  | Have Transportation Systems Management (i.e. HOV, ITS, Ramp Metering, Transit etc.) options been evaluated as an alternative to a new or modification to an existing interchange? | This request is for modification of an existing interchange. <br> Sect. 3.6 (PP2-P3) |

## Concept 5 Review

| X |  |  | Did the report discuss how TSM alternatives were evaluated and <br> eliminated from consideration? | Sect. 3.6 (PP2-P3) |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | X | Does the proposal consider any future planned TSM strategies and is the <br> design consistent with the ability to implement the future TSM <br> strategies? | The design is consistent with <br> future TSM strategies, but <br> none were considered in the <br> study. |  |

Policy Point 3: "An operational and safety analysis has concluded that the proposed change in access does not have a significant adverse impact on the safety and operation of the Interstate facility (which includes mainline lanes, existing, new, or modified ramps, ramp intersections with crossroad) or on the local street network based on both the current and the planned future traffic projections. The analysis shall, particularly in urbanized areas, include at least the first adjacent existing or proposed interchange on either side of the proposed change in access (23 CFR 625.2(a), 655.603(d) and 771.111(f)). The crossroads and the local street network, to at least the first major intersection on either side of the proposed change in access, shall be included in this analysis to the extent necessary to fully evaluate the safety and operational impacts that the proposed change in access and other transportation improvements may have on the local street network (23 CFR 625.2(a) and 655.603(d)). Requests for a proposed change in access must include a description and assessment of the impacts and ability of the proposed changes to safely and efficiently collect, distribute and accommodate traffic on the Interstate facility, ramps, intersection of ramps with crossroad, and local street network (23 CFR 625.2(a) and 655.603(d)). Each request must also include a conceptual plan of the type and location of the signs proposed to support each design alternative (23 U.S.C. 109(d) and 23 CFR 655.603(d))."

| Addressed Adequately? |  |  | Question | Reference Location |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y | N | N/A |  |  |
| X |  |  | Does the report demonstrate that a proper traffic operational analysis was conducted? The analysis should include the applicable basic freeway segments, freeway weaving segments, freeway ramp segments, ramp junctions and crossroad intersections related to the proposed access point and at least the two adjacent interchanges. | Sect. 3.1(P4) and 3.6 (PP3P1); Tables 3.3-3.8 |
| X |  |  | Does the report include a safety analysis of the mainline, ramps and intersections of the proposed access point and the nearest adjacent interchange (provided they are near enough that it is reasonable to assume there may be impacts)? | Sect. 3.1 (P4), 3.5 (P1), and 3.6 (PP3-P1\&P2); Tables 3.3-3.8 |
| X |  |  | Has the design traffic volume been validated? | Sect. 2.3 (P1) and 3.6 (PP3P1) |
| X |  |  | Does the report include verification that the data used in the traffic analysis is consistent with the traffic and air quality models MPOs use to develop their current Transportation Plan (20-year) and Transportation Improvement Program (TIP)? | Sect. 2.3 (P1); App. A |
| X |  |  | Does the report include a design period of 20 years commencing at the time of project approval (PS\&E approval)? | Sect. 2.3 (Horizon Years and Time Periods Analyzed) |
| X |  |  | Does the report include quantitative analyses and results to identify operational differences between alternatives that are heavily congested? | Sect. 3.1 (Ramp Terminal Intersections) and 3.6 (PP2P1); Table 3.7 |
| X |  |  | Has a conceptual signing plan been provided? | Viable Concepts 1\&5; Sect. 3.6 (PP3-P4); App. B |
| X |  |  | Is guidance signing (i.e., way-finding or trail blazing signs) clear and simple? | MUTCD Chapter 2E: Guide <br> Signs - Freeways and <br> Expressways <br> Sect. 3.6 (PP3-P4) |
|  | X |  | Do the results of the operational analysis result in a significant adverse impact to existing or future conditions? | Sect. 3.1 (Capacity Analysis Results) and 3.6 (PP3-P1); Tables 3.3-3.8 |
| X |  |  | Will the proposed change in access result in needed upgrades or improvements to the cross road for a significant distance away from the interchange? If so, have impacts to the local network been disclosed and fully evaluated?" | SR 222 would be upgraded as part of the Megasite development. <br> Sect. 2.4 (P2) and 3.6 (PP1P3) |

## Concept 5 Review

| X |  | Are the cross roads or adjacent surface level roads and intersections affected by the proposed access point analyzed to the extent (length) where impacts caused or affecting the new proposed access point are disclosed to the appropriate managing jurisdiction? | Sect. 3.6 (PP3-P3) and 4.1 (Local Agency Letters) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| X |  | Are pedestrian and/or bicycle facilities included (as appropriate) and do these facilities provide for reasonable accommodation? | Sect. 3.6 (PP2-P2) and 3.6 (PP3-P4) |
| X |  | Does the proposed access secure sufficient Limits of Access adjacent to the Interchange ramps? | AASHTO's "A Policy on Design Standards Interstate System, 2005" Pg. 2; NCHRP Synthesis 332 Sect. 2.4 (P2), 3.5 (P4), and 3.6 (PP4-P2) |
| X |  | Does the proximity of the nearest crossroad intersections to the ramps contribute to safety or operational problems? Can they be mitigated?? | Sect. 2.4 (Concepts), 3.1, and 3.6 (PP3-P3) |
|  | X | In addition to HCS, what analysis tools were employed and were they appropriate? | HCS only. |
| X |  | Has the proposal distinguished between nominal safety (i.e. adherence to design policies and standards) and substantive safety (actual and expected safety performance)? | Safety was considered throughout the study in the development of the concepts. <br> Fig. 3.1 and 3.2; App. B |
| X |  | Will any individual elements within the recommended alternative be degraded operationally as a result of this action? If yes, are reasons provided to accept them? | Acceptable LOS were obtained from the capacity analysis results. <br> Sect. 3.1 (Capacity Analysis Results) and 3.6 (PP3-P1); Tables 3.3-3.8 |
| X |  | In evaluating whether the proposal has a "significant adverse impact" on safety, has the State Strategic Highway Safety Plan been used as a benchmark? | Safety was considered throughout the study in the development of the concepts. <br> Sect. 3.6 (PP3-P4); Fig. 3.1 and 3.2; App. B |
| X |  | Are the proposed interchange design configurations able to satisfactorily accommodate the design year traffic volumes? | Sect. 3.1 (Capacity Analysis Results) and 3.6 (PP3-P1); Tables 3.3-3.8 |
| X |  | If the project is to be built in stages, has the traffic operational and safety analyses considered the interim stages of the proposal? | Project is being built in one stage. |

Policy Point 4: "The proposed access connects to a public road only and will provide for all traffic movements. Less than "full interchanges" may be considered on a case-by-case basis for applications requiring special access for managed lanes (e.g., transit, HOVs, HOT lanes) or park and ride lots. The proposed access will be designed to meet or exceed current standards (23 CFR 625.2(a), 625.4(a)(2), and 655.603(d))."

| Addressed Adequately? |  |  | Question | Reference Location |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y | N | N/A |  |  |
| X |  |  | Does the proposed access connect to a public road? | Sect. 2.4 (P2), 3.5 (P1), 3.6 (PP3-P3), and 3.6 (PP4-P2); Fig. 3.1 and 3.2; App. B |
| X |  |  | Are all traffic movements for full interchange access provided? | Sect. 2.4 (P2), 3.5, and 3.6 (PP4-P1); Fig. 3.1 and 3.2; App. B |
|  |  | X | If not, is the proposed access for special purposes such as transit vehicles, HOVs, and/or a park and ride lot? | Providing for a full interchange. |
|  |  | X | If a partial interchange is proposed, is there sufficient justification for providing only a partial interchange? | AASHTO Greenbook 2004 Pg. 821-823 <br> Providing for a full interchange. |
|  |  | X | If a partial interchange is proposed; was a full interchange evaluated as an alternative and is there sufficient justification to eliminate or discard it? | Providing for a full interchange. |

## Concept 5 Review

Policy Point 4: "The proposed access connects to a public road only and will provide for all traffic movements. Less than "full interchanges" may be considered on a case-by-case basis for applications requiring special access for managed lanes (e.g., transit, HOVs, HOT lanes) or park and ride lots. The proposed access will be designed to meet or exceed current standards (23 CFR 625.2(a), 625.4(a)(2), and 655.603(d))."

| Addressed Adequately? |  |  | Question | Reference Location |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y | N | N/A |  |  |
|  |  | X | Is sufficient ROW available (or being acquired) to provide a full interchange at a future date (staged construction)? | Providing for a full interchange. |
|  |  | X | Are you comfortable with how the missing movements will be accommodated on the surface streets and adjacent interchanges? | Providing for a full interchange. |
| X |  |  | Does FHWA support the selection of design controls/criteria and desired operational goals? | Sect. 2.4 (Concepts), 3.1 (Capacity Analysis Results), 3.5 (P1), and 3.6 (PP4-P2); Tables 3.3-3.8 |
| X |  |  | Does the proposed access meet or exceed current design standards for the Interstate System? | AASHTO’s Greenbook and A Policy on Design Standards Interstate System, 2005 <br> Sect. 2.4 (Concepts), 3.5 (P1), and 3.6 (PP4-P2) |
|  |  | X | If not, have anticipated design exceptions been identified and reviewed (at least conceptually)? | Concept meets current design standards |
|  |  | X | If expected design exceptions could have significant operational impacts on the Interstate and/or Crossroad system, are mitigation measures described? | Concept meets current design standards |
| X |  |  | Will the length of access control along the crossroad provide for acceptable operations and safety? (100-300' is a minimum. Additional access control is strongly encouraged when needed for safety and operational enhancement) | AASHTO "A Policy on Design Standards Interstate System" 2005 Sect. 2.4 (P2), 3.5 (P4), and 3.6 (PP4-P2) |
| X |  |  | Does FHWA support selection of opening and design years? | Sect. 2.3 (Horizon Year and Time Periods Analyzed) |
| X |  |  | Has each movement of the proposal been "tested" for ease of operation? | AASHTO Greenbook 2004 Pg. 863 <br> Sect. 2.4 (Concepts), 3.1 (Capacity Analysis Results), 3.6 (PP3-P1), and 3.6 (PP4P2); Table 3.7 |

Have all design criteria (including but not limited to the following) been adequately addressed?

| X |  |  | a. Sight distance at ramp terminals (Don't overlook signal heads <br> obscured by structures.) | AASHTO Greenbook 2004 <br> Pg. 841 <br> Sect. 2.4 (Concepts), 3.5 <br> (P1), and 3.6 (PP4-P2) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| X |  |  | b. Sufficient storage on ramp to prevent queues from spilling on to the <br> Interstate (based on current and/or future projected traffic demand) | Sect. 2.4 (Concepts), 3.5 <br> (P1), and 3.6 (PP4-P2) |
| X |  |  | c. Vertical clearance | AASHTO "A Policy on <br> Design Standards Interstate <br> System" 2005 <br> Sect. 2.4 (Concepts), 3.5 <br> (P1), and 3.6 (PP4-P2) |
| X |  |  | d. Pedestrian access through the interchange | AASHTO Greenbook 2004 <br> Pg. 864 |
| X |  |  |  | Sect. 2.4 (Concepts), 3.5 <br> (P1), and 3.6 (PP2-P2) and <br> 3.6 (PP3-P4) |

## Concept 5 Review

Policy Point 4: "The proposed access connects to a public road only and will provide for all traffic movements. Less than "full interchanges" may be considered on a case-by-case basis for applications requiring special access for managed lanes (e.g., transit, HOVs, HOT lanes) or park and ride lots. The proposed access will be designed to meet or exceed current standards (23 CFR 625.2(a), 625.4(a)(2), and 655.603(d))."

| Addressed Adequately? |  |  | Question | Reference Location |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y | N | N/A |  |  |
| X |  |  | f. Length of tapers | AASHTO Greenbook 2004 <br> Pg. 849 <br> Sect. 2.4 (Concepts), 3.5 <br> (P1), and 3.6 (PP4-P2) |
| X |  |  | g. Spacing between ramps | Greenbook pg 843 \& Ex. 1068 and operational analysis Sect. 2.4 (Concepts), 3.5 (P1), and 3.6 (PP4-P2) |
| X |  |  | h. Lane continuity | AASHTO Greenbook 2004 <br> Pg. 810 <br> Sect. 2.4 (Concepts), 3.5 <br> (P1), and 3.6 (PP4-P2) |
| X |  |  | i. Lane balance | AASHTO Greenbook 2004 Pg. 810 AASHTO Greenbook 2004 Pg. 807 Sect. 2.4 (Concepts), 3.5 (P1), and 3.6 (PP4-P2) |
| X |  |  | j. Uniformity in interchange design and operational patterns (i.e. rightside ramps, exit design consistent w/adjacent interchanges) | Sect. 2.4 (Concepts), 3.5 (P1), and 3.6 (PP4-P2) |

Policy Point 5: "The proposal considers and is consistent with local and regional land use and transportation plans. Prior to receiving final approval, all requests for new or revised access must be included in an adopted Metropolitan Transportation Plan, in the adopted Statewide or Metropolitan Transportation Improvement Program (STIP or TIP), and the Congestion Management Process within transportation management areas, as appropriate, and as specified in 23 CFR part 450 , and the transportation conformity requirements of 40 CFR parts 51 and 93. ."

| Addressed <br> Adequately? |  |  | Question | Reference Location |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{Y}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | N/A |  | Does the IJR discuss or include (as appropriate) other project(s), studies <br> or planned actions that may have an effect on the report analysis results? | Sect. 1.4 (4 Projects Listed) <br> and 3.6 (PP5-P1) |
| X |  |  | Does the project conform to the local planning, MPO or other related <br> plans? | Sect. 3.6 (PP5-P1) |  |
| X |  |  |  | Does the report include an endorsement of land use plans by the <br> appropriate government entity before it is utilized for traffic generation <br> purposes? | Existing land use is rural <br> agriculture |
| X |  |  | Is the access request located within a Transportation Management <br> Areas? (TMAs are metropolitan areas of 200,000 or more in population) | http://hepgis.fhwa.dot.gov/he <br> pgis_v2/Urbanboundaries/M <br> ap.aspx <br> Sect. 3.6 (PP5-P2) |  |
| X |  |  | Is the access request located within a non-attainment area for air quality? <br> (requests for access in a non-attainment or maintenance areas for air <br> quality must be a part of a conforming transportation plan) | Sect. 3.6 (PP5-P2) |  |
| X |  | Is the project included in the TIP/STIP and LRTP? |  |  |  |
| X |  | Is the access point covered as a part of an Interstate corridor study or <br> plan? (especially important for areas where the potential exists for <br> construction of future adjacent interchanges) | Sect. 3.6 (PP5-P2) |  |  |

Policy Point 6: "In corridors where the potential exists for future multiple interchange additions, a comprehensive corridor or network study must accompany all requests for new or revised access with recommendations that address all of the proposed and desired access changes within the context of a longer-range system or network plan (23 U.S.C. 109(d), 23 CFR 625.2(a), 655.603(d), and 771.111)."

Question
Reference Location

## Concept 5 Review

| $\mathbf{Y}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{N} / \mathbf{A}$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| X |  |  | Is it possible that new interchange(s) not addressed in the IJR could be <br> added within an area of influence to the proposed access point? (If so, <br> could the proposal preclude or otherwise be affected by any future access <br> points?) | Sect. 3.6 (PP6-P1\&P2) |
| X |  | X | Does the IJR report include the traffic volumes generated by any future <br> additional interchanges within a vicinity of influence that are proposed? | No planned future <br> interchanges. |
|  |  | Does the IJR report fail to include any other proposed interstate access <br> points within a vicinity of influence that are being proposed or are in the <br> current long range construction program? | Sect. 1.4 (1 Potential Project <br> Listed) and 3.6 (PP6- <br> P1\&P2) |  |

Policy Point 7: "When a new or revised access point is due to a new, expanded, or substantial change in current or planned future development or land use, requests must demonstrate appropriate coordination has occurred between the development and any proposed transportation system improvements (23 CFR 625.2(a) and 655.603(d)). The request must describe the commitments agreed upon to assure adequate collection and dispersion of the traffic resulting from the development with the adjoining local street network and Interstate access point (23 CFR 625.2(a) and 655.603(d))."

| Addressed Adequately? |  |  | Question | Reference Location |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y | N | N/A |  |  |
| X |  |  | Does the access request adequately demonstrate that an appropriate effort of coordination has been made with appropriate proposed developments? | Sect. 2.3 (Megasite and Other Assumed Developments) and 3.6 (PP7-P1); Table 2.2 |
| X |  |  | Are the proposed improvements compatible with the existing street network or are other improvements needed? | Sect. 2.4 (Concepts), 3.1, and 3.6 (PP3-P3); Fig. 3.1 and 3.2; App. B |
| X |  |  | Are there any pre-condition contingencies required in regards to the timing of other improvements? | Sect. 3.6 (PP7-P3) |
| X |  |  | Have all commitments to improve the local transportation network been included in a TIP/STIP/LRTP prior to the Interstate access approval (final approval of NEPA document)? | Sect. 1.4 (P1) and 3.6 (PP7P2) |
|  |  | X | If pre-condition contingencies are required, are pertinent parties in agreement with these contingencies and is this documented? | No pre-conditions are required. |
|  |  | X | If the proposed improvements are founded on the need for providing access to new development, are appropriate commitments in place to ensure that the development will likely occur as planned? | No commitments are required. |
|  |  | X | If project is privately funded, are appropriate measures in place to ensure improvements will be completed if the developer is unable to meet financial obligations? | Project is not privately funded. |
| X |  |  | If the purpose and need to accommodate new development/traffic demands aren't fully known, is a worst case scenario used for future traffic? | Sect. 2.3 and 3.6 (PP7-P1); <br> Table 2.2 |
| X |  |  | Does the project require financial or infrastructure commitments from other agencies, organizations, or private entities? | Sect. 3.6 (PP7-P3) |

Policy Point 8: "The proposal can be expected to be included as an alternative in the required environmental evaluation, review and processing. The proposal should include supporting information and current status of the environmental
processing (23 CFR 771.111)."

| Addressed Adequately? |  |  | Question | Reference Location |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y | N | N/A |  |  |
| X |  |  | Are there any known social or environmental issues that could affect the proposal? | Sect. 2.2 (P1\&P2) and 3.6 (PP8-P2) |
| X |  |  | Is the project consistent with the current TIP/STIP and LRTP and/or proposed amendments to the plan? | Sect. 3.6 (PP5-P1)(PP8-P2) |
| X |  |  | Although NEPA is a separate action, is an environmental overview for the proposed improvements included? | Sect. 2.2 (P2) and 3.6 (PP8P2) |

## Concept 5 Review

| X |  |  | Is it appropriate to emphasize to the project stakeholders that the access <br> approval will be handled as a two-step process? (i.e. Step 1: Engineering <br> and Operational Acceptability and Step 2: Environmental Approvals) | Sect. 3.6 (PP8-P2) <br> X |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Reference Location Legend: P\# = Paragraph Number; PP\# = Policy Point Number

### 4.0 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

As discussed in Section 3.5, this study determined that the following options are considered viable for this interchange location:

- Concept 1 - Partial Traditional Diamond located east of the existing interchange.
- Concept 5 - Combined Traditional/Tight Diamond located at the existing interchange.
- No-Build Alternative.

The No-Build Alternative was determined viable option if the Megasite is not developed. However, if the Megasite is developed, then the No-Build Alternative is a non-viable concept because the capacity of the existing interchange will not be satisfied (LOS F conditions) in the future 2034 design year.

Between the viable construction concepts, TDOT and ECD both prefer Concept 1 since the l-40 eastbound to S.R. 222 northbound traffic movement would be free-flow via a single lane loop ramp and removed from signalization as required with Concept 5 . This traffic movement is the highest turning movement within the interchange totaling 586 vehicles during the 2034 morning peak period. The construction cost for both of these concepts are similar with Concept 1 (\$13.1 million) being slightly less than Concept 5 ( $\$ 13.2$ million).

At this time, a tenant for the Megasite has not been identified. However, if a tenant is identified and the Megasite is developed, these proposed modifications will be needed to meet the passenger and freight transportation needs and to support the future logical pattern of development within the study area. Without the construction of one of these two (2) viable concepts, the existing level of service (LOS) at the I-40/S.R. 222 interchange will be LOS F which includes the development of the Megasite. The service life of the viable concepts along with the development of the Megasite will exceed the 2034 planning horizon.

### 4.1 TDOT Design Concurrence Letter and Local Agency Letters of Support

The TDOT Design concurrence letter and three (3) letters of local agency support are included on subsequent pages.


STATE OF TENNESSEE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37243-0340

## MEMORANDUM

TO: $\quad$ Steve Allen, Director, Project Planning Division
FROM: Carolyn Stonecipher, Director, Design Division
DATE: $\quad$ September 9, 2010
SUBJECT: Interchange Modification Study
Interstate 40 at State Route 222 (exit 42)
Fayette County

The subject Interchange Modification Study has been reviewed by my office and we concur with the conceptual plan as shown.

Please advise if this office can be of further assistance.

CAS:rdb

## HAYWOOD COUNTY

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TELEPHONE (731) 772-1432


## OFFICE OF COUNTY MAYOR

## 0000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000

COURTHOUSE
1 NORTH WASHINGTON • BROWNSVILLE, TN 38012


STATEOFTENNESSEE DEPT. OFTRANSPORTATION RECEIVED

JUN 22009
May 19, 2009

Paul Leges, P.E.
Chief Engineer
Tennessee Department of Transportation
James K. Polk Building
505 Deaderick Street, Suite 700
Nashville, TN 37243-0349
Dear Mr. Degges:
The purpose of this letter is to support efforts by the Tennessee Department of Transportation to get operational approvals for proposed interchange studies along Interstate 40 in Haywood and Fayette Counties. We appreciate the opportunity to express our preferences on your conceptual drawings of the interchanges and commend your staff for their hard work.

As you know, the interchange at Exit 42 is currently insufficient to serve the I-40 Advantage Auto Park in Haywood County, assuming that a large project decides to locate on this TVA-certified megasite. Improvements to the existing interchange at SR 222, as shown on Concept 1, will add that capability and we respectfully ask you to submit an Interchange Modification Study to the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA).

Furthermore, a new I-40 interchange will be necessary if the megasite develops as expected. Another interchange at about mile marker 44, as shown on Concept 4, would provide additional interstate highway access to an assembly plant and adjoining supplier park. Again, we ask you to submit an Interchange Justification Study to FHWA in conjunction with the aforementioned Modification Study of Exit 42.

Having these interchange studies approved would make the megasite even more attractive to industrial prospects and ye appreciate your willingness) to seek the operational approvals mentioned above.


# Tome of Wanton 

8 MAIN STREET<br>PRO. BOX 97<br>STANTON, TENNESSEE 38069<br>731-548-2565

May 19, 2009
Paul Leges, P.E.
Chief Engineer
Tennessee Department of Transportation
James K. Polk Building
505 Deaderick Street, Suite 700
Nashville, TN 37243-0349
Dear Mr. Degges:
The purpose of this letter is to support efforts by the Tennessee Department of Transportation to get operational approvals for proposed interchange studies along Interstate 40 in Haywood and Fayette Counties. We appreciate the opportunity to express our preferences on your conceptual drawings of the interchanges and commend your staff for their hard work.

As you know, the interchange at Exit 42 is currently insufficient to serve the I-40 Advantage Auto Park in Haywood County, assuming that a large project decides to locate on this TVA-certified megasite. Improvements to the existing interchange at SR 222, as shown on Concept 1 , will add that capability and we respectfully ask you to submit an Interchange Modification Study to the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA).

Furthermore, a new I-40 interchange will be necessary if the megasite develops as expected. Another interchange at about mile marker 44, as shown on Concept 4, would provide additional interstate highway access to an assembly plant and adjoining supplier park. Again, we ask you to submit an Interchange Justification Study to FHWA in conjunction with the aforementioned Modification Study of Exit 42.

Having these interchange studies approved would make the megasite even more attractive to industrial prospects and we appreciate your willingness to seek the operational approvals mentioned above.

Respectfully,


Mayor of Stanton


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JUN 2 2009
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ChiEF ENGINEER

## 111 North Washington

P.O. Box 375

Brownsville, TN 38012
(731)772-1212

May 26, 2009
Paul Leges, P.E.
Chief Engineer
Tennessee Department of Transportation James K. Polk Building
505 Deaderick Street, Suite 700
Nashville, TN 37243-0349
Dear Mr. Degges:

The purpose of this letter is to support efforts by the Tennessee Department of Transportation to get operational approvals for proposed interchange studies along Interstate 40 in Haywood and Fayette Counties. We appreciate the opportunity to express our preferences on your conceptual drawings of the interchanges and commend your staff for their hard work.

As you know, the interchange at Exit $\mathbf{4 2}$ is currently insufficient to serve the I-40 Advantage Auto Park in Haywood County, assuming that a large project decides to locate on the TVA-certified mega site. Improvements to the existing interchange at SR 222, as shown on Concept 1 , will add that capability and we respectfully ask you to submit an Interchange Modification Study to the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA).

Furthermore, a new I-40 interchange will be necessary if the mega site develops as expected. Another interchange at about mile marker 44, as shown on Concept 4, would provide additional interstate highway access to an assembly plant and adjoining supplier park. Again, we ask you to submit an Interchange Justification Study to FHWA in conjunction with the aforementioned Modification Study of Exit 42.

Having these interchange studies approved would make the mega site even more attractive to industrial prospects and we appreciate your willingness to seek the operational approvals mentioned above.

Respectfully,

## MuNG 7/3 nne

Webb F. Banks, Mayor

## APPENDIX A

## TRAFFIC DATA

## TDOT TRAFFIC VOLUME

 APPROVAL LETTER

STATE OF TENNESSEE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION PROJECT PLANNING DIVISION SUITE 1000, JAMES K. POLK BUILDING

505 Deaderick Street
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37243-0344

| John Schroer | Bill Haslam <br> Governor |
| :--- | :--- |

April 14, 2011

Mr. Steve Bryan
TranSystems
5500 Franklin Pike Suite 202
Nashville, TN 37220

Subject: Updated Traffic Volume Projections for I-40 between Exit 35 and Exit 47
Fayette and Haywood Counties
Dear Mr. Bryan,
We have checked and reviewed the traffic forecasts you submitted on April 5, 2011 for the subject project. All traffic volumes and DHVs have our approval. If you have any questions, please contact me at (615) 741-5786 or via email at gregory.dyer@tn.gov.

Sincerely,


Greg Dyer
Roadway Specialist 2

CC : Mr. Tony Armstrong

2014 AND 2034
TRAFFIC DIAGRAMS


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2014 \text { PM DHV - } 000
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2014 AM DHV - 000
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FAYETTE COUNTY
I-40 AT SR 59 (EXIT 35)
2014 DESIGN HOUR VOLUMES


2014 PM DHV - 000
2014 AM DHV - 000
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FAYETTE COUNTY
I-40 AT SR 222 (EXIT 42)
2014 DESIGN HOUR VOLUMES


> 2014 PM DHV - 000
> 2014 AM DHV - 000



> 2034 PM DHV - 000
> 2034 AM DHV - 000

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FAYETTE COUNTY
I-40 AT SR 59 (EXIT 35)
2034 DESIGN HOUR VOLUMES



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MEGASITE AND OTHER DEVELOPMENTS TRIP DISTRIBUTION PERCENTAGES

AM/PM PEAK HOUR AND DAILY TRIPS



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## SUPPORT DATA




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| 05 | 1985 | 1,765 | 1.708 | 1.690 | 0.99 |  |
| 45 | 1986 | 1,741 | 1,828 | 1.810 | 0.99 |  |
| 03 | 1987 | 1,330 |  | 1.651 | 0.99 |  |
| 05 | 1988 | 2.489 |  | 2.122 | 10.99 |  |
| 05 | 1989 | 2183 |  | 2.142 | 1.99 |  |
| 44 | 1990 | 2,195 |  | 3.095 | 0.99 |  |
| 44 | 1991 | 1.988 | 1.99 | 1.977 | 0,99 |  |
| 05 | 1903 | 2.079 | 2,017 | 2.017 | 0.99 |  |
| 04 | 1998 | 2.169 | 2,126 | 2104 | 0.99 |  |
| 14 | 1904 | $3280$ | $2,185$ | 2.164 | 0.99 | . |
| 06 | 1995 | 2.173 | 4,933 | 1.913 | 0.99 |  |
| 05 | 1996 | 2216 | $2.1 \times 5$ | 2.163 | 029 |  |
| 65 | 1993 | 2.446 | 2.299 | 2, 276 | D.94 |  |
| 05 | 1998 | 2.183 | 2079 | 2058 | 144 |  |
| 05 | 1999 | $2,620$ | $2.279$ | $2,236$ | 0.99 |  |
| 06 | 2004 | 3, 157 | 2404 | 2875 | 0.99 |  |
| 04 | 2001 | 237 | 2,21 | 2209 | 0.99 |  |
| 02 | 3012 | $2,360$ | $2,252$ | $2320$ | $0.99$ |  |
| 04 | 2103 | 2,599 | 2,509 | 2,482 | 0.99 |  |
| 66 | 304 | 0 | 11 | 2441 | 0.99 | Cst |
| 03 | 2015 | 2,865 | 28.37 | 2,805 | 0.99 |  |
| 03 | 2046 | 3,2,4 | 3202 | 3,170 | 0.99 |  |
| 12 | 2017 | $2.122$ | $2.807$ | $2794$ | $0.99$ |  |
| 06 | 21008 | 2,679 | 2,599 | 2,573 | 0.99 |  |
| 04 | 2109 | 2,666 | 2.350 | 23511 | 0.94 | USTDCLASSCOUNT |
| 06 | 2010 | 2911 | 2765 | 2.738 | 19.99 |  LASTTNOYEARS catMTle |



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| (16) | 2000 | 1,980 | 1,921 | 1,912 | 0.99 | SCIHOM OUT |  |
| 0. | 2001 | 3,301 | 3169 | 3,137 | 009 |  |  |
| 0 | 2012 | 11 | 0 | 4.372 | 099 | 1st |  |
| 114 | 2003 | 3.031 | 2989 | 2,960 | 0.99 | ```AMOTLESSTHAN EXPLCTEO YALUL BASED ONPEEVIOUS VRARS OATA``` |  |
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| 1010 | 2004 | 3.211 | 3.101 | 3076 | 0.99 |  |  |
| 03 | 2005 | 2,724 | 2,95 | 2.725 | 0.99 |  |  |
| 04 | 2006 | 3,315 | 3.168 | 3.137 | 099 | OK- ste 204 |  |
| 02 | 2007 | 2,344 | 2,839 | 2844 | 0.92 |  |  |
| 08 | 2008 | 2704 | 2,619 | 2.593 | 0.99 |  |  |
| 05 | 2009 | 3,445 | 2897 | 2864 | 0,99 |  |  |
| 06 | 2010 | 2,865 | 2,72 | 3,699 | 0.99 |  |  |




| $\square$ | 0.02 |
| :---: | :---: |
| - | ${ }_{\text {gooz }}^{\text {goiz }}$ |
| - | [002 \% |
| \% |  |
| 4 | p00\% |
|  | ${ }_{2002}^{6002}$ |
| . | 1008 \% |
| $\square$ | 6661 |
|  | ${ }_{2651}^{8651}$ |
|  | ${ }_{9651} 26$ |
|  | ${ }^{95651}$ |
|  | ${ }^{6} 661$ E |
|  | ${ }_{1651}^{2651}$ |
|  | 0681 |
| $\cdots$ |  |
|  | 2865 |
|  | s861 |
|  |  |


Locatom: NEAR FAYETTE COLINE

Axle

| Month | Year | Average <br> Weelday <br> Trathic | Average <br> Daily <br> Trafle | Anmal <br> Average <br> Dally | Axle <br> Adfustment <br> Factor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05 | 1985 | 652 | 632 | 613 | 0.97 |
| 06 | 1986 | 642 | 642 | 623 | 0.97 |
| 04 | 1987 | 753 |  | 767 | 0.97 |
| 06 | 1988 | 808 |  | 722 | 0.97 |
| 06 | 1989 | 778 |  | 755 | 0.97 |
| 05 | 1990 | 853 |  | 819 | 0.97 |
| 05 | 1991 | 1,088 | 1,077 | 1,045 | 0.97 |
| 05 | 1992 | 956 | 937 | 909 | 0.97 |
| 05 | 1993 | 1,016 | 986 | 956 | 0.97 |
| 06 | 1994 | 834 | 809 | 785 | 0.97 |
| 06 | 1995 | 872 | 828 | 803 | 0.97 |
| 06 | 1996 | 945 | 898 | 871 | 0.97 |
| 05 | 1997 | 996 | 867 | 841 | 0.97 |
| 05 | 1998 | 1,052 | 989 | 959 | 0.97 |
| 06 | 1999 | 1,005 | 975 | 946 | 0.97 |
| 05 | 2000 | 935 | 879 | 853 | 0.97 |
| 05 | 2001 | 1,028 | 966 | 937 | 0.97 |
| 03 | 2002 | 957 | 986 | 956 | 0.97 |
| 06 | 2003 | 956 | 927 | 899 | 0.97 |
| 06 | 2004 | 0 | 0 | 964 | 0.97 |
| 06 | 2005 | 1,044 | 1,002 | 972 | 0.97 |
| 06 | 2006 | 1,037 | 985 | 956 | 0.97 |
| 05 | 2007 | 1,000 | 940 | 912 | 0.97 |
| 07 | 2008 | 942 | 914 | 886 | 0.97 |
| 05 | 2009 | 1,082 | 952 | 924 | 0.97 |
| 06 | 2010 | 0 | 0 | 890 | 0.89 |




-320- aveage daly traffc volu
(40) interstate higway srstem U0- 70 . NUMBERED HISHWAY SSSTEM 10- STAEE SECONOREY HIGHWAY SYTIEM 20- STATE PRMMARY HICGWaY SM

-     -         - Countr line
- =- state une
------- incobpooated ctry boundary
$\bar{\infty}$ WIDE STREAM


2009 TRAFFIC MAP
tennessee department of transportation TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
LONG RANGE AND PROJECT PLANNING DIVIIONS U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMIISTRATON



| County: | Haywood | Station Number: 000001 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Route: | I-40 | Station Type: | Interstate, Rural | Station Out: |


| Month | Year | Average <br> Weekday <br> Traffic | Average <br> Daily <br> Traffic | Annual <br> Average <br> Daily | Axle <br> Adjustment <br> Factor | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 07 | 2008 | 498 | 483 | 473 | 0.98 |  |
| 05 | 2009 | 512 | 517 | 507 | 0.98 |  |
| 06 | 2010 | 605 | 587 | 575 | 0.98 |  |



| County: | Haywood | Station Number: 000002 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Route: | I-40 | Station Type: | Interstate, Rural | Station Out: NO |
| Location: | SR-179 |  |  |  |


| Month | Year | Average <br> Weekday <br> Traffic | Average <br> Daily <br> Traffic | Annual <br> Average <br> Daily | Axle <br> Adjustment <br> Factor | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 07 | 2008 | 391 | 379 | 372 | 0.98 |  |
| 05 | 2009 | 432 | 436 | 428 | 0.98 |  |
| 06 | 2010 | 495 | 480 | 471 | 0.98 |  |



| County: | Haywood | Station Number: 000003 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Route: | I-40 | Station Type: | Interstate, Rural | Station Out: NO |

Location: SR-179

| Month | Year | Average <br> Weekday <br> Traffic | Average <br> Daily <br> Traffic | Annual <br> Average <br> Daily | Axle <br> Adjustment <br> Factor | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 07 | 2008 | 487 | 472 | 463 | 0.98 |  |
| 05 | 2009 | 447 | 451 | 442 | 0.98 |  |
| 06 | 2010 | 503 | 423 | 414 | 0.98 |  |



| County: | Haywood | Station Number: 000004 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Route: | I-40 | Station Type: | Interstate, Rural | Station Out: NO |
| Location: | SR-179 |  |  |  |


| Month | Year | Average <br> Weekday Traffic | Average <br> Daily <br> Traffic | Annual <br> Average Daily | Axle Adjustment Factor | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 07 | 2008 | 560 | 543 | 532 | 0.98 |  |
| 05 | 2009 | 475 | 480 | 470 | 0.98 |  |
| 06 | 2010 | 582 | 565 | 553 | 0.98 |  |
|  |  | 600 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 500 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 400 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 300 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 200 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 100 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Line b | years 2008 | $2010$ |  |



| County: | Fayette | Station Number: 000005 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Route: | I-40 | Station Type: | Interstate, Rural | Station Out: NO |
| Location: | SR-222 |  |  |  |


| Month | Year | Average <br> Weekday <br> Traffic | Average <br> Daily <br> Traffic | Annual <br> Average <br> Daily | Axle <br> Adjustment <br> Factor | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 09 | 2008 | 2,694 | 2,478 | 2,429 | 0.98 |  |
| 05 | 2009 | 2,922 | 2,805 | 2,749 | 0.98 |  |
| 06 | 2010 | 3,464 | 3,152 | 3,089 | 0.98 |  |



| County: | Fayette | Station Number: 000006 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Route: | I-40 | Station Type: | Interstate, Rural | Station Out: NO |
| Location: | SR-222 |  |  |  |


| Month | Year | Average <br> Weekday <br> Traffic | Average <br> Daily <br> Traffic | Annual <br> Average <br> Daily | Axle <br> Adjustment <br> Factor | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 09 | 2008 | 2,496 | 2,296 | 2,250 | 0.98 |  |
| 05 | 2009 | 2,419 | 2,322 | 2,276 | 0.98 |  |
| 06 | 2010 | 3,252 | 2,959 | 2,900 | 0.98 |  |



| County: | Fayette | Station Number: 000007 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Route: | I-40 | Station Type: | Interstate, Rural | Station Out: |


| Month | Year | Average <br> Weekday <br> Traffic | Average <br> Daily <br> Traffic | Annual <br> Average <br> Daily | Axle <br> Adjustment <br> Factor | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 08 | 2008 | 1,630 | 1,614 | 1,581 | 0.98 |  |
| 05 | 2009 | 1,551 | 1,489 | 1,459 | 0.98 |  |
| 06 | 2010 | 1,831 | 1,666 | 1,633 | 0.98 |  |



| County: | Fayette | Station Number: 000008 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Route: | I-40 | Station Type: | Interstate, Rural | Station Out: NO |
| Location: | SR-222 |  |  |  |


| Month | Year | Average <br> Weekday <br> Traffic | Average <br> Daily <br> Traffic | Annual <br> Average <br> Daily | Axle <br> Adjustment <br> Factor | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 09 | 2008 | 1,852 | 1,704 | 1,670 | 0.98 |  |
| 05 | 2009 | 1,762 | 1,692 | 1,658 | 0.98 |  |
| 06 | 2010 | 1,991 | 1,812 | 1,776 | 0.98 |  |




| County: | Fayette | Station Number: 000001 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Route: | I-40 | Station Type: | Interstate, Rural | Station Out: NO |
| Location: | SR-59 |  |  |  |


| Month | Year | Average <br> Weekday <br> Traffic | Average <br> Daily <br> Traffic | Annual <br> Average <br> Daily | Axle <br> Adjustment <br> Factor | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 09 | 2008 | 2,421 | 2,227 | 2,183 | 0.98 |  |
| 05 | 2009 | 2,302 | 2,210 | 2,166 | 0.98 |  |
| 06 | 2010 | 2,316 | 1,945 | 1,907 | 0.98 |  |



| County: | Fayette | Station Number: 000002 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Route: | I-40 | Station Type: | Interstate, Rural | Station Out: NO |
| Location: | SR-59 |  |  |  |


| Month | Year | Average <br> Weekday <br> Traffic | Average <br> Daily <br> Traffic | Annual <br> Average <br> Daily | Axle <br> Adjustment <br> Factor | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 09 | 2008 | 1,100 | 1,012 | 992 | 0.98 |  |
| 05 | 2009 | 972 | 933 | 914 | 0.98 |  |
| 06 | 2010 | 1,218 | 1,108 | 1,086 | 0.98 |  |



| County: | Fayette | Station Number: 000003 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| Route: | I-40 | Station Type: | Interstate, Rural |



| County: | Fayette | Station Number: 000004 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Route: | I-40 | Station Type: | Interstate, Rural | Station Out: NO |
| Location: | SR-59 |  |  |  |


| Month | Year | Average <br> Weekday <br> Traffic | Average <br> Daily <br> Traffic | Annual <br> Average <br> Daily | Axle <br> Adjustment <br> Factor | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 09 | 2008 | 2,101 | 1,933 | 1,894 | 0.98 |  |
| 05 | 2009 | 2,067 | 1,984 | 1,945 | 0.98 |  |
| 06 | 2010 | 1,994 | 1,815 | 1,778 | 0.98 |  |



# Interstate Traffic Counts - 2007 



Page 5 of 32

File Name : am peak_northern terminal_CB1
Site Code : Exit 42
Start Date: 8/27/2008
Page No : 1

Groups Printed- Autos - Trucks

|  | SR 222 <br> From North |  |  |  | I-40 WB Off-Ramp From East |  |  |  | SR 222 <br> From South |  |  |  | I-40 WB On-Ramp From West |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Start Time | Right | Thru | Left | App. Total | Right | Thru | Left | App. Total | Right | Thru | Left | App. Total | Right | Thru | Left | App. Total | Int. Total |
| 06:00 AM | 3 | 3 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 8 | 0 | 3 | 13 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 30 |
| 06:15 AM | 10 | 4 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 1 | 11 | 12 | 0 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 41 |
| 06:30 AM | 5 | 8 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 11 | 0 | 1 | 15 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 40 |
| 06:45 AM | 9 | 10 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 11 | 0 | 2 | 11 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 43 |
| Total | 27 | 25 | 0 | 52 | 0 | 1 | 41 | 42 | 0 | 11 | 49 | 60 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 154 |


| 07:00 AM | 10 | 2 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 8 | 0 | 6 | 8 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 34 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 07:15 AM | 2 | 6 | 0 | 8 | 1 | 0 | 7 | 8 | 0 | 7 | 14 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 37 |
| 07:30 AM | 4 | 8 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 1 | 11 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 40 |
| 07:45 AM | 4 | 10 | 0 | 14 | 1 | 0 | 8 | 9 | 0 | 7 | 11 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 41 |
| Total | 20 | 26 | 0 | 46 | 2 | 0 | 39 | 41 | 0 | 21 | 44 | 65 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 152 |


| 08:00 AM | 2 | 3 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 3 | 14 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 28 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $08: 15 \mathrm{AM}$ | 3 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 7 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 |
| $08: 30 \mathrm{AM}$ | 1 | 4 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 5 | 8 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23 |
| $08: 45 \mathrm{AM}$ | 3 | 4 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 12 | 0 | 3 | 8 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 30 |
| Total | 9 | 13 | 0 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 27 | 27 | 0 | 13 | 37 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 99 |


| Grand Total | 56 | 64 | 0 | 120 | 2 | 1 | 107 | 110 | 0 | 45 | 130 | 175 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 405 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Apprch \% | 46.7 | 53.3 | 0 |  | 1.8 | 0.9 | 97.3 |  | 0 | 25.7 | 74.3 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| Total \% | 13.8 | 15.8 | 0 | 29.6 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 26.4 | 27.2 | 0 | 11.1 | 32.1 | 43.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Autos | 55 | 61 | 0 | 116 | 2 | 1 | 52 | 55 | 0 | 40 | 63 | 103 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 274 |
| \% Autos | 98.2 | 95.3 | 0 | 96.7 | 100 | 100 | 48.6 | 50 | 0 | 88.9 | 48.5 | 58.9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 67.7 |
| Trucks | 1 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 55 | 55 | 0 | 5 | 67 | 72 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 131 |
| \% Trucks | 1.8 | 4.7 | 0 | 3.3 | 0 | 0 | 51.4 | 50 | 0 | 11.1 | 51.5 | 41.1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 32.3 |

File Name : am peak_northern terminal_CB1
Site Code : Exit 42
Start Date: 8/27/2008
Page No : 2


Start Date: 8/27/2008
Page No : 3

|  | SR 222 <br> From North |  |  |  | I-40 WB Off-Ramp From East |  |  |  | SR 222 <br> From South |  |  |  | I-40 WB On-Ramp From West |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Start Time | Right | Thru | Left | App. Total | Right | Thru | Left | App. Total | Right | Thru | Left | App. Total | Right | Thru | Left | App. Total | Int. Total |
| Peak Hour Analysis From 06:00 AM to 08:45 AM - Peak 1 of 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Peak Hour for Entire Intersection Begins at 06:15 AM |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06:15 AM | 10 | 4 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 1 | 11 | 12 | 0 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 41 |
| 06:30 AM | 5 | 8 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 11 | 0 | 1 | 15 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 40 |
| 06:45 AM | 9 | 10 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 11 | 0 | 2 | 11 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 43 |
| 07:00 AM | 10 | 2 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 8 | 0 | 6 | 8 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 34 |
| Total Volume | 34 | 24 | 0 | 58 | 0 | 1 | 41 | 42 | 0 | 14 | 44 | 58 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 158 |
| \% App. Total | 58.6 | 41.4 | 0 |  | 0 | 2.4 | 97.6 |  | 0 | 24.1 | 75.9 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| PHF | . 850 | . 600 | . 000 | . 763 | . 000 | . 250 | . 932 | . 875 | . 000 | . 583 | . 733 | . 906 | . 000 | . 000 | . 000 | . 000 | . 919 |


|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Peak Hour Data <br> Peak Hour Begins at 06:15 AM <br> Autos <br> Trucks |  |

File Name : am peak_southern terminal_cb2 Site Code : Exit 42
Start Date : 8/27/2008
Page No : 1

Groups Printed- Autos - Trucks

|  | SR 222 <br> From North |  |  |  |  | I-40 EB On-Ramp From East |  |  |  |  | SR 222 <br> From South |  |  |  |  | I-40 EB Off-Ramp From West |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Start Time | Right | Thru | Left | Peds | App. Total | Right | Thru | Left | Peds | App. Total | Right | Thru | Left | Peds | App. Total | Right | Thru | Left | Peds | App. Total | Int. Total |
| 06:00 AM | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 24 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 6 | 41 |
| 06:15 AM | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 40 |
| 06:30 AM | 0 | 16 | 1 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 13 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 14 | 59 |
| 06:45 AM | 0 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 26 | 11 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 59 |
| Total | 0 | 61 | 1 | 0 | 62 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 39 | 58 | 0 | 0 | 97 | 36 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 40 | 199 |


| 07:00 AM | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 26 | 9 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 10 | 48 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 07:15 AM | 0 | 11 | 1 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 26 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 42 | 16 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 18 | 72 |
| 07:30 AM | 0 | 21 | 1 | 0 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 13 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 15 | 62 |
| 07:45 AM | 0 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 16 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 18 | 68 |
| Total | 0 | 66 | 2 | 0 | 68 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64 | 57 | 0 | 0 | 121 | 54 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 61 | 250 |


| 08:00 AM | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 32 | 12 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 13 | 57 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 08:15 AM | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 9 | 41 |
| 08:30 AM | 0 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 29 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 54 |
| 08:45 AM | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 52 |
| Total | 0 | 40 | 1 | 0 | 41 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 57 | 52 | 0 | 0 | 109 | 50 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 54 | 204 |


| Grand Total | 0 | 167 | 4 | 0 | 171 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 160 | 167 | 0 | 0 | 327 | 140 | 3 | 12 | 0 | 155 | 653 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Apprch \% | 0 | 97.7 | 2.3 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 48.9 | 51.1 | 0 | 0 |  | 90.3 | 1.9 | 7.7 | 0 |  |  |
| Total \% | 0 | 25.6 | 0.6 | 0 | 26.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 24.5 | 25.6 | 0 | 0 | 50.1 | 21.4 | 0.5 | 1.8 | 0 | 23.7 |  |
| Autos | 0 | 111 | 4 | 0 | 115 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 61 | 93 | 0 | 0 | 154 | 58 | 1 | 11 | 0 | 70 | 339 |
| \% Autos | 0 | 66.5 | 100 | 0 | 67.3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 38.1 | 55.7 | 0 | 0 | 47.1 | 41.4 | 33.3 | 91.7 | 0 | 45.2 | 51.9 |
| Trucks | 0 | 56 | 0 | 0 | 56 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 99 | 74 | 0 | 0 | 173 | 82 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 85 | 314 |
| \% Trucks | 0 | 33.5 | 0 | 0 | 32.7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 61.9 | 44.3 | 0 | 0 | 52.9 | 58.6 | 66.7 | 8.3 | 0 | 54.8 | 48.1 |

File Name : am peak_southern terminal_cb2
Site Code : Exit 42
Start Date : 8/27/2008
Page No : 2


File Name : am peak_southern terminal_cb2
Site Code : Exit 42
Start Date : 8/27/2008
Page No : 3

|  | SR 222 <br> From North |  |  |  |  | I-40 EB On-Ramp <br> From East |  |  |  |  | SR 222 <br> From South |  |  |  |  | I-40 EB Off-Ramp From West |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Start Time | Right | Thru | Left | Peds | App. Total | Right | Thru | Left | Peds | App. Toal | Right | Thru | Left | Peds | App. Total | Right | Thru | Left | Peds | App. Toal | t. T |

Peak Hour Analysis From 06:00 AM to 08:45 AM - Peak 1 of 1
Peak Hour for Entire Intersection Begins at 07:15 AM

| 07:15 AM | 0 | 11 | 1 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 26 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 42 | 16 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 18 | 72 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 07:30 AM | 0 | 21 | 1 | 0 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 13 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 15 | 62 |
| 07:45 AM | 0 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 16 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 18 | 68 |
| 08:00 AM | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 32 | 12 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 13 | 57 |
| Total Volume | 0 | 66 | 2 | 0 | 68 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 69 | 58 | 0 | 0 | 127 | 57 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 64 | 259 |
| \% App. Total | 0 | 97.1 | 2.9 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 54.3 | 45.7 | 0 | 0 |  | 89.1 | 0 | 10.9 | 0 |  |  |
| PHF | . 000 | . 750 | . 500 | . 000 | . 773 | . 000 | . 000 | . 000 | . 000 | . 000 | . 663 | . 853 | . 000 | . 000 | . 756 | . 891 | . 000 | . 875 | . 000 | . 889 | . 899 |



Groups Printed- Autos - Trucks

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { SR } 222 \\ \text { From North } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  | I-40 WB Off-Ramp From East |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { SR } 222 \\ \text { From South } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  | I-40 WB On-Ramp From West |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Start Time | Right | Thru | Left | Peds | App. Toaal | Right | Thru | Left | Peds | App. Total | Right | Thru | Left | Peds | App. Total | Right | Thru | Left | Peds | App. Total | Int. Total |
| 04:15 PM | 5 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 1 | 1 | 15 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 11 | 8 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 47 |
| 04:30 PM | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 12 | 11 | 0 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 47 |
| 04:45 PM | 2 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 1 | 11 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 16 | 14 | 0 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 53 |
| Total | 7 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 30 | 3 | 2 | 40 | 0 | 45 | 0 | 39 | 33 | 0 | 72 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 147 |
| 05:00 PM | 2 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 8 | 8 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 38 |
| 05:15 PM | 1 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 11 | 14 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 44 |
| 05:30 PM | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 10 | 9 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 40 |
| 05:45 PM | 3 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 5 | 13 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 44 |
| Total | 7 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 27 | 2 | 0 | 59 | 0 | 61 | 0 | 34 | 44 | 0 | 78 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 166 |


| 06:00 PM | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 9 | 14 | 0 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 39 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grand Total | 14 | 49 | 0 | 0 | 63 | 5 | 2 | 109 | 0 | 116 | 0 | 82 | 91 | 0 | 173 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 352 |
| Apprch \% | 22.2 | 77.8 | 0 | 0 |  | 4.3 | 1.7 | 94 | 0 |  | 0 | 47.4 | 52.6 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| Total \% | 4 | 13.9 | 0 | 0 | 17.9 | 1.4 | 0.6 | 31 | 0 | 33 | 0 | 23.3 | 25.9 | 0 | 49.1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Autos | 14 | 47 | 0 | 0 | 61 | 5 | 1 | 43 | 0 | 49 | 0 | 80 | 38 | 0 | 118 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 228 |
| \% Autos | 100 | 95.9 | 0 | 0 | 96.8 | 100 | 50 | 39.4 | 0 | 42.2 | 0 | 97.6 | 41.8 | 0 | 68.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64.8 |
| Trucks | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 66 | 0 | 67 | 0 | 2 | 53 | 0 | 55 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 124 |
| \% Trucks | 0 | 4.1 | 0 | 0 | 3.2 | 0 | 50 | 60.6 | 0 | 57.8 | 0 | 2.4 | 58.2 | 0 | 31.8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 35.2 |


|  | SR 222 From North |  |  |  |  | I-40 WB Off-Ramp From East |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { SR } 222 \\ \text { From South } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  | I-40 WB On-Ramp From West |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Start Time | Right | Thru | Left | Peds | App. Total | Right | Thru | Left | Peds | App. Total | Right | Thru | Left | Peds | App. Total | Right | Thru | Left | Peds | App. Toaal | Int. Total |

Peak Hour Analysis From 04:15 PM to 06:00 PM - Peak 1 of 1
Peak Hour for Entire Intersection Begins at 04:15 PM

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 04:15 PM | $\mathbf{5}$ | 6 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 1}$ | 1 | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | 0 | $\mathbf{1 7}$ | 0 | 11 | 8 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 47 |
| 04:30 PM | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 8 | $\mathbf{2}$ | 0 | 14 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 12 | 11 | 0 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 47 |
| 04:45 PM | 2 | $\mathbf{9}$ | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 1 | 11 | 0 | 12 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 4}$ | 0 | $\mathbf{3 0}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 53 |
| 05:00 PM | 2 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 8 | 8 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 38 |
| Total Volume | 9 | 27 | 0 | 0 | 36 | 5 | 2 | 54 | 0 | 61 | 0 | 47 | 41 | 0 | 88 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 185 |
| \% App. Total | 25 | 75 | 0 | 0 |  | 8.2 | 3.3 | 88.5 | 0 |  | 0 | 53.4 | 46.6 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| PHF | .450 | .750 | .000 | .000 | .818 | .625 | .500 | .900 | .000 | .897 | .000 | .734 | .732 | .000 | .733 | .000 | .000 | .000 | .000 | .000 | .873 |



File Name : pm peak_southern terminal_cb1
Site Code : 00000000
Start Date : 8/26/2008
Page No : 1

Groups Printed- Autos - Trucks

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { SR } 222 \\ \text { From North } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | I-40 EB On-Ramp From East |  |  |  | SR 222 <br> From South |  |  |  | I-40 EB Off-Ramp From West |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Start Time | Right | Thru | Left | App. Total | Right | Thru | Left | App. Total | Right | Thru | Left | App. Total | Right | Thru | Left | App. Total | Int. Total |
| 04:15 PM | 0 | 18 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 14 | 0 | 34 | 21 | 0 | 4 | 25 | 77 |
| 04:30 PM | 0 | 21 | 2 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 19 | 1 | 42 | 14 | 0 | 5 | 19 | 84 |
| 04:45 PM | 0 | 16 | 3 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 25 | 0 | 38 | 9 | 0 | 4 | 13 | 70 |
| Total | 0 | 55 | 5 | 60 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 55 | 58 | 1 | 114 | 44 | 0 | 13 | 57 | 231 |


| 05:00 PM | 0 | 18 | 1 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 15 | 0 | 30 | 23 | 0 | 2 | 25 | 74 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05:15 PM | 0 | 16 | 1 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 24 | 0 | 38 | 19 | 0 | 1 | 20 | 75 |
| 05:30 PM | 0 | 21 | 0 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 16 | 0 | 35 | 24 | 0 | 2 | 26 | 82 |
| 05:45 PM | 0 | 24 | 0 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 16 | 0 | 30 | 17 | 1 | 2 | 20 | 74 |
| Total | 0 | 79 | 2 | 81 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 62 | 71 | 0 | 133 | 83 | 1 | 7 | 91 | 305 |


| $06: 00$ PM | 0 | 14 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 22 | 0 | 45 | 18 | 0 | 2 | 20 | 79 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Grand Total | 0 | 148 | 7 | 155 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 140 | 151 | 1 | 292 | 145 | 1 | 22 | 168 | 615 |
| Apprch \% | 0 | 95.5 | 4.5 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 47.9 | 51.7 | 0.3 |  | 86.3 | 0.6 | 13.1 |  |  |
| Total \% | 0 | 24.1 | 1.1 | 25.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22.8 | 24.6 | 0.2 | 47.5 | 23.6 | 0.2 | 3.6 | 27.3 | 1 |
| Autos | 0 | 82 | 6 | 88 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 73 | 95 | 0 | 168 | 76 | 92 | 355 |  |  |
| \% Autos | 0 | 55.4 | 85.7 | 56.8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 52.1 | 62.9 | 0 | 57.5 | 52.4 | 100 | 100 | 58.9 | 57.7 |
| Trucks | 0 | 66 | 1 | 67 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 67 | 56 | 1 | 124 | 69 | 0 | 0 | 69 | 260 |
| \% Trucks | 0 | 44.6 | 14.3 | 43.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 47.9 | 37.1 | 100 | 42.5 | 47.6 | 0 | 0 | 41.1 | 42.3 |



File Name : pm peak_southern terminal_cb1
Site Code : 00000000
Start Date : 8/26/2008
Page No : 2

|  | SR 222 <br> From North |  |  |  | I-40 EB On-Ramp From East |  |  |  | SR 222 <br> From South |  |  |  | I-40 EB Off-Ramp From West |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Start Time | Right | Thru | Left | App. Total | Right | Thru | Left | App. Total | Right | Thru | Left | App. Total | Right | Thru | Left | App. Total | Int. Total |
| Peak Hour Analysis From 04:15 PM to 06:00 PM - Peak 1 of 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Peak Hour for Entire Intersection Begins at 05:15 PM |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05:15 PM | 0 | 16 | 1 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 24 | 0 | 38 | 19 | 0 | 1 | 20 | 75 |
| 05:30 PM | 0 | 21 | 0 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 16 | 0 | 35 | 24 | 0 | 2 | 26 | 82 |
| 05:45 PM | 0 | 24 | 0 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 16 | 0 | 30 | 17 | 1 | 2 | 20 | 74 |
| 06:00 PM | 0 | 14 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 22 | 0 | 45 | 18 | 0 | 2 | 20 | 79 |
| Total Volume | 0 | 75 | 1 | 76 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 70 | 78 | 0 | 148 | 78 | 1 | 7 | 86 | 310 |
| \% App. Total | 0 | 98.7 | 1.3 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 47.3 | 52.7 | 0 |  | 90.7 | 1.2 | 8.1 |  |  |
| PHF | . 000 | . 781 | . 250 | . 792 | . 000 | . 000 | . 000 | . 000 | . 761 | . 813 | . 000 | . 822 | . 813 | . 250 | . 875 | . 827 | . 945 |



## APPENDIX B

## CONCEPT FIGURES










## APPENDIX C

## COST ESTIMATE WORKSHEETS

ITEM COST

| Clear \& Grubbing: |  | \$53,320 | = | \$53,000 | \$53,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Earthwork: |  | \$1,440,775 | $=$ | \$1,441,000 | \$1,494,000 |
| Pavement Removal: |  | \$43,476 | = | \$43,000 | \$1,537,000 |
| Erosion Control: |  | \$317,000 | = | \$317,000 | \$1,854,000 |
| Drainage: |  | \$41,531 | = | \$42,000 | \$1,896,000 |
| Structures: |  | \$4,849,920 | = | \$4,850,000 | \$6,746,000 |
| Railroad: |  | \$0 | = | \$0 | \$6,746,000 |
| Paving: |  | \$1,327,006 | = | \$1,327,000 | \$8,073,000 |
| Retaining Walls: |  | \$0 | = | \$0 | \$8,073,000 |
| Maintenance of Traffic: |  | \$250,000 | = | \$250,000 | \$8,323,000 |
| Topsoil: |  | \$198,955 | = | \$199,000 | \$8,522,000 |
| Seeding: |  | \$52,226 | = | \$52,000 | \$8,574,000 |
| Sodding: |  | \$25,000 | = | \$25,000 | \$8,599,000 |
| Signing: |  | \$260,000 | = | \$260,000 | \$8,859,000 |
| Signalization: |  | \$150,000 | = | \$150,000 | \$9,009,000 |
| Fencing: |  | \$76,347 | = | \$76,000 | \$9,085,000 |
| Guardrail: |  | \$80,500 | = | \$81,000 | \$9,166,000 |
| Rip-Rap: |  | \$25,000 | = | \$25,000 | \$9,191,000 |
| Other Construction: |  | \$431,614 | = | \$432,000 | \$9,623,000 |
| Sub-Total: |  | \$9,622,669 | = | \$9,623,000 | \$9,623,000 |
| 10\% Eng. \& Cont.: |  | \$962,267 | = | \$962,000 | \$962,000 |
| Sub-Total: |  | \$10,584,936 | = | \$10,585,000 | \$10,585,000 |
| Total Construction Cost : | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sub-Total } \\ & \$ 10,585,000 \end{aligned}$ | $+$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mobil. } \\ & \$ 450,000 \end{aligned}$ | = | \$11,035,000 |
|  | \$11,035,000 | 10\% Prel. Eng. |  |  | \$11,997,000 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Row Total } \\ & \$ 355,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & + \\ & + \end{aligned}$ | Utility Total \$700,000 | $+$ | Constr. Total \$11,997,000 |
| TOTAL SECTION COST : |  |  |  |  | \$13,052,000 |
| Mobilization Table |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$0 to \$1,000,000 | 5\% |  |  |  | \$ |
| \$1,000,000 to \$5,000,000 | \$50,000 + 4.5\% over \$1,000,000 |  |  |  | \$ |
| \$5,000,000 to \$10,000,000 | \$230,000 + 4\% over \$5,000,000 |  |  |  | \$ |
| \$10,000,000 to \$20,000,000 | \$430,000 + 3.5\% over \$10,000,000 |  |  |  | \$ 450,000 |
| \$20,000,000 + | \$780,000 + 3\% over \$20,000,000 |  |  |  | \$ - |

Fayette County
Concept 1

| Right of Way Cost |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Parcel | Area (sf) | Acres | (\$/Acre)*1.2 factor | Improvements (1.2 factor) |  | Land Cost |  | Total |  |  |
|  | 21,730 | 0.499 | \$ 13,000.00 |  | \$ | 6,485.08 |  |  | North of 1-40 |  |
|  | 1,469 | 0.034 | \$ 13,000.00 |  | \$ | 438.41 |  |  | North of 1-40 |  |
|  | 121,619 | 2.792 | \$ 13,000.00 |  | \$ | 36,295.84 |  |  | North of 1-40 |  |
|  | 10,637 | 0.244 | \$ 13,000.00 |  | \$ | 3,174.49 |  |  | North of 1-40 |  |
|  | 170,567 | 3.916 | \$ 13,000.00 |  | \$ | 50,903.83 |  |  | South of 1-40 |  |
|  | 509,906 | 11.706 | \$ 13,000.00 |  |  | 152,175.80 |  |  | South of 1-40 |  |
|  | 138,345 | 3.176 | \$ 13,000.00 |  | \$ | 41,287.53 |  |  | South of 1-40 |  |
|  | 7,010 | 0.161 | \$ 13,000.00 |  | \$ | 2,092.06 |  |  | South of 1-40 |  |
|  | 127,460 | 2.926 | \$ 13,000.00 |  | \$ | 38,039.03 |  |  | Possible Wastew | atment Area |
|  |  |  |  | \$ | \$ | 323,968.60 | \$ | 331,000 |  |  |
| Cost of Bldgs. |  | 25.453 |  |  |  |  | \$ |  |  |  |
| Contengenices |  |  |  |  |  | = | \$ |  |  |  |
| Total Land \& Improvement Costs |  |  |  |  |  | = | \$ | 331,000 | (Rounded) |  |
| Incidentals | 8 | x | \$ 3,000 |  | Per Tract for Incid | $=$ | \$ | 24,000 |  |  |
| Replacement Housin |  | x | \$ 12,000 | Per Unit |  | = | \$ | . |  |  |
| Moving Expenses | $\times$ | x | \$ 25,000 |  |  | = | \$ | - |  |  |
| total row costs |  |  |  |  |  | = | \$ | 355,000 |  |  |
| 201-07.05 Removal and Disposal of Brush and Trees (Clear. and Grub.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Length (ft.) | Width (tt.)(Avg.) | Area (sq.ft./ac.) | Acres | Cost (\$/ac.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6500 | 120 | 78,000 | 1.791 |  |  |  | \$ | 4,477 | Ramp NE Quad |  |
|  | 0 | 034,500 | 0.0000.792 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,500 \\ & \$ 2,500 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | \$ |  | Ramp NW Quad |  |
| 230 | 150 |  |  |  |  |  | s | 1,980 | Ramp sw Quad |  |
| 1180 | 115 | 34,500 135,700 | 0.792 3.115 | \$2,500 |  |  | \$ | 7,788 | Ramp SE Quad |  |
| 1050 | 200 | 210,000 | 4.821 | \$2,500 |  |  |  | 12,052 | Loop Ramp |  |
| 1225 | 130 | 159,250 | 3.656 | \$2,500 |  |  | \$ | 9,140 | Conn. To SR 222 | South |
| 1265315 | 200 | $\begin{gathered} 253,000 \\ 58590 \end{gathered}$ | 5.8081.345 | $\$ 2,500$$\$ 2,500$ |  |  | \$ | 14,520 | Conn. To SR 222 | Middle |
|  | 186 |  |  |  |  |  | \$ | 3,363 | Conn. To SR 222 | North |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | \$ | 53,320 |  |  |

## Fayette County

Concept 1


Fayette County
Paving
$\begin{gathered}\text { Ramp Conc．Pvm＇t．} \\ 501-01.02\end{gathered}$







かNNNNNN NNNNNNN




م
N $\stackrel{\leftrightarrow}{\infty}$
$\underset{\sim}{\sim} \stackrel{\circ}{\infty} O$
Ramp Conc．Pvm＇t．Avea（sq．ft．）Avg．Wiath $\qquad$ T


New Interchange
Cost Estimate Summary

ITEM
COST

| Clear \& Grubbing: | $\$ 24,408$ | $=$ | $\$ 24,000$ | $\$ 24,000$ |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Earthwork: | $\$ 1,209,989$ | $=$ | $\$ 1,210,000$ | $\$ 1,234,000$ |
| Pavement Removal: | $\$ 43,583$ | $=$ | $\$ 44,000$ | $\$ 1,278,000$ |
| Erosion Control: | $\$ 295,000$ | $=$ | $\$ 295,000$ | $\$ 1,573,000$ |
| Drainage: | $\$ 41,531$ | $=$ | $\$ 42,000$ | $\$ 1,615,000$ |
| Structures: | $\$ 4,849,920$ | $=$ | $\$ 4,850,000$ | $\$ 6,465,000$ |
| Railroad: | $\$ 0$ | $=$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 6,465,000$ |
| Paving: | $\$ 1,268,020$ | $=$ | $\$ 1,268,000$ | $\$ 7,733,000$ |
| Retaining Walls: | $\$ 0$ | $=$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 7,733,000$ |
| Maintenance of Traffic: |  | $\$ 250,000$ | $=$ | $\$ 250,000$ |
| Topsoil: | $\$ 120,826$ | $=$ | $\$ 7,983,000$ |  |
| Seeding: | $\$ 31,717$ | $=$ | $\$ 121,000$ | $\$ 8,104,000$ |
| Sodding: | $\$ 50,000$ | $=$ | $\$ 32,000$ | $\$ 8,136,000$ |
| Signing: | $\$ 200,000$ | $=$ | $\$ 50,000$ | $\$ 8,186,000$ |
| Signalization: | $\$ 250,000$ | $=$ | $\$ 200,000$ | $\$ 8,386,000$ |
| Fencing: | $\$ 77,197$ | $=$ | $\$ 250,000$ | $\$ 8,636,000$ |
| Guardrail: | $\$ 77,500$ | $=$ | $\$ 77,000$ | $\$ 8,713,000$ |
| Rip-Rap: |  | $\$ 25,000$ | $=$ | $\$ 78,000$ |
| Other Construction: |  | $\$ 393,977$ | $=$ | $\$ 25,000$ |

## ESTIMATE BREAKDOWN AND QUANTITY SUMMARY

| Fayette County | ESTIMATE BREAKDOWN AND QUANTITY SUMMARY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Concept 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 203-01 Road and Drain. Exc. (Uncl.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Length (ft.) | Width (t.) | Avg. Exc. Depth | Factor | C.Y. | Costcy |  | Total |  |  |
| 1673 | 65 | 10 | 27 | 40276 | \$3.50 |  | \$140,965.74 | Ramp NE Quad |  |
| 2170 | 65 | 10 | 27 | 52241 | \$3.50 |  | \$182,842.59 | Ramp NW Quad |  |
| 1650 | 65 | 10 | 27 | 39722 | \$3.50 |  | \$139,027.78 | Ramp SW Quad |  |
| 2095 | 65 | 10 | 27 | 50435 | \$3.50 |  | \$176,523.15 | Ramp SE Quad |  |
| 1210 | 120 | 10 | 27 | 53778 | \$3.50 |  | \$188,222.22 | Conn. To SR 222 (North of I-40) |  |
| 2950 | 100 | 10 | 27 | 109259 | \$3.50 |  | \$382,407.41 | Conn. To SR 222 (South of 1-40) |  |
| 8,798 |  |  |  |  |  | Total | \$1,209,988.89 |  |  |
| 202-03.01 Pavement Removal |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Area (sf) |  | sf/sy |  | Cost (\$/sy) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 104600 |  | 9 |  | \$3.75 |  | Total | \$43,583.33 |  |  |
| Drainage |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bedding |  | Length (tt) |  | cy/ft |  | Cost (\$/cy) |  |  |  |
| 204-07 |  | 700 |  | 0.266 |  | \$30.00 | \$186.20 |  |  |
| Pipe |  | Length (tt) |  | Cost (\$/ft) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 607-05.02 |  | 700 |  | \$40.00 |  |  | \$28,000.00 | Note: Based on 24 " concrete pipe @ 100 ' per pipe ( 7 pipes) |  |
| Headwall Steel |  | Ibs/wall |  | \# H'walls |  | Cost (\$/b) |  |  |  |
| 611-07.02 |  | 172 |  | 14 |  | \$1.30 | \$3,130.40 |  |  |
| Headwall Conc. |  | cy/wall |  | \# H'walls |  | Cost (\$/cy) |  |  |  |
| 611-07.01 |  | 1.52 |  | 14 |  | \$480.00 | \$10,214.40 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | \$41,531.00 |  |  |
| New Structure |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Length (tt.) | Width (tt.) | s.f. |  |  | Cost/s.f. |  | Total |  |  |
| 360 | 88 | 31680 |  |  | \$150.00 |  | \$4,752,000.00 |  |  |
| 306 | 32 | 9792 |  |  | \$10.00 |  | \$97,920.00 | Remove existing bridge over 1-40 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | \$4,849,920.00 |  |  |登


|  | Non |
| :---: | :---: |

$\stackrel{\sim}{i} \stackrel{\sim}{0}$ ..... No

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Fayette County

| Paving |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Area (sq.ft.) | Avg. Width (t.) | Depth (tt) |
| Ramp Conc. Pvm't. |  |  |  |
| 501-01.02 | 97587 |  | 0.75 |
| Ramp Treated Base |  |  |  |
| Ramp Base Stone |  |  |  |
| 303-01 | 97587 |  | 0.330 |
| P.C. and T.c. |  |  |  |
| 402-01 | 97587 |  |  |
| 402-02 | 97587 |  |  |
| Outside Shld'r. |  |  |  |
| 501-01.02 | 15176 | 5 | 0.75 |
| 313-03 | 15176 | 5 | 0.330 |
| 303-01 | 15176 | 5 | 0.25 |
| 303-01 | 15176 | 2 | 1.30 |
| 303-01 | 15176 | 5.57 |  |
| Conn. To SR 222 | Lgth/Area (sq.ft.) |  | Depth (tt) |
| 411-02.10 (Surf.) | 204480 |  | 0.104 |
| 307-02.08 (B-M2) | 204480 |  | 0.167 |
| 307-02.01 (Gr. 'A') | 204480 |  | 0.292 |
| 303-01 | 204480 |  | 0.833 |
| Outside Shld'r. | 8320 | 12 | 1.255 |
|  | 8320 | 4.85 | 1.115 |
| 411-01.07 ('E' Shldr.) | 8320 | 10 | 0.125 |


| Fayette County | ESTIMATE BREAKDOWN AND QUANTITY SUMMARY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Concept 2 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Topsoil (203-07) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8,798 | $\begin{array}{ll}41.2 & 0.5\end{array}$ | 27 | 6712.5 | \$9.00 | 2 |  |  |  | Total | \$ | 120,826 |
| Seeding (801-01) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Length (tt.) | Slope Lgth.(tt.) |  | sf | sflunit | Both Sides | factor | units | Cost (\$/unit) |  |  |  |
| 8,798 | 41.2 |  | 362478 | 1,000 | 2 | 1.25 | 453 | \$35.00 | Total | \$ | 31,717 |
| Signalization |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 Signals at Ramps |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | \$ | 250,000 |
| Fencing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Length ( (t.) | 707-02.01 |  |  | Cost (\$/tt) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4541 |  |  |  | \$17.00 |  |  |  |  | Total | \$ | 77,197 |
| Guardrail |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & (\text { Length (tt) } \\ & 3000 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Cost (\$/tt) } \\ \$ 17.50 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (\# Anch.) } \\ 10 \end{gathered}$ |  | Cost (\$/Anch.) <br> \$2,500.00 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \$52,500.00 |  |  |  | \$25,000.00 |  | Total |  | \$77,500.00 |

ITEM COST

| Clear \& Grubbing: |  | \$52,505 | = | \$53,000 | \$53,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Earthwork: |  | \$1,227,852 | = | \$1,228,000 | \$1,281,000 |
| Pavement Removal: |  | \$42,882 | $=$ | \$43,000 | \$1,324,000 |
| Erosion Control: |  | \$317,000 | = | \$317,000 | \$1,641,000 |
| Drainage: |  | \$41,531 | = | \$42,000 | \$1,683,000 |
| Structures: |  | \$5,217,720 | = | \$5,218,000 | \$6,901,000 |
| Railroad: |  | \$0 | = | \$0 | \$6,901,000 |
| Paving: |  | \$1,482,092 | = | \$1,482,000 | \$8,383,000 |
| Retaining Walls: |  | \$0 | = | \$0 | \$8,383,000 |
| Maintenance of Traffic: |  | \$250,000 | = | \$250,000 | \$8,633,000 |
| Topsoil: |  | \$162,465 | = | \$162,000 | \$8,795,000 |
| Seeding: |  | \$42,647 | = | \$43,000 | \$8,838,000 |
| Sodding: |  | \$25,000 | $=$ | \$25,000 | \$8,863,000 |
| Signing: |  | \$200,000 | = | \$200,000 | \$9,063,000 |
| Signalization: |  | \$250,000 | = | \$250,000 | \$9,313,000 |
| Fencing: |  | \$80,410 | = | \$80,000 | \$9,393,000 |
| Guardrail: |  | \$77,500 | = | \$78,000 | \$9,471,000 |
| Rip-Rap: |  | \$25,000 | = | \$25,000 | \$9,496,000 |
| Other Construction: |  | \$425,188 | = | \$425,000 | \$9,921,000 |
| Sub-Total: |  | \$9,919,792 | $=$ | \$9,920,000 | \$9,921,000 |
| 10\% Eng. \& Cont.: |  | \$991,979 | = | \$992,000 | \$992,000 |
| Sub-Total: |  | \$10,911,772 | = | \$10,912,000 | \$10,913,000 |
| Total Construction Cost : | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sub-Total } \\ & \$ 10,913,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & + \\ & + \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mobil. } \\ \$ 462,000 \end{gathered}$ | = | \$11,375,000 |
|  | \$11,375,000 | + | $\begin{gathered} \text { 10\% Prel. E } \\ \$ 992,000 \end{gathered}$ | $=$ | \$12,367,000 |
|  | Row Total \$322,000 | $+$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Utility Total } \\ \$ 700,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & + \\ & + \end{aligned}$ | Constr. Total \$12,367,000 |
| TOTAL SECTION COST : |  |  |  |  | \$13,389,000 |
| Mobilization Table |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$0 to \$1,000,000 | 5\% |  |  |  | \$ |
| \$1,000,000 to \$5,000,000 | \$50,000 + 4.5\% over \$1,000,000 |  |  |  | \$ |
| \$5,000,000 to \$10,000,000 | \$230,000 + 4\% over \$5,000,000 |  |  |  | \$ |
| \$10,000,000 to \$20,000,000 | \$430,000 + 3.5\% over \$10,000,000 |  |  |  | \$ 462,000 |
| \$20,000,000 + | \$780,000 + 3\% over \$20,000,000 |  |  |  | \$ |


Fayette County

Fayette County
ESTIMATE BREAKDOWN AND QUANTITY SUMMARY
Concept 3

| Paving |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Area (sq.ft.) | Avg. Width (ft.) | Depth (ft) | 1 | factor |  | Mass (lbs/cy) | Total cy or sy | lbs/Tons | Total Tons | Cost (\$/ton or cy) |  | Total |
| Ramp Conc. Pvm't. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 501-01.02 | 135691 |  | 0.75 | 1 | 27 |  |  | 3769.19 |  |  | \$50.00 | \$ | 188,460 |
| Ramp Treated Base |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 313-03 | 135691 |  | 0.330 | 1 | 9 |  |  | 4975.34 |  |  | \$10.00 | \$ | 49,753 |
| Ramp Base Stone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 303-01 | 135691 |  | 0.330 | 1 | 27 |  | 2.03 |  |  | 3366.64 | \$13.50 | \$ | 45,450 |
| P.C. and T.C. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 402-01 | 135691 |  |  |  | 9 |  | 0.35 |  | 231 | 22.84 | \$375.00 | \$ | 8,566 |
| 402-02 | 135691 |  |  |  | 9 |  | 12 |  | 2000 | 90.46 | \$15.00 | \$ | 1,357 |
| Outside Shld'r. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 501-01.02 | 15990 | 6 | 0.75 | 1 | 27 |  |  | 444.17 |  |  | \$50.00 | \$ | 22,208 |
| 313-03 | 15990 | 6 | 0.330 | 1 | 9 |  |  | 586.30 |  |  | \$10.00 | \$ | 5,863 |
| 303-01 | 15990 | 6 | 0.25 | 1 | 27 |  | 2.03 |  |  | 300.55 | \$13.50 | \$ | 4,057 |
| 303-01 | 15990 | 2 | 1.30 | 1 | 27 |  | 2.03 |  |  | 1562.87 | \$13.50 | \$ | 21,099 |
| 303-01 | 15990 | 5.57 |  |  | 27 |  | 2.03 |  |  | 6696.32 | \$13.50 | \$ | 90,400 |
| Conn. To SR 222 | Lgth/Area (sq.ft.) |  | Depth (ft) |  | factor |  |  |  |  | Tons |  |  |  |
| 411-02.10 (Surf.) | 241031 |  | 0.104 | 27 | 3816 | 2000 |  |  |  | 1771 | \$60.00 | \$ | 106,285 |
| 307-02.08 (B-M2) | 241031 |  | 0.167 | 27 | 4068 | 2000 |  |  |  | 3032 | \$60.00 | \$ | 181,940 |
| 307-02.01 (Gr. 'A') | 241031 |  | 0.292 | 27 | 4140 | 2000 |  |  |  | 5396 | \$60.00 | \$ | 323,753 |
| 303-01 | 241031 |  | 0.833 | 27 | 2.03 |  |  |  |  | 15096 | \$14.00 | \$ | 211,338 |
| Outside Shld'r. | 8300 | 12 | 1.255 | 27 | 2.03 |  |  |  |  | 9398 | \$14.00 | \$ | 131,572 |
|  | 8300 | 4.85 | 1.115 | 27 | 2.03 |  |  |  |  | 3375 | \$14.00 | \$ | 47,245 |
| 411-01.07 ('E' Shldr.) | 8300 | 10 | 0.125 | 27 | 3708 | 2000 |  |  |  | 712 | \$60.00 | \$ | 42,745 |
| Access Rd. to Pilot |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 411-02.10 (Surf.) | 0 |  | 0.104 | 27 | 3816 | 2000 |  |  |  | 0 | \$60.00 | \$ | - |
| 307-02.08 (B-M2) | 0 |  | 0.167 | 27 | 4068 | 2000 |  |  |  | 0 | \$60.00 | \$ | - |
| 307-02.01 (Gr. 'A') | 0 |  | 0.292 | 27 | 4140 | 2000 |  |  |  | 0 | \$60.00 | \$ | - |
| 303-01 | 0 |  | 0.833 | 27 | 2.03 |  |  |  |  | 0 | \$14.00 | \$ | - |
| Outside Shld'r. | 0 | 12 | 1.255 | 27 | 2.03 |  |  |  |  | 0 | \$14.00 | \$ | - |
|  | 0 | 4.85 | 1.115 | 27 | 2.03 |  |  |  |  | 0 | \$14.00 | \$ | - |
| 411-01.07 ('E' Shldr.) | 0 | 10 | 0.125 | 27 | 3708 | 2000 |  |  |  | 0 | \$60.00 | \$ | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | \$ | 1,482,092 |



New Interchange
Cost Estimate Summary

ITEM

| Clear \& Grubbing: |  | \$7,296 | = | \$7,000 | \$7,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Earthwork: |  | \$1,157,593 | = | \$1,158,000 | \$1,165,000 |
| Pavement Removal: |  | \$2,631 | = | \$3,000 | \$1,168,000 |
| Erosion Control: |  | \$334,000 | = | \$334,000 | \$1,502,000 |
| Drainage: |  | \$26,199 | = | \$26,000 | \$1,528,000 |
| Structures: |  | \$6,211,070 | = | \$6,211,000 | \$7,739,000 |
| Railroad: |  | \$0 | $=$ | \$0 | \$7,739,000 |
| Paving: |  | \$1,272,243 | = | \$1,272,000 | \$9,011,000 |
| Retaining Walls: |  | \$0 | = | \$0 | \$9,011,000 |
| Maintenance of Traffic: |  | \$250,000 | = | \$250,000 | \$9,261,000 |
| Topsoil: |  | \$156,766 | = | \$157,000 | \$9,418,000 |
| Seeding: |  | \$41,151 | = | \$41,000 | \$9,459,000 |
| Sodding: |  | \$50,000 | $=$ | \$50,000 | \$9,509,000 |
| Signing: |  | \$200,000 | $=$ | \$200,000 | \$9,709,000 |
| Signalization: |  | \$250,000 | = | \$250,000 | \$9,959,000 |
| Fencing: |  | \$10,914 | $=$ | \$11,000 | \$9,970,000 |
| Guardrail: |  | \$77,500 | = | \$78,000 | \$10,048,000 |
| Rip-Rap: |  | \$25,000 | = | \$25,000 | \$10,073,000 |
| Other Construction: |  | \$383,629 | = | \$384,000 | \$10,457,000 |
| Sub-Total: |  | \$10,455,992 | = | \$10,456,000 | \$10,457,000 |
| 10\% Eng. \& Cont.: |  | \$1,045,599 | = | \$1,046,000 | \$1,046,000 |
| Sub-Total: |  | \$11,501,591 | = | \$11,502,000 | \$11,503,000 |
| Total Construction Cost : | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sub-Total } \\ & \$ 11,503,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & + \\ & + \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mobil. } \\ & \$ 483,000 \end{aligned}$ | = | \$11,986,000 |
|  | \$11,986,000 | + | 10\% Prel. E \$1,046,000 | $=$ | \$13,032,000 |
|  | Row Total \$336,000 | $+$ | Utility Total \$450,000 | $+$ | Constr. Total \$13,032,000 |
| TOTAL SECTION COST : |  |  |  |  | \$13,818,000 |
| Mobilization Table |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$0 to \$1,000,000 | 5\% |  |  |  | \$ |
| \$1,000,000 to \$5,000,000 | \$50,000 + 4.5\% over \$1,000,000 |  |  |  | \$ |
| \$5,000,000 to \$10,000,000 | \$230,000 + 4\% over \$5,000,000 |  |  |  | \$ |
| \$10,000,000 to \$20,000,000 | \$430,000 + 3.5\% over \$10,000,000 |  |  |  | \$ 483,000 |
| \$20,000,000 + | \$780,000 + 3\% over \$20,000,000 |  |  |  | \$ |

Fayette County
ESTIMATE BREAKDOWN AND QUANTITY SUMMARY

| Fayette County | ESTIMATE BREAKDOWN AND QUANTITY SUMMARY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Concept 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Right of Way Cost cost |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Parcel | Area (sf) | Acres | $\underset{\substack{\text { (\$/Acre) } \\ \text { factor } \\ \text { (1.2 }}}{\text { Cost }}$ | Improvements (1.2 factor) | Land Cost |  | otal |  |  |  |
|  | 47,472 | 1.090 | \$ 13,000.00 |  | 14,167.49 |  |  | North of 1-40 |  |  |
|  | 189,452 | 4.349 | \$ 13,000.00 |  | \$ 56,539.85 |  |  | South of l-40 |  |  |
| Sub-Total |  | 5.439 |  | \$ - | 70,707.35 | \$ | 71,000 |  |  |  |
| Cost of Bldgs. |  |  |  |  |  | \$ |  |  |  |  |
| Contengenices |  |  |  |  | = | \$ | 250,000 | Additional damage | Pilot and Deerfield |  |
| Total Land \& Improv | ment Costs |  |  |  | = | \$ | 321,000 | (Rounded) |  |  |
| Incidentals | 5 | x | \$ 3,000 | Per Tract for Incid | = | \$ | 15,000 |  |  |  |
| Replacement Housir | 0 | $x$ | \$ 12,000 | Per Unit | = | \$ |  |  |  |  |
| Moving Expenses | 0 | x | 25,000 | Per Unit | $=$ | \$ | - |  |  |  |
| total row costs |  |  |  |  | = | \$ | 336,000 |  |  |  |
| 201-07.05 Removal and Disposal of Brush and Trees (Clear. and Grub.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Length (tt.) | Width (tt.)(Avg.) | Area (sq.ft./ac.) | Acres | Cost (\$/ac.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 75 | 0 | 0.000 | \$2,500 |  | \$ |  | Ramp NE |  |  |
| 0 | 75 | 0 | 0.000 | \$2,500 |  | \$ |  | Ramp NW |  |  |
| 0 | 75 | 0 | 0.000 | \$2,500 |  | \$ |  | Ramp SW |  |  |
| 0 | 75 | 0 | 0.000 | \$2,500 |  | \$ |  | Ramp SE |  |  |
| 575 | 75 | 43125 | 0.990 | \$2,500 |  | \$ | 2,475 | Conn. To SR 222 | North of 1-40 |  |
| 700 | 120 | 84000 | 1.928 | \$2,500 |  | \$ | 4,821 | Conn. To SR 222 | South of 1-40 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total | \$ | 7,296 |  |  |  |


712-02.02 Interconnected Portable Barrier Rail
Total Maintenance of Traffic
Signing $\quad$ Cost (\$/s.f.f.)
Lgth (ft)
1500
Utility Relocation Cost
6" Water
12" Water
Utility Poles
6" Gas
Fayette County
ESTIMATE BREAKDOWN AND QUANTITY SUMMARY



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ESTIMATE BREAKDOWN AND QUANTITY SUMMARY $\qquad$
factor
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New Interchange
Cost Estimate Summary


712-06

| Maintenance of Traffic |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Drums (Ea.) $\quad$ Cost (\$/drum) |  |

Signs (s.f.)
Cost (\$/drum)
Cost (\$/s.f.)
712-02.02 Interconnected Portable Barrier Rail
Lgth.(ft.)
712-07.03 Temp
$\begin{array}{cr}\text { 12-07.03 Temporary Barricades } \\ \text { Lgth.(ft.) } & \text { No. }\end{array}$
Total Maintenance of Traffic


ESTIMATE BREAKDOWN AND QUANTITY SUMMARY Concept 5
号

| Fayette County | ESTIMATE BREAKDOWN AND QUANTITY SUMMARY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Concept 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 203-01 Road and Drain. Exc. (Uncl.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Length (ft.) | Width (ft.) | Avg. Exc. Depth | Factor | C.Y. | Costcy |  | Total |  |  |  |
| 633 | 65 | 10 | 27 | 15239 | \$3.50 |  | \$53,336.11 | Ramp NE |  |  |
| 340 | 65 | 10 | 27 | 8185 | \$3.50 |  | \$28,648.15 | Ramp NW |  |  |
| 1540 | 65 | 10 | 27 | 37074 | \$3.50 |  | \$129,759.26 | Ramp SW |  |  |
| 1975 | 65 | 10 | 27 | 47546 | \$3.50 |  | \$166,412.04 | Ramp SE |  |  |
| 2100 | 50 | 10 | 27 | 38889 | \$3.50 |  | \$136,111.11 | Conn. To S |  |  |
| 6,588 |  |  |  |  |  | Total | \$514,266.67 |  |  |  |
| 202-03.01 Pavement Removal |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Area (sf) |  | st/sy |  | Cost (\$/sy) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21519 |  | 9 |  | \$3.75 |  | Total | \$8,966.25 |  |  |  |
| Drainage |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bedding |  | Length (t) |  | cy/ft |  | Cost (\$/cy) |  |  |  |  |
| 204-07 |  | 600 |  | 0.266 |  | \$30.00 | \$159.60 |  |  |  |
| Pipe |  | Length (t) |  | Cost (\$/ft) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 607-05.02 |  | 600 |  | \$40.00 |  |  | \$24,000.00 |  |  |  |
| Headwall Steel |  | lbs/wall |  | \# H'walls |  | Cost (\$/lb) |  |  |  |  |
| 611-07.02 |  | 172 |  | 12 |  | \$1.30 | \$2,683.20 |  |  |  |
| Headwall Conc. |  | cy/wall |  | \# H'walls |  | Cost (\$/cy) |  |  |  |  |
| 611-07.01 |  | 1.52 |  | 12 |  | \$480.00 | \$8,755.20 |  |  |  |
| Catchbasins | 3 |  |  |  | \$2,100.00 |  | \$6,300.00 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | \$41,898.00 |  |  |  |
| New Structure |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Length (t.) | Width (tt.) | s.f. | Height (t.) |  | Cost/s.f. |  | Total |  |  |  |
| 306 | 84 | 25704 |  |  | \$187.50 |  | \$6,024,375.00 | 25\% Incre | in c |  |
| 306 | 32 | 9792 |  |  | \$10.00 |  | \$97,920.00 | Remove | ing |  |
| 900 |  | 9000 | 10 |  | \$100.00 |  | \$900,000.00 | Retaining | al |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | \$7,022,295.00 |  |  |  |

Concept 5

| Paving |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Area（sq．ft．） | Avg．Width（tt．） | Depth（tt） | 1 | factor |  | Mass（bs／cy） | Total cy or sy | lbs／Tons | Total Tons | Cost（\＄／ton or cy） |  | Total |
| Ramp Conc．Pvm＇t． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 501－01．02 | 60639 |  | 0.75 | 1 | 27 |  |  | 1684.42 |  |  | \＄50．00 | \＄ | 84，221 |
| Ramp Treated Base |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 313－03 | 60639 |  | 0.330 | 1 | 9 |  |  | 2223.43 |  |  | \＄10．00 | \＄ | 22，234 |
| Ramp Base Stone |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 303－01 | 60639 |  | 0.330 | 1 | 27 |  | 2.03 |  |  | 1504.52 | \＄13．50 | \＄ | 20，311 |
| P．C．and T．C． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 402－01 | 60639 |  |  |  | 9 |  | 0.35 |  | 231 | 10.21 | \＄375．00 | \＄ | 3，828 |
| 402－02 | 60639 |  |  |  | 9 |  | 12 |  | 2000 | 40.43 | \＄15．00 | \＄ | 606 |
| Outside Shld＇r． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 501－01．02 | 8976 | 5 | 0.75 | 1 | 27 |  |  | 249.33 |  |  | \＄50．00 | \＄ | 12，467 |
| 313－03 | 8976 | 5 | 0.330 | 1 | 9 |  |  | 329.12 |  |  | \＄10．00 | \＄ | 3，291 |
| 303－01 | 8976 | 5 | 0.25 | ／ | 27 |  | 2.03 |  |  | 168.72 | \＄13．50 | \＄ | 2，278 |
| 303－01 | 8976 | 2 | 1.30 | 1 | 27 |  | 2.03 |  |  | 877.32 | \＄13．50 | \＄ | 11，844 |
| 303－01 | 8976 | 5.57 |  |  | 27 |  | 2.03 |  |  | 3758.98 | \＄13．50 | \＄ | 50，746 |
| Conn．To SR 222 | Lgth／Area（sq．ft．） |  | Depth（ti） |  | factor |  |  |  |  | Tons |  |  |  |
| 411－02．10（Surf．） | 139838 |  | 0.104 | 27 | 3816 | 2000 |  |  |  | 1028 | \＄60．00 | \＄ | 61，663 |
| 307－02．08（B－M2） | 139838 |  | 0.167 | 27 | 4068 | 2000 |  |  |  | 1759 | \＄60．00 | \＄ | 105，555 |
| 307－02．01（Gr．＇A＇） | 139838 |  | 0.292 | 27 | 4140 | 2000 |  |  |  | 3131 | \＄60．00 | \＄ | 187，830 |
| 303－01 | 139838 |  | 0.833 | 27 | 2.03 |  |  |  |  | 8758 | \＄14．00 | \＄ | 122，611 |
| Outside Shld＇r． | 4200 | 12 | 1.255 | 27 | 2.03 |  |  |  |  | 4756 | \＄14．00 |  | 66，579 |
|  | 4200 | 4.85 | 1.115 | 27 | 2.03 |  |  |  |  | 1708 | \＄14．00 | \＄ | 23，907 |
| 411－01．07（＇E＇Shldr．） | 4200 | 10 | 0.125 | 27 | 3708 | 2000 |  |  |  | 361 | \＄60．00 | \＄ | 21，630 |

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Fayette County
Ramp Conc．Pvm＇t．
501－01．02
$313-03$
Ramp Base Stone
P．C．and T．C．
$402-02$
Outside Shld＇r．
$313-03$
$303-01$
$303-01$
$303-01$
Conn．To SR 222
$303-01$
Outside Shld＇r．
411－01．07（＇E＇Shldr．）


New Interchange
Cost Estimate Summary

ITEM COST

Fayette County
ESTIMATE BREAKDOWN AND QUANTITY SUMMARY

| Right of Way Cost |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Parcel | Area (sf) | Acres | $\begin{gathered} \text { Cost } \\ \text { (\$/Acre)*1.2 } \\ \text { factor } \end{gathered}$ | Improvements (1.2 factor) | Land Cost |  | Total |  |
|  | 485,923 | 11.155 | \$ 13,000.00 |  | \$ 145,018.34 |  |  | North of 1-40 |
|  | 719,620 | 16.520 | \$ 13,000.00 |  | \$ 214,762.63 |  |  | South of l-40 |
| Sub-Total |  | 27.675 |  | \$ | \$ 359,780.97 | \$ | 360,000 |  |
| Cost of Bldgs. Contengenices |  |  |  |  |  | \$ |  |  |
| Total Land \& Improvement Costs |  |  |  |  | = | \$ | 360,000 | (Rounded) |
| Incidentals | 7 | X | \$ 3,000 | Per Tract for Incid | = | \$ | 21,000 |  |
| Replacement Housir | 0 | x | \$ 12,000 | Per Unit | = | \$ |  |  |
| Moving Expenses | 0 | X | \$ 25,000 | Per Unit | = | \$ | - |  |
| TOTAL ROW COSTS |  |  |  |  | = | \$ | 381,000 |  |
| 201-07.05 Removal and Disposal of Brush and Trees (Clear. and Grub.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Length (tt.) | Width (ft.)(Avg.) | Area (sq.ft./ac.) | Acres | Cost (\$/ac.) |  |  |  |  |
| 530 | 200 | 106,000 | 2.433 | \$2,500 |  | \$ | 6,084 | Ramp NE Quad |
| 565 | 170 | 96,050 | 2.205 | \$2,500 |  | \$ | 5,513 | Ramp NW Quad |
| 725 | 310 | 224,750 | 5.160 | \$2,500 |  | \$ | 12,899 | Ramp SW Quad |
| 790 | 250 | 197,500 | 4.534 | \$2,500 |  | \$ | 11,335 | Ramp SE Quad |
| 4800 | 135 | 648000 | 14.876 | \$2,500 |  | \$ | 37,190 | Conn. To SR 222 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total | \$ | 73,020 |  |


712-02.02 Interconnected Portable Barrier Rai
Cost (\$/ft.)
712-07.03 Temporary Barricades
Total Maintenance of Traffic
Utility Relocation Cost
6" Water
12 " Water
Utility Poles
6" Gas
\$150,000.00

$$
10
$$

Total

| Fayette County | ESTIMATE BREAKDOWN AND QUANTITY SUMMARY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Concept 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 203-01 Road and Drain. Exc. (Uncl.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Length (ft.) | Width (tt.) | Avg. Exc. Depth | Factor | C.Y. | Cost/cy |  | Total |  |  |  |
| 1560 | 65 | 10 | 27 | 37556 | \$3.50 |  | \$131,444.44 | Ramp NE Quad |  |  |
| 1430 | 65 | 10 | 27 | 34426 | \$3.50 |  | \$120,490.74 | Ramp NW Quad |  |  |
| 1350 | 65 | 10 | 27 | 32500 | \$3.50 |  | \$113,750.00 | Ramp SW Quad |  |  |
| 2320 | 65 | 10 | 27 | 55852 | \$3.50 |  | \$195,481.48 | Ramp SE Quad |  |  |
| 5630 | 100 | 10 | 27 | 208519 | \$3.50 |  | \$729,814.81 | Conn. To SR 222 |  |  |
| 12,290 |  |  |  |  |  | Total | \$1,290,981.48 |  |  |  |
| 202-03.01 Pavement Removal |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Area (sf) |  | sf/sy |  | Cost (\$/sy) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73645 |  | 9 |  | \$3.75 |  | Total | \$30,685.42 |  |  |  |
| Drainage |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bedding |  | Length (t) |  | cy/ft |  | Cost (\$/cy) |  |  |  |  |
| 204-07 |  | 800 |  | 0.266 |  | \$30.00 | \$212.80 |  |  |  |
| Pipe |  | Length (t) |  | Cost (\$/ft) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 607-05.02 |  | 800 |  | \$40.00 |  |  | \$32,000.00 |  | Note: Based on 24 " concrete pipe @ 100' per pipe (8 pipes) |  |
| Headwall Steel |  | lbs/wall |  | \# H'walls |  | Cost (\$/lb) |  |  |  |  |
| 611-07.02 |  | 172 |  | 16 |  | \$1.30 | \$3,577.60 |  |  |  |
| Headwall Conc. |  | cy/wall |  | \# H'walls |  | Cost (\$/cy) |  |  |  |  |
| 611-07.01 |  | 1.52 |  | 16 |  | \$480.00 | \$11,673.60 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | \$47,464.00 |  |  |  |
| New Structure |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Length (t.) | Width (t.) | s.f. |  | Costll.f. | Cost/s.f. |  | Total |  |  |  |
| 336 | 88 | 29568 |  |  | \$150.00 |  | \$4,435,200.00 |  | 1-40 Bridge |  |
| 306 | 32 | 9792 |  |  | \$10.00 |  | \$97,920.00 |  | Remove Exist. Bridge |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | \$4,533,120.00 |  |  |  |


|  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| (\$/ton or cy) | Total |  |
| $\$ 50.00$ | $\$$ | 125,589 |
| $\$ 10.00$ | $\$$ | 33,155 |
| $\$ 13.50$ | $\$$ | 30,288 |
| $\$ 375.00$ | $\$$ | 5,709 |
| $\$ 15.00$ | $\$$ | 904 |
| $\$ 50.00$ | $\$$ | 18,500 |
| $\$ 10.00$ | $\$$ | 4,884 |
| $\$ 13.50$ | $\$$ | 3,380 |
| $\$ 13.50$ | $\$$ | 17,576 |
| $\$ 13.50$ | $\$$ | 75,305 |
|  |  |  |
| $\$ 60.00$ | $\$$ | 93,519 |
| $\$ 60.00$ | $\$$ | 160,086 |
| $\$ 60.00$ | $\$$ | 284,866 |
| $\$ 14.00$ | $\$$ | 185,954 |
| $\$ 14.00$ | $\$$ | 178,494 |
| $\$ 14.00$ | $\$$ | 64,094 |
| $\$ 60.00$ | $\$$ | 57,989 |

ESTIMATE BREAKDOWN AND QUANTITY SUMMARY

$\begin{array}{cccc}\text { Total cy or sy } & \text { lbs/cy) } & \text { lbs/Tons } & \text { Total Tons } \\ & 2511.78 & & \\ & 3315.55 & & \\ & & & 2243.52 \\ 2.03 & & 231 & 15.22 \\ 0.35 & & 2000 & 60.28 \\ 12 & 370.00 & & \\ & 488.40 & & 250.37 \\ & & 1301.91 \\ 2.03 & & 5578.17 \\ 2.03 & & & \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{cccc}\text { Total cy or sy } & \text { lbs/cy) } & \text { lbs/Tons } & \text { Total Tons } \\ & 2511.78 & & \\ & 3315.55 & & \\ & & & 2243.52 \\ 2.03 & & 231 & 15.22 \\ 0.35 & & 2000 & 60.28 \\ 12 & 370.00 & & \\ & 488.40 & & 250.37 \\ & & 1301.91 \\ 2.03 & & 5578.17 \\ 2.03 & & & \end{array}$


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 | Paving |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{c}\text { Ramp Conc. Pvm't. }\end{array}$ | Area (sq.ft.) | Avg. Width (ft.) | Depth (ft) |
| 501-01.02 | 90424 |  | 0.75 |
| $\begin{array}{c}\text { Ramp Treated Base } \\ \text { 313-03 }\end{array}$ | 90424 |  | 0.330 |
| $\begin{array}{c}\text { Ramp Base Stone } \\ \text { 303-01 }\end{array}$ | 90424 |  | 0.330 |
| $\begin{array}{c}\text { P.C. and T.C. }\end{array}$ |  |  |  |
| 402-01 | 90424 |  |  |
| 402-02 | 90424 |  |  |
| Outside Shld'r. |  |  |  |
| 501-01.02 | 13320 | 5 | 0.75 |
| 313-03 | 13320 | 5 | 0.330 |
| 303-01 | 13320 | 5 | 0.25 |
| 303-01 | 13320 | 2 | 1.30 |
| 303-01 | 13320 | 5.57 |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Conn. To SR 222 | Lgth/Area (sq.ft.) |  | 0.104 |
| 411-02.10 (Surf.) | 212080 |  | 0.167 |
| 307-02.08 (B-M2) | 212080 |  | 0.292 |
| 307-02.01 (Gr. 'A') | 212080 |  | 0.833 |
| 303-01 | 212080 | 12 | 1.255 |
| Outside Shld'r. | 11260 | 4.85 | 1.115 |
| 411-01.07 ('E' Shldr.) | 11260 |  | 0.125 |
|  |  |  |  |



## APPENDIX D

## HIGHWAY CAPACITY ANALYSIS OUTPUT FILES

Freeway Mainline Segments Highway Capacity Software Computer Printouts

































## Merge Ramps

## Highway Capacity Software Computer Printouts







Conversion to pc/h Under Base Conditions

| (pc/h) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{c}) \\ (\mathrm{Veh} / \mathrm{h}) \end{gathered}$ | PHF | Terrain | \%Truck | \%Rv | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}$ | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{p}}$ | $\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{PHF} \times \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}} \times \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{p}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Freeway | 3075 | 0.90 | Level | 25 | 0 | 0.889 | 1.00 | 3844 |
| Ramp | 237 | 0.90 | Level | 3 | 0 | 0.985 | 1.00 | 267 |
| UpStream |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DownStream | 274 | 0.90 | Level | 3 | 0 | 0.985 | 1.00 | 309 |
| Merge Areas |  |  |  |  | Diverge Areas |  |  |  |
| Estimation of $\mathbf{v}_{12}$ |  |  |  |  | Estimation of $\mathbf{v}_{12}$ |  |  |  |
|  $V_{12}=V_{F}\left(P_{F M}\right)$ <br> $L_{E Q}=$ (Equation 25-2 or 25-3) |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{12}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}+\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{F}}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}\right) \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{FD}}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $L_{\mathrm{EQ}}=\quad \quad$ (Equation $25-8$ or $25-9$ |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{FM}}=$ | 1.000 using Equation (Exhibit 25-5) |  |  |  | $P_{F D}=$ |  | using Equation (Exhibit 25-12) |  |
| $V_{12}=$ | 3844 pc/h |  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{12}=$ |  | $\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{3}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {av34 }}$ | $0 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$ (Equation 25-4 or 25-5) |  |  |  | $V_{3}$ or $V_{\text {av34 }}$ |  | pc/h (Equation 25-15 or 25-16) |  |
| Is $V_{3}$ or $V_{\text {av34 }}>$ | c/h? 「Y | No |  |  | Is $\mathrm{V}_{3}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {av34 }}>2,700 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$ ? Г Yes Г No |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Is } V_{3} \text { or } V_{\text {av3 }}= \\ & \text { if } Y e s, V_{122}= \end{aligned}$ | /2 Г Yes Г No |  |  |  | $\text { Is } \mathrm{V}_{3} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\text {av3 } 3}>1.5 * \mathrm{~V}_{12} / 2 \text { Г Yes ГNo }$ |  |  |  |

Capacity Checks
Capacity Checks



Conversion to pc/h Under Base Conditions

| (pc/h) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{c}) \\ (\mathrm{Veh} / \mathrm{h}) \end{gathered}$ | PHF | Terrain | \%Truck | \%Rv | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}$ | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{p}}$ | $\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{PHF} \times \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}} \times \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{p}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Freeway | 2807 | 0.90 | Level | 25 | 0 | 0.889 | 1.00 | 3509 |
| Ramp | 204 | 0.90 | Level | 3 | 0 | 0.985 | 1.00 | 230 |
| UpStream |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DownStream | 355 | 0.90 | Level | 3 | 0 | 0.985 | 1.00 | 400 |
| Merge Areas |  |  |  |  | Diverge Areas |  |  |  |
| Estimation of $\mathbf{v}_{12}$ |  |  |  |  | Estimation of $\mathrm{v}_{12}$ |  |  |  |
|  $V_{12}=V_{F}\left(P_{F M}\right)$ <br> $L_{E Q}=$ (Equation 25-2 or 25-3) |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{12}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}+\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{F}}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}\right) \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{FD}}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $L_{\text {EQ }}=\quad \quad$ (Equation 25-8 or $25-9$ |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{FM}}=$ | 1.000 using Equation (Exhibit 25-5) |  |  |  | $P_{F D}=$ |  | using Equation (Exhibit 25-12) |  |
| $V_{12}=$ | $3509 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$ |  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{12}=$ |  | $\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{3}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {av34 }}$ | $0 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$ (Equation 25-4 or 25-5) |  |  |  | $V_{3}$ or $V_{\text {av34 }}$ |  | pc/h (Equation 25-15 or 25-16) |  |
| Is $V_{3}$ or $V_{\text {av34 }}>$ | c/h? 「Y | No |  |  | Is $\mathrm{V}_{3}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {av34 }}>2,700 \mathrm{pc/h}$ ? Г Yes Г No |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Is } V_{3} \text { or } V_{\text {av3 }}= \\ & \text { if } Y e s, V_{122}= \end{aligned}$ | /2 Г Yes V No |  |  |  | $\text { Is } \mathrm{V}_{3} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\text {av3 } 3}>1.5 * \mathrm{~V}_{12} / 2 \text { Г Yes ГNo }$ |  |  |  |

Capacity Checks
Capacity Checks

|  | Actual | Capacity |  | LOS F? |  | Actual | Capacity |  | LOS F? |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{FO}}$ | 3739 | Exhibit 25-7 |  | No | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{F}}$ |  | Exhibit 25-14 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{FO}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{F}}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}$ |  | Exhibit 25-14 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}$ |  | Exhibit 25-3 |  |  |
| Flow Entering Merge Influence Area |  |  |  |  | Flow Entering Diverge Influence Area |  |  |  |  |
|  | Actual | Max Desirable |  | Violation? |  | Actual | Max Desirable |  | Violation? |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R} 12}$ | 3739 | Exhibit 25-7 | 4600:All | No | $\mathrm{V}_{12}$ |  | Exhibit 25-14 |  |  |
| Level of Service Determination (if not F) |  |  |  |  | Level of Service Determination (if not F) |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \quad & D_{R}=5.475+0.00734 \mathrm{v}_{R}+0.0078 \mathrm{~V}_{12}-0.00627 \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{A}} \\ \mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{R}}= & 31.4(\text { pc/mi/ln }) \\ \text { LOS }= & D \text { (Exhibit } 25-4) \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{ll}  & \mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{R}}=4.252+0.0086 \mathrm{~V}_{12}-0.009 \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{D}} \\ \mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{R}}= & (\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{ln}) \\ \mathrm{LOS}= & \text { (Exhibit 25-4) } \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Speed Determination |  |  |  |  | Speed Determination |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{S}}=$ 0.450 (Exibit 25-19) <br> $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{R}}=$ 57.4 mph (Exhibit 25-19) <br> $\mathrm{S}_{0}=$ $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A} \mathrm{mph}$ (Exhibit 25-19) <br> $\mathrm{S}=$ 57.4 mph (Exhibit 25-14) |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{ll} \mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{S}}= & \text { (Exhibit 25-19) } \\ \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{R}}= & \text { mph (Exhibit 25-19) } \\ \mathrm{S}_{0}= & \text { mph (Exhibit 25-19) } \\ \mathrm{S}= & \text { mph (Exhibit 25-15) } \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |







Conversion to pc/h Under Base Conditions

| (pc/h) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{c}) \\ (\mathrm{Veh} / \mathrm{h}) \end{gathered}$ | PHF | Terrain | \%Truck | \%Rv | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}$ | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{p}}$ | $\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{PHF} \times \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}} \times \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{p}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Freeway | 1828 | 0.90 | Level | 25 | 0 | 0.889 | 1.00 | 2285 |
| Ramp | 387 | 0.90 | Level | 10 | 0 | 0.952 | 1.00 | 452 |
| UpStream |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DownStream | 374 | 0.90 | Level | 10 | 0 | 0.952 | 1.00 | 436 |
| Merge Areas |  |  |  |  | Diverge Areas |  |  |  |
| Estimation of $\mathbf{v}_{12}$ |  |  |  |  | Estimation of $\mathbf{v}_{12}$ |  |  |  |
|  $V_{12}=V_{F}\left(P_{F M}\right)$ <br> $L_{E Q}=$ (Equation 25-2 or 25-3) |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{12}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}+\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{F}}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}\right) \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{FD}}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $L_{\mathrm{EQ}}=\quad \quad$ (Equation $25-8$ or $25-9$ |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{FM}}=$ | 1.000 using Equation (Exhibit 25-5) |  |  |  | $P_{F D}=$ |  | using Equation (Exhibit 25-12) |  |
| $V_{12}=$ | 2285 pc/h |  |  |  | $\mathrm{v}_{12}=$ |  | $\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{3}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {av34 }}$ | $0 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$ (Equation 25-4 or 25-5) |  |  |  | $V_{3}$ or $V_{\text {av34 }}$ |  | pc/h (Equation 25-15 or 25-16) |  |
| Is $V_{3}$ or $V_{\text {av34 }}>$ | c/h? 「Y | No |  |  | Is $\mathrm{V}_{3}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {av34 }}>2,700 \mathrm{pc/h}$ ? Г Yes Г No |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Is } V_{3} \text { or } V_{\text {av3 }}= \\ & \text { if } Y e s, V_{122}= \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{12} / 2 \Gamma \mathrm{Yes}$ 『 No |  |  |  | $\text { Is } \mathrm{V}_{3} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\text {av3 } 3}>1.5 * \mathrm{~V}_{12} / 2 \text { Г Yes ГNo }$ |  |  |  |

Capacity Checks
Capacity Checks




Conversion to pc/h Under Base Conditions

| (pc/h) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{c}) \\ (\mathrm{Veh} / \mathrm{h}) \end{gathered}$ | PHF | Terrain | \%Truck | \%Rv | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}$ | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{p}}$ | $\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{PHF} \times \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}} \times \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{p}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Freeway | 2596 | 0.90 | Level | 25 | 0 | 0.889 | 1.00 | 3245 |
| Ramp | 275 | 0.90 | Level | 10 | 0 | 0.952 | 1.00 | 321 |
| UpStream |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DownStream | 754 | 0.90 | Level | 10 | 0 | 0.952 | 1.00 | 880 |
| Merge Areas |  |  |  |  | Diverge Areas |  |  |  |
| Estimation of $\mathbf{v}_{12}$ |  |  |  |  | Estimation of $\mathbf{v}_{12}$ |  |  |  |
|  $V_{12}=V_{F}\left(P_{F M}\right)$ <br> $L_{E Q}=$ (Equation 25-2 or 25-3) |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{12}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}+\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{F}}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}\right) \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{FD}}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $L_{\mathrm{EQ}}=\quad \quad$ (Equation $25-8$ or $25-9$ |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{FM}}=$ | 1.000 using Equation (Exhibit 25-5) |  |  |  | $P_{F D}=$ |  | using Equation (Exhibit 25-12) |  |
| $V_{12}=$ | $3245 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$ |  |  |  | $\mathrm{v}_{12}=$ |  | $\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{3}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {av34 }}$ | $0 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$ (Equation 25-4 or 25-5) |  |  |  | $V_{3}$ or $V_{\text {av34 }}$ |  | pc/h (Equation 25-15 or 25-16) |  |
| Is $V_{3}$ or $V_{\text {av34 }}>$ | c/h? 「Y | No |  |  | Is $\mathrm{V}_{3}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {av34 }}>2,700 \mathrm{pc/h}$ ? Г Yes Г No |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Is } V_{3} \text { or } V_{\text {av3 }}= \\ & \text { if } Y e s, V_{122}= \end{aligned}$ | /2 Г Yes Г No |  |  |  | $\text { Is } \mathrm{V}_{3} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\text {av3 } 3}>1.5 * \mathrm{~V}_{12} / 2 \text { Г Yes ГNo }$ |  |  |  |

Capacity Checks
Capacity Checks



Conversion to pc/h Under Base Conditions

| (pc/h) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{c}) \\ (\mathrm{Veh} / \mathrm{h}) \end{gathered}$ | PHF | Terrain | \%Truck | \%Rv | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}$ | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{p}}$ | $\mathrm{v}=\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{PHF} \times \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}} \times \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{p}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Freeway | 2768 | 0.90 | Level | 25 | 0 | 0.889 | 1.00 | 3460 |
| Ramp | 410 | 0.90 | Level | 10 | 0 | 0.952 | 1.00 | 478 |
| UpStream |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DownStream | 449 | 0.90 | Level | 10 | 0 | 0.952 | 1.00 | 524 |
| Merge Areas |  |  |  |  | Diverge Areas |  |  |  |
| Estimation of $\mathbf{v}_{12}$ |  |  |  |  | Estimation of $\mathbf{v}_{12}$ |  |  |  |
|  $V_{12}=V_{F}\left(P_{F M}\right)$ <br> $L_{E Q}=$ (Equation 25-2 or 25-3) |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{12}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}+\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{F}}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}\right) \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{FD}}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $L_{\mathrm{EQ}}=\quad \quad$ (Equation $25-8$ or $25-9$ |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{FM}}=$ | 1.000 using Equation (Exhibit 25-5) |  |  |  | $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{FD}}=$ |  | using Equation (Exhibit 25-12) |  |
| $V_{12}=$ | 3460 pc/h |  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{12}=$ |  | pc/h |  |
| $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \mathrm{V}_{3} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\text {av34 }} \quad 0 \quad \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h} \text { (Equation 25-4 or 25-5) } \\ \text { Is } \mathrm{V}_{3} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\text {av34 }}>2,700 \mathrm{pc/h} \text { ? } \text { Yes } \mathrm{Y} \text { No } \end{array}\right.$ |  |  |  |  | $V_{3}$ or $V_{\text {av34 }}$ |  | pc/h (Equation 25-15 or 25-16) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Is $\mathrm{V}_{3}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {av34 }}>2,700 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$ ? Г Yes Г No |  |  |  |
| Is $\mathrm{V}_{3}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {av34 }}>1.5 * \mathrm{~V}_{12} / 2$ Г Yes ए No | ${ }_{12} / 2$ 「 Yes ए No |  |  |  | $\text { Is } \mathrm{V}_{3} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\text {av3 } 3}>1.5 * \mathrm{~V}_{12} / 2 \text { Г Yes ГNo }$ |  |  |  |
| If Yes, $\mathrm{V}_{12 \mathrm{a}}=\quad \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$ (Equation 25-8) | pc/h (Equation 25-8) |  |  |  | If $\mathrm{Yes}, \mathrm{V}_{12 \mathrm{a}}=\quad \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$ (Equation 25-18) |  |  |  |

Capacity Checks
Capacity Checks

|  | Actual | Capacity |  | LOSF? |  | Actual | Capacity |  | LOS F? |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{FO}}$ | 3938 | Exhibit 25-7 |  | No | $V_{F}$ |  | Exhibit 25-14 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{FO}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{F}}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}$ |  | Exhibit 25-14 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}$ |  | Exhibit 25-3 |  |  |
| Flow Entering Merge Influence Area |  |  |  |  | Flow Entering Diverge Influence Area |  |  |  |  |
|  | Actual | Max Desirable |  | Violation? |  | Actual | Max Desirable |  | Violation? |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R} 12}$ | 3938 | Exhibit 25-7 | 4600:All | No | $\mathrm{V}_{12}$ |  | Exhibit 25-14 |  |  |
| Level of Service Determination (if not F) |  |  |  |  | Level of Service Determination (if not F) |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & D_{R}=5 \\ & D_{R}= \\ & \text { LOS }= \\ & D(E) \end{aligned}$ | $D_{R}=5.475+0.00734 \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{R}}+0.0078 \mathrm{~V}_{12}-0.00627 \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{A}}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{ll} \quad & D_{R}=4.252+0.0086 \mathrm{~V}_{12}-0.009 \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{D}} \\ \mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{R}}= & \text { (pc/mi/ln) } \\ \mathrm{LOS}= & \text { (Exhibit 25-4) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Speed Determination |  |  |  |  | Speed Determination |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{S}}=0.486$ (Exibit 25-19) |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{s}}=$ (Exhibit 25-19) |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{R}}=\quad 56.4 \mathrm{mph}$ (Exhibit 25-19) |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{R}}=\quad \mathrm{mph}($ Exhibit 25-19) |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{S}_{0}=\quad \mathrm{N} / \mathrm{Amph}($ Exhibit 25-19) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $S=\quad 56.4 \mathrm{mph}$ (Exhibit 25-14) |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{S}=\quad \mathrm{mph}($ Exhibit 25-15) |  |  |  |  |












## Diverge Ramps

## Highway Capacity Software Computer Printouts







| RAMPS AND RAMP JUNCTIONS WORKSHEET |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Information Site Information |  |  |  |  |
| Analyst | SKB | Freeway/Dir of Travel | 1-40 EB |  |
| Agency or Company | TDOT/TranSystems | Junction | Exit 35 |  |
| Date Performed | 04/18/2011 | Jurisdiction | Fayette County |  |
| Analysis Time Period | PM Peak Period | Analysis Year | 2034 |  |
| Project Description Existing Conditions |  |  |  |  |
| Inputs |  |  |  |  |
| Upstream Adj Ramp | Terrain: Level |  |  | Downstream Adj Ramp |
| $\square \mathrm{Yes}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\Gamma$ Yes 「on |
| Г No Гoff |  |  |  | $\square$ No 「 off |
| $L_{\text {up }}=2000 \mathrm{ft}$ |  |  |  | $\mathrm{L}_{\text {down }}=\mathrm{ft}$ |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{u}}=204 \mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FF}}=70.0 \mathrm{mph} \\ \text { Sketch (show lanes, } \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{A}^{\prime}} \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{D}}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{RR}}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{F}} \text { ) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{D}}=\mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{u}}=204 \mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h}$ |  |  |  | $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{\text {a }}$ ven/h |

Conversion to pc/h Under Base Conditions

| (pc/h) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V} \\ \text { (Veh/hr) } \end{gathered}$ | PHF | Terrain | \%Truck | \%Rv | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}$ | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{p}}$ | $\mathrm{v}=\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{PHF} \times \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}} \times \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{p}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Freeway | 2603 | 0.90 | Level | 25 | 0 | 0.889 | 1.00 | 3254 |
| Ramp | 355 | 0.90 | Level | 3 | 0 | 0.985 | 1.00 | 400 |
| UpStream | 204 | 0.90 | Level | 3 | 0 | 0.985 | 1.00 | 230 |
| DownStream |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Merge Areas |  |  |  |  | Diverge Areas |  |  |  |
| Estimation of $\mathbf{v}_{12}$ |  |  |  |  | Estimation of $\boldsymbol{v}_{12}$ |  |  |  |
| $V_{12}=V_{F}\left(P_{F M}\right)$ |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{12}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}+\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{F}}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}\right) \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{FD}}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $L_{\text {EQ }}=$ (Equation |  |  | 8 or 25-9) |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{FM}}=$ | using Equation (Exhibit 25-5) |  | (Equation 25-2 or 25-3) |  | $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{FD}}=\quad 1.000$ usi |  |  | quation (Exhibit 25-12) |
| $\mathrm{V}_{12}=$ | $\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$ |  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{12}=$ |  | 3254 pc/h |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{3}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {av34 }}$ | pc/h (Equation 25-4 or 25-5) |  |  |  | $V_{3}$ or $v_{\text {av34 }}$ |  | $0 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$ (Equation 25-15 or 25-16) |  |
| Is $\mathrm{V}_{3}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {a }} 34$ | pc/h? Г Y |  |  |  | Is $\mathrm{V}_{3}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {av3 }}>2,700 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$ ? Г Yes ए No |  |  |  |
| Is $V_{3}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {av34 }}$ | /2 $\square$ Yes Г No |  |  |  | Is $\mathrm{V}_{3}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {av3 }}>1.5 * \mathrm{~V}_{12} / 2$ |  | $\ulcorner$ Yes $\bar{V}$ No |  |
| If Yes, $\mathrm{V}_{12 \mathrm{a}}=$ | pc/h (Equation 25-8) |  |  |  | $1 \mathrm{If} Y \mathrm{Ye}, \mathrm{~V}_{12 \mathrm{a}}=$ |  | $\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$ (Equation 25-18) |  |

Capacity Checks
Capacity Checks





Conversion to pc/h Under Base Conditions

| (pc/h) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V} \\ \text { (Veh/hr) } \end{gathered}$ | PHF | Terrain | \%Truck | \%Rv | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}$ | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{p}}$ | $\mathrm{v}=\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{PHF} \times \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}} \times \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{p}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Freeway | 1582 | 0.90 | Level | 25 | 0 | 0.889 | 1.00 | 1978 |
| Ramp | 715 | 0.90 | Level | 3 | 0 | 0.985 | 1.00 | 806 |
| UpStream | 232 | 0.90 | Level | 3 | 0 | 0.985 | 1.00 | 262 |
| DownStream |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Merge Areas |  |  |  |  | Diverge Areas |  |  |  |
| Estimation of $\mathbf{v}_{12}$ |  |  |  |  | Estimation of $\mathbf{v}_{12}$ |  |  |  |
| $V_{12}=V_{F}\left(P_{F M}\right)$ |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{12}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}+\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{F}}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{R}}\right) \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{FD}}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $L_{\text {EQ }}=$ (Equation |  |  | 8 or 25-9) |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{FM}}=$ | using Equation (Exhibit 25-5) |  | (Equation 25-2 or 25-3) |  | $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{FD}}=\quad 1.000$ usi |  |  | quation (Exhibit 25-12) |
| $\mathrm{V}_{12}=$ | $\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$ |  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{12}=$ |  | 1978 pc/h |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{3}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {av34 }}$ | pc/h (Equation 25-4 or 25-5) |  |  |  | $V_{3}$ or $v_{\text {av34 }}$ |  | $0 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$ (Equation 25-15 or 25-16) |  |
| Is $\mathrm{V}_{3}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {a }} 34$ | pc/h? Г Y |  |  |  | Is $\mathrm{V}_{3}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {av3 }}>2,700 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$ ? Г Yes ए No |  |  |  |
| Is $V_{3}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {av34 }}$ | /2 $\square$ Yes Г No |  |  |  | Is $\mathrm{V}_{3}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {av3 }}>1.5 * \mathrm{~V}_{12} / 2$ |  | $\ulcorner$ Yes $\bar{V}$ No |  |
| If Yes, $\mathrm{V}_{12 \mathrm{a}}=$ | pc/h (Equation 25-8) |  |  |  | $1 \mathrm{If} Y \mathrm{Ye}, \mathrm{~V}_{12 \mathrm{a}}=$ |  | $\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$ (Equation 25-18) |  |

Capacity Checks
Capacity Checks

















Two Lane Segments Highway Capacity Software Computer Printouts

TWO-WAY TWO-LANE HIGHWAY SEGMENT WORKSHEET

| General Information | Site Information |
| :---: | :---: |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Company TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date Performed $04 / 18 / 2011$ <br> Analysis Time Period AM Peak Hour | Highway SR 59 <br> From/To North of I-40 <br> Jurisdiction Fayette County <br> Analysis Year 2014 |
| Project Description: Existing Conditions |  |
| Input Data |  |
|  |  |
| Average Travel Speed |  |
| Grade adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-7) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.7 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.979 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF} * \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 458 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}{ }^{\text {* }}$ highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 247 |
| Free-Flow Speed from Field Measurement | Estimated Free-Flow Speed |
| Field Measured speed, $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Observed volume, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{f}}$ $\mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS FFS $=\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}+0.00776\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{f}} / \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ | Base free-flow speed, $\mathrm{BFFS}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $45.0 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for lane width and shoulder width  <br>   <br>   <br> , $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}}$ (Exhibit 20-5) $1.3 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for access points, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}$ (Exhibit 20-6) $2.5 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS (FSS=BFFS- $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}^{-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}} \text { ) }}$ $41.2 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| Adj. for no-passing zones, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}(\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h})$ (Exhibit 20-11) | 4.3 |
| Average travel speed, ATS ( mi/h) ATS $=$ FFS $-0.00776 \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}$ | 33.3 |
| Percent Time-Spent-Following |  |
| Grade Adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-8) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.1 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.997 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 450 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}$ * highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 243 |
| Base percent time-spent-following, BPTSF(\%)=100(1-e $\mathrm{e}^{-0.000879 v_{p} \text { ) }}$ | 32.7 |
| Adj. for directional distribution and no-passing zone, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{hp}}(\%)(E x h .20-12)$ | 23.0 |
| Percent time-spent-following, PTSF(\%)=BPTSF $+\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{np}}$ | 55.6 |
| Level of Service and Other Performance Measures |  |
| Level of service, LOS (Exhibit 20-3 for Class I or 20-4 for Class II) | C |
| Volume to capacity ratio, $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{p}} / 3,200$ | 0.14 |
| Peak 15-min veh-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{15}$ (veh-mi) $=0.25 \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ (V/PHF) | 112 |
| Peak-hour vehicle-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{60}($ veh- $m i)=\mathrm{V}^{*} \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ | 404 |
| Peak 15-min total travel time, $\mathrm{TT}_{15}\left(\right.$ veh-h) $=\mathrm{VMT}_{15} / \mathrm{ATS}$ | 3.4 |
| Notes |  |
| 1. If $V p>=3,200 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminate analysis-the LOS is $F$. <br> 2. If highest directional split $V p>=1,700 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminated anlysis-the LOS is F . |  |
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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE HIGHWAY SEGMENT WORKSHEET

| General Information | Site Information |
| :---: | :---: |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Company TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date Performed $04 / 18 / 2011$ <br> Analysis Time Period AM Peak Hour | Highway SR 59 <br> From/To South of -40 <br> Jurisdiction Fayette County <br> Analysis Year 2014 |
| Project Description: Existing Conditions |  |
| Input Data |  |
|  |  |
| Average Travel Speed |  |
| Grade adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-7) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.7 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.979 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF} * \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 473 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}{ }^{\text {* }}$ highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 289 |
| Free-Flow Speed from Field Measurement | Estimated Free-Flow Speed |
| Field Measured speed, $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Observed volume, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{f}}$ $\mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS FFS $=\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}+0.00776\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{f}} / \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ | Base free-flow speed, $\mathrm{BFFS}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $45.0 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for lane width and shoulder width  <br>   <br>   <br> , $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}}$ (Exhibit 20-5) $1.3 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for access points, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}$ (Exhibit 20-6) $2.5 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS (FSS=BFFS- $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}^{-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}} \text { ) }}$ $41.2 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| Adj. for no-passing zones, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}(\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h})$ (Exhibit 20-11) | 4.3 |
| Average travel speed, ATS ( mi/h) ATS $=$ FFS $-0.00776 \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}$ | 33.2 |
| Percent Time-Spent-Following |  |
| Grade Adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-8) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.1 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.997 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 465 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}$ * highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 284 |
| Base percent time-spent-following, BPTSF(\%)=100(1-e $\mathrm{e}^{-0.000879 v_{p} \text { ) }}$ | 33.6 |
| Adj. for directional distribution and no-passing zone, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{hp}}(\%)(E x h .20-12)$ | 21.8 |
| Percent time-spent-following, PTSF(\%)=BPTSF $+\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{np}}$ | 55.3 |
| Level of Service and Other Performance Measures |  |
| Level of service, LOS (Exhibit 20-3 for Class I or 20-4 for Class II) | C |
| Volume to capacity ratio, $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{p}} / 3,200$ | 0.15 |
| Peak 15-min veh-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{15}$ (veh-mi) $=0.25 \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ (V/PHF) | 116 |
| Peak-hour vehicle-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{60}($ veh- $m i)=\mathrm{V}^{*} \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ | 417 |
| Peak 15-min total travel time, $\mathrm{TT}_{15}\left(\right.$ veh-h) $=\mathrm{VMT}_{15} / \mathrm{ATS}$ | 3.5 |
| Notes |  |
| 1. If $V p>=3,200 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminate analysis-the LOS is $F$. <br> 2. If highest directional split $V p>=1,700 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminated anlysis-the LOS is F . |  |
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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE HIGHWAY SEGMENT WORKSHEET

| General Information | Site Information |
| :---: | :---: |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Company TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date Performed $04 / 18 / 2011$ <br> Analysis Time Period PM Peak Hour | Highway SR 59 <br> From/To North of I-40 <br> Jurisdiction Fayette County <br> Analysis Year 2014 |
| Project Description: Existing Conditions |  |
| Input Data |  |
|  |  |
| Average Travel Speed |  |
| Grade adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-7) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.7 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.979 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF} * \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 436 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}{ }^{\text {* }}$ highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 244 |
| Free-Flow Speed from Field Measurement | Estimated Free-Flow Speed |
| Field Measured speed, $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Observed volume, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{f}}$ $\mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS FFS $=\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}+0.00776\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{f}} / \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ | Base free-flow speed, $\mathrm{BFFS}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $45.0 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for lane width and shoulder width  <br>   <br>   <br> , $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}}$ (Exhibit 20-5) $1.3 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for access points, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}$ (Exhibit 20-6) $2.5 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS (FSS=BFFS- $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}^{-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}} \text { ) }}$ $41.2 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| Adj. for no-passing zones, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}(\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h})$ (Exhibit 20-11) | 4.4 |
| Average travel speed, ATS ( mi/h) ATS $=$ FFS $-0.00776 \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}$ | 33.4 |
| Percent Time-Spent-Following |  |
| Grade Adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-8) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.1 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.997 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 428 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}$ * highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 240 |
| Base percent time-spent-following, BPTSF(\%)=100(1-e $\mathrm{e}^{-0.000879 v_{p} \text { ) }}$ | 31.4 |
| Adj. for directional distribution and no-passing zone, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{hp}}(\%)(E x h .20-12)$ | 22.9 |
| Percent time-spent-following, PTSF(\%)=BPTSF $+\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{np}}$ | 54.2 |
| Level of Service and Other Performance Measures |  |
| Level of service, LOS (Exhibit 20-3 for Class I or 20-4 for Class II) | $B$ |
| Volume to capacity ratio, $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{p}} / 3,200$ | 0.14 |
| Peak 15-min veh-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{15}$ (veh-mi) $=0.25 \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ (V/PHF) | 107 |
| Peak-hour vehicle-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{60}($ veh- $m i)=\mathrm{V}^{*} \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ | 384 |
| Peak 15-min total travel time, $\mathrm{TT}_{15}\left(\right.$ veh-h) $=\mathrm{VMT}_{15} / \mathrm{ATS}$ | 3.2 |
| Notes |  |
| 1. If $V p>=3,200 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminate analysis-the LOS is $F$. <br> 2. If highest directional split $V p>=1,700 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminated anlysis-the LOS is F . |  |
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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE HIGHWAY SEGMENT WORKSHEET

| General Information | Site Information |
| :---: | :---: |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Company TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date Performed $04 / 18 / 2011$ <br> Analysis Time Period PM Peak Hour | Highway SR 59 <br> From/To South of -40 <br> Jurisdiction Fayette County <br> Analysis Year 2014 |
| Project Description: Existing Conditions |  |
| Input Data |  |
|  |  |
| Average Travel Speed |  |
| Grade adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-7) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.7 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.979 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF} * \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 452 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}{ }^{\text {* }}$ highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 249 |
| Free-Flow Speed from Field Measurement | Estimated Free-Flow Speed |
| Field Measured speed, $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Observed volume, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{f}}$ $\mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS FFS $=\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}+0.00776\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{f}} / \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ | Base free-flow speed, $\mathrm{BFFS}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $45.0 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for lane width and shoulder width  <br>   <br>   <br> , $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}}$ (Exhibit 20-5) $1.3 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for access points, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}$ (Exhibit 20-6) $2.5 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS (FSS=BFFS- $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}^{-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}} \text { ) }}$ $41.2 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| Adj. for no-passing zones, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}(\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h})$ (Exhibit 20-11) | 4.3 |
| Average travel speed, ATS ( mi/h) ATS $=$ FFS $-0.00776 \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}$ | 33.3 |
| Percent Time-Spent-Following |  |
| Grade Adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-8) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.1 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.997 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 444 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}$ * highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 244 |
| Base percent time-spent-following, BPTSF(\%)=100(1-e $\mathrm{e}^{-0.000879 v_{p} \text { ) }}$ | 32.3 |
| Adj. for directional distribution and no-passing zone, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{hp}}(\%)(E x h .20-12)$ | 22.9 |
| Percent time-spent-following, PTSF(\%)=BPTSF $+\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{np}}$ | 55.2 |
| Level of Service and Other Performance Measures |  |
| Level of service, LOS (Exhibit 20-3 for Class I or 20-4 for Class II) | C |
| Volume to capacity ratio, $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{p}} / 3,200$ | 0.14 |
| Peak 15-min veh-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{15}$ (veh-mi) $=0.25 \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ (V/PHF) | 111 |
| Peak-hour vehicle-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{60}($ veh- $m i)=\mathrm{V}^{*} \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ | 398 |
| Peak 15-min total travel time, $\mathrm{TT}_{15}\left(\right.$ veh-h) $=\mathrm{VMT}_{15} / \mathrm{ATS}$ | 3.3 |
| Notes |  |
| 1. If $V p>=3,200 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminate analysis-the LOS is $F$. <br> 2. If highest directional split $V p>=1,700 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminated anlysis-the LOS is F . |  |
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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE HIGHWAY SEGMENT WORKSHEET

| General Information | Site Information |
| :---: | :---: |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Company TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date Performed $04 / 18 / 2011$ <br> Analysis Time Period AM Peak Hour | Highway SR 59 <br> From/To North of I-40 <br> Jurisdiction Fayette County <br> Analysis Year 2034 |
| Project Description: Existing Conditions |  |
| Input Data |  |
|  |  |
| Average Travel Speed |  |
| Grade adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-7) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.2 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.994 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF} * \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 620 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}{ }^{\text {* }}$ highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 360 |
| Free-Flow Speed from Field Measurement | Estimated Free-Flow Speed |
| Field Measured speed, $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Observed volume, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{f}}$ $\mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS FFS $=\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}+0.00776\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{f}} / \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ | Base free-flow speed, $\mathrm{BFFS}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $45.0 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for lane width and shoulder width  <br>   <br>   <br> , $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}}$ (Exhibit 20-5) $1.3 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for access points, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}$ (Exhibit 20-6) $2.5 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS (FSS=BFFS- $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}^{-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}} \text { ) }}$ $41.2 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| Adj. for no-passing zones, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}(\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h})$ (Exhibit 20-11) | 3.8 |
| Average travel speed, ATS ( mi/h) ATS $=$ FFS $-0.00776 \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}$ | 32.6 |
| Percent Time-Spent-Following |  |
| Grade Adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-8) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.1 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.997 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 619 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}$ * highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 359 |
| Base percent time-spent-following, BPTSF(\%)=100(1-e $\mathrm{e}^{-0.000879 v_{p} \text { ) }}$ | 42.0 |
| Adj. for directional distribution and no-passing zone, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{hp}}(\%)(E x h .20-12)$ | 20.1 |
| Percent time-spent-following, PTSF(\%)=BPTSF $+\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{np}}$ | 62.0 |
| Level of Service and Other Performance Measures |  |
| Level of service, LOS (Exhibit 20-3 for Class I or 20-4 for Class II) | C |
| Volume to capacity ratio, $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{p}} / 3,200$ | 0.19 |
| Peak 15-min veh-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{15}$ (veh-mi) $=0.25 \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ (V/PHF) | 154 |
| Peak-hour vehicle-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{60}($ veh- $m i)=\mathrm{V}^{*} \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ | 555 |
| Peak 15-min total travel time, $\mathrm{TT}_{15}\left(\right.$ veh-h) $=\mathrm{VMT}_{15} / \mathrm{ATS}$ | 4.7 |
| Notes |  |
| 1. If $V p>=3,200 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminate analysis-the LOS is $F$. <br> 2. If highest directional split $V p>=1,700 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminated anlysis-the LOS is F . |  |
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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE HIGHWAY SEGMENT WORKSHEET

| General Information | Site Information |
| :---: | :---: |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Company TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date Performed $04 / 18 / 2011$ <br> Analysis Time Period AM Peak Hour | Highway SR 59 <br> From/To South of -40 <br> Jurisdiction Fayette County <br> Analysis Year 2034 |
| Project Description: Existing Conditions |  |
| Input Data |  |
|  |  |
| Average Travel Speed |  |
| Grade adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-7) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.2 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.994 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF} * \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 643 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}{ }^{\text {* }}$ highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 392 |
| Free-Flow Speed from Field Measurement | Estimated Free-Flow Speed |
| Field Measured speed, $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Observed volume, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{f}}$ $\mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS FFS $=\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}+0.00776\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{f}} / \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ | Base free-flow speed, $\mathrm{BFFS}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $45.0 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for lane width and shoulder width  <br>   <br>   <br> , $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}}$ (Exhibit 20-5) $1.3 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for access points, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}$ (Exhibit 20-6) $2.5 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS (FSS=BFFS- $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}^{-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}} \text { ) }}$ $41.2 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| Adj. for no-passing zones, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}(\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h})$ (Exhibit 20-11) | 3.7 |
| Average travel speed, ATS ( mi/h) ATS $=$ FFS $-0.00776 \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}$ | 32.5 |
| Percent Time-Spent-Following |  |
| Grade Adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-8) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.1 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.997 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 641 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}$ * highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 391 |
| Base percent time-spent-following, BPTSF(\%)=100(1-e $\mathrm{e}^{-0.000879 v_{p} \text { ) }}$ | 43.1 |
| Adj. for directional distribution and no-passing zone, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{hp}}(\%)(E x h .20-12)$ | 19.4 |
| Percent time-spent-following, PTSF(\%)=BPTSF $+\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{np}}$ | 62.5 |
| Level of Service and Other Performance Measures |  |
| Level of service, LOS (Exhibit 20-3 for Class I or 20-4 for Class II) | C |
| Volume to capacity ratio, $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{p}} / 3,200$ | 0.20 |
| Peak 15-min veh-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{15}$ (veh-mi) $=0.25 \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ (V/PHF) | 160 |
| Peak-hour vehicle-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{60}($ veh- $m i)=\mathrm{V}^{*} \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ | 575 |
| Peak 15-min total travel time, $\mathrm{TT}_{15}\left(\right.$ veh-h) $=\mathrm{VMT}_{15}$ /ATS | 4.9 |
| Notes |  |
| 1. If $V p>=3,200 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminate analysis-the LOS is $F$. <br> 2. If highest directional split $V p>=1,700 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminated anlysis-the LOS is F . |  |
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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE HIGHWAY SEGMENT WORKSHEET

| General Information | Site Information |
| :---: | :---: |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Company TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date Performed $04 / 18 / 2011$ <br> Analysis Time Period PM Peak Hour | Highway SR 59 <br> From/To North of I-40 <br> Jurisdiction Fayette County <br> Analysis Year 2034 |
| Project Description: Existing Conditions |  |
| Input Data |  |
|  |  |
| Average Travel Speed |  |
| Grade adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-7) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.2 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.994 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF} * \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 594 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}{ }^{\text {* }}$ highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 333 |
| Free-Flow Speed from Field Measurement | Estimated Free-Flow Speed |
| Field Measured speed, $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Observed volume, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{f}}$ $\mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS FFS $=\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}+0.00776\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{f}} / \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ | Base free-flow speed, $\mathrm{BFFS}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $45.0 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for lane width and shoulder width  <br>   <br>   <br> , $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}}$ (Exhibit 20-5) $1.3 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for access points, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}$ (Exhibit 20-6) $2.5 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS (FSS=BFFS- $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}^{-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}} \text { ) }}$ $41.2 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| Adj. for no-passing zones, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}(\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h})$ (Exhibit 20-11) | 3.9 |
| Average travel speed, ATS ( mi/h) ATS $=$ FFS $-0.00776 \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}$ | 32.7 |
| Percent Time-Spent-Following |  |
| Grade Adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-8) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.1 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.997 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 592 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}$ * highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 332 |
| Base percent time-spent-following, BPTSF(\%)=100(1-e $\mathrm{e}^{-0.000879 v_{p} \text { ) }}$ | 40.6 |
| Adj. for directional distribution and no-passing zone, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{hp}}(\%)(E x h .20-12)$ | 20.7 |
| Percent time-spent-following, PTSF(\%)=BPTSF $+\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{np}}$ | 61.3 |
| Level of Service and Other Performance Measures |  |
| Level of service, LOS (Exhibit 20-3 for Class I or 20-4 for Class II) | C |
| Volume to capacity ratio, $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{p}} / 3,200$ | 0.19 |
| Peak 15-min veh-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{15}$ (veh-mi) $=0.25 \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ (V/PHF) | 148 |
| Peak-hour vehicle-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{60}($ veh- $m i)=\mathrm{V}^{*} \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ | 531 |
| Peak 15-min total travel time, $\mathrm{TT}_{15}\left(\right.$ veh-h) $=\mathrm{VMT}_{15}$ /ATS | 4.5 |
| Notes |  |
| 1. If $V p>=3,200 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminate analysis-the LOS is $F$. <br> 2. If highest directional split $V p>=1,700 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminated anlysis-the LOS is F . |  |
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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE HIGHWAY SEGMENT WORKSHEET

| General Information | Site Information |
| :---: | :---: |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Company TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date Performed $04 / 18 / 2011$ <br> Analysis Time Period PM Peak Hour | Highway SR 59 <br> From/To South of -40 <br> Jurisdiction Fayette County <br> Analysis Year 2034 |
| Project Description: Existing Conditions |  |
| Input Data |  |
|  |  |
| Average Travel Speed |  |
| Grade adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-7) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.2 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.994 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF} * \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 614 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}{ }^{\text {* }}$ highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 332 |
| Free-Flow Speed from Field Measurement | Estimated Free-Flow Speed |
| Field Measured speed, $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Observed volume, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{f}}$ $\mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS FFS $=\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}+0.00776\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{f}} / \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ | Base free-flow speed, $\mathrm{BFFS}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $45.0 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for lane width and shoulder width  <br>   <br>   <br> , $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}}$ (Exhibit 20-5) $1.3 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for access points, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}$ (Exhibit 20-6) $2.5 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS (FSS=BFFS- $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}^{-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}} \text { ) }}$ $41.2 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| Adj. for no-passing zones, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}(\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h})$ (Exhibit 20-11) | 3.8 |
| Average travel speed, ATS ( mi/h) ATS $=$ FFS $-0.00776 \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}$ | 32.6 |
| Percent Time-Spent-Following |  |
| Grade Adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-8) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.1 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.997 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 612 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}$ * highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 330 |
| Base percent time-spent-following, BPTSF(\%)=100(1-e $\mathrm{e}^{-0.000879 v_{p} \text { ) }}$ | 41.6 |
| Adj. for directional distribution and no-passing zone, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{hp}}(\%)(E x h .20-12)$ | 20.2 |
| Percent time-spent-following, PTSF(\%)=BPTSF $+\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{np}}$ | 61.9 |
| Level of Service and Other Performance Measures |  |
| Level of service, LOS (Exhibit 20-3 for Class I or 20-4 for Class II) | C |
| Volume to capacity ratio, $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{p}} / 3,200$ | 0.19 |
| Peak 15-min veh-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{15}$ (veh-mi) $=0.25 \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ (V/PHF) | 153 |
| Peak-hour vehicle-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{60}($ veh- $m i)=\mathrm{V}^{*} \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ | 549 |
| Peak 15-min total travel time, $\mathrm{TT}_{15}\left(\right.$ veh-h) $=\mathrm{VMT}_{15} / \mathrm{ATS}$ | 4.7 |
| Notes |  |
| 1. If $V p>=3,200 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminate analysis-the LOS is $F$. <br> 2. If highest directional split $V p>=1,700 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminated anlysis-the LOS is F . |  |
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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE HIGHWAY SEGMENT WORKSHEET

| General Information | Site Information |
| :---: | :---: |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Company TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date Performed $04 / 18 / 2011$ <br> Analysis Time Period AM Peak Hour | Highway SR 222 <br> From/To North of I-40 <br> Jurisdiction Fayette County <br> Analysis Year 2014 |
| Project Description: Existing Conditions (No Build) |  |
| Input Data |  |
|  |  |
| Average Travel Speed |  |
| Grade adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-7) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.1 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.990 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF} * \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 1667 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}{ }^{\text {* }}$ highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 1084 |
| Free-Flow Speed from Field Measurement | Estimated Free-Flow Speed |
| Field Measured speed, $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Observed volume, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{f}}$ $\mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS FFS $=\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}+0.00776\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{f}} / \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ | Base free-flow speed, $\mathrm{BFFS}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $45.0 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for lane width and shoulder width  <br>   <br>   <br> , $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}}$ (Exhibit 20-5) $1.3 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for access points, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}$ (Exhibit 20-6) $2.5 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS (FSS=BFFS- $\mathrm{f}_{\text {LS }^{-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}} \text { ) }}$ $41.2 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| Adj. for no-passing zones, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}(\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h})$ (Exhibit 20-11) | 1.4 |
| Average travel speed, ATS ( mi/h) ATS $=$ FFS $-0.00776 \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}$ | 26.8 |
| Percent Time-Spent-Following |  |
| Grade Adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-8) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.0 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for RV s, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 1.000 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 1650 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}$ * highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 1073 |
| Base percent time-spent-following, BPTSF(\%)=100(1-e $\mathrm{e}^{-0.000879 v_{p} \text { ) }}$ | 76.6 |
| Adj. for directional distribution and no-passing zone, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{hp}}(\%)(E x h .20-12)$ | 6.6 |
| Percent time-spent-following, PTSF(\%)=BPTSF+f ${ }_{\text {d/np }}$ | 83.1 |
| Level of Service and Other Performance Measures |  |
| Level of service, LOS (Exhibit 20-3 for Class I or 20-4 for Class II) | D |
| Volume to capacity ratio, $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{p}} / 3,200$ | 0.52 |
| Peak 15-min veh-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{15}$ (veh-mi) $=0.25 \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ (V/PHF) | 413 |
| Peak-hour vehicle-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{60}($ veh- $m i)=\mathrm{V}^{*} \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ | 1485 |
| Peak 15-min total travel time, $\mathrm{TT}_{15}\left(\right.$ veh-h) $=\mathrm{VMT}_{15} / \mathrm{ATS}$ | 15.4 |
| Notes |  |
| 1. If $\mathrm{Vp}>=3,200 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminate analysis-the LOS is F . <br> 2. If highest directional split $V p>=1,700 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminated anlysis-the LOS is F . |  |
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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE HIGHWAY SEGMENT WORKSHEET

| General Information | Site Information |
| :---: | :---: |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Company TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date Performed $04 / 18 / 2011$ <br> Analysis Time Period AM Peak Hour | Highway SR 222 <br> From/To I-40 to Pilot Dwy. <br> Jurisdiction Fayette County <br> Analysis Year 2014 |
| Project Description: Existing Conditions (No Build) |  |
| Input Data |  |
|  |  |
| Average Travel Speed |  |
| Grade adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-7) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.2 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.912 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF} * \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 820 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}{ }^{\text {* }}$ highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 418 |
| Free-Flow Speed from Field Measurement | Estimated Free-Flow Speed |
| Field Measured speed, $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Observed volume, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{f}}$ $\mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS FFS $=\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}+0.00776\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{f}} / \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ | Base free-flow speed, $\mathrm{BFFS}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $45.0 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for lane width and shoulder width  <br>   <br>   <br> , $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}}$ (Exhibit 20-5) $1.3 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for access points, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}$ (Exhibit 20-6) $2.5 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS (FSS=BFFS- $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}^{-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}} \text { ) }}$ $41.2 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| Adj. for no-passing zones, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}(\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h})$ (Exhibit 20-11) | 3.0 |
| Average travel speed, ATS ( mi/h) ATS $=$ FFS $-0.00776 \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}$ | 31.9 |
| Percent Time-Spent-Following |  |
| Grade Adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-8) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.1 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.954 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 784 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}$ * highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 400 |
| Base percent time-spent-following, BPTSF(\%)=100(1-e $\mathrm{e}^{-0.000879 v_{p} \text { ) }}$ | 49.8 |
| Adj. for directional distribution and no-passing zone, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{hp}}(\%)(E x h .20-12)$ | 15.7 |
| Percent time-spent-following, PTSF(\%)=BPTSF $+\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{np}}$ | 65.5 |
| Level of Service and Other Performance Measures |  |
| Level of service, LOS (Exhibit 20-3 for Class I or 20-4 for Class II) | C |
| Volume to capacity ratio, $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{p}} / 3,200$ | 0.26 |
| Peak 15-min veh-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{15}$ (veh-mi) $=0.25 \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ (V/PHF) | 187 |
| Peak-hour vehicle-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{60}($ veh- $m i)=\mathrm{V}^{*} \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ | 673 |
| Peak 15-min total travel time, $\mathrm{TT}_{15}\left(\right.$ veh-h) $=\mathrm{VMT}_{15} / \mathrm{ATS}$ | 5.9 |
| Notes |  |
| 1. If $V p>=3,200 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminate analysis-the LOS is $F$. <br> 2. If highest directional split $V p>=1,700 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminated anlysis-the LOS is F . |  |
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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE HIGHWAY SEGMENT WORKSHEET

| General Information | Site Information |
| :---: | :---: |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Company TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date Performed $04 / 18 / 2011$ <br> Analysis Time Period AM Peak Hour | Highway SR 222 <br> From/To South of Pilot Dwy. <br> Jurisdiction Fayette County <br> Analysis Year 2014 |
| Project Description: Existing Conditions (No Build) |  |
| Input Data |  |
|  |  |
| Average Travel Speed |  |
| Grade adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-7) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.7 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.979 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF} * \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 524 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}{ }^{\text {* }}$ highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 293 |
| Free-Flow Speed from Field Measurement | Estimated Free-Flow Speed |
| Field Measured speed, $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Observed volume, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{f}}$ $\mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS FFS $=\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}+0.00776\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{f}} / \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ | Base free-flow speed, $\mathrm{BFFS}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $45.0 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for lane width and shoulder width  <br>   <br>   <br> , $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}}$ (Exhibit 20-5) $1.3 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for access points, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}$ (Exhibit 20-6) $2.5 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS (FSS=BFFS- $\mathrm{f}_{\text {LS }^{-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}} \text { ) }}$ $41.2 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| Adj. for no-passing zones, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}(\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h})$ (Exhibit 20-11) | 4.1 |
| Average travel speed, ATS ( mi/h) ATS $=$ FFS $-0.00776 \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}$ | 33.0 |
| Percent Time-Spent-Following |  |
| Grade Adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-8) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.1 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.997 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 515 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}$ * highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 288 |
| Base percent time-spent-following, BPTSF(\%)=100(1-e $\mathrm{e}^{-0.000879 v_{p} \text { ) }}$ | 36.4 |
| Adj. for directional distribution and no-passing zone, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{hp}}(\%)(E x h .20-12)$ | 21.7 |
| Percent time-spent-following, PTSF(\%)=BPTSF $+\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{np}}$ | 58.1 |
| Level of Service and Other Performance Measures |  |
| Level of service, LOS (Exhibit 20-3 for Class I or 20-4 for Class II) | C |
| Volume to capacity ratio, $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{p}} / 3,200$ | 0.16 |
| Peak 15-min veh-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{15}$ (veh-mi) $=0.25 \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ (V/PHF) | 128 |
| Peak-hour vehicle-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{60}($ veh- $m i)=\mathrm{V}^{*} \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ | 462 |
| Peak 15-min total travel time, $\mathrm{TT}_{15}\left(\right.$ veh-h) $=\mathrm{VMT}_{15} / \mathrm{ATS}$ | 3.9 |
| Notes |  |
| 1. If $V p>=3,200 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminate analysis-the LOS is F . <br> 2. If highest directional split $\mathrm{Vp}>=1,700 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminated anlysis-the LOS is F . |  |
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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE HIGHWAY SEGMENT WORKSHEET

| General Information | Site Information |
| :---: | :---: |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Company TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date Performed $04 / 18 / 2011$ <br> Analysis Time Period PM Peak Hour | Highway SR 222 <br> From/To North of I-40 <br> Jurisdiction Fayette County <br> Analysis Year 2014 |
| Project Description: Existing Conditions (No Build) |  |
| Input Data |  |
|  |  |
| Average Travel Speed |  |
| Grade adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-7) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.1 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.990 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF} * \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 1489 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}{ }^{\text {* }}$ highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 893 |
| Free-Flow Speed from Field Measurement | Estimated Free-Flow Speed |
| Field Measured speed, $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Observed volume, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{f}}$ $\mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS FFS $=\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}+0.00776\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{f}} / \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ | Base free-flow speed, $\mathrm{BFFS}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $45.0 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for lane width and shoulder width  <br>   <br>   <br> , $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}}$ (Exhibit 20-5) $1.3 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for access points, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}$ (Exhibit 20-6) $2.5 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS (FSS=BFFS- $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}^{-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}} \text { ) }}$ $41.2 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| Adj. for no-passing zones, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}(\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h})$ (Exhibit 20-11) | 1.6 |
| Average travel speed, ATS ( mi/h) ATS $=$ FFS $-0.00776 \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}$ | 28.0 |
| Percent Time-Spent-Following |  |
| Grade Adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-8) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.0 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 1.000 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 1474 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}$ * highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 884 |
| Base percent time-spent-following, BPTSF(\%)=100(1-e $\mathrm{e}^{-0.000879 v_{p} \text { ) }}$ | 72.6 |
| Adj. for directional distribution and no-passing zone, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{hp}}(\%)(E x h .20-12)$ | 7.6 |
| Percent time-spent-following, PTSF(\%)=BPTSF $+\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{np}}$ | 80.3 |
| Level of Service and Other Performance Measures |  |
| Level of service, LOS (Exhibit 20-3 for Class I or 20-4 for Class II) | D |
| Volume to capacity ratio, $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{p}} / 3,200$ | 0.47 |
| Peak 15-min veh-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{15}$ (veh-mi) $=0.25 \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ (V/PHF) | 369 |
| Peak-hour vehicle-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{60}($ veh- $m i)=\mathrm{V}^{*} \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ | 1327 |
| Peak 15-min total travel time, $\mathrm{TT}_{15}\left(\right.$ veh-h) $=\mathrm{VMT}_{15} / \mathrm{ATS}$ | 13.2 |
| Notes |  |
| 1. If $\mathrm{Vp}>=3,200 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminate analysis-the LOS is F . <br> 2. If highest directional split $V p>=1,700 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminated anlysis-the LOS is F . |  |
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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE HIGHWAY SEGMENT WORKSHEET

| General Information | Site Information |
| :---: | :---: |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Company TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date Performed $04 / 18 / 2011$ <br> Analysis Time Period PM Peak Hour | Highway SR 222 <br> From/To I-40 to Pilot Dwy. <br> Jurisdiction Fayette County <br> Analysis Year 2014 |
| Project Description: Existing Conditions (No Build) |  |
| Input Data |  |
|  |  |
| Average Travel Speed |  |
| Grade adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-7) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.2 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.912 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF} * \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 812 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}{ }^{\text {* }}$ highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 463 |
| Free-Flow Speed from Field Measurement | Estimated Free-Flow Speed |
| Field Measured speed, $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Observed volume, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{f}}$ $\mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS FFS $=\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}+0.00776\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{f}} / \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ | Base free-flow speed, $\mathrm{BFFS}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $45.0 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for lane width and shoulder width  <br>   <br>   <br> , $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}}$ (Exhibit 20-5) $1.3 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for access points, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}$ (Exhibit 20-6) $2.5 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS (FSS=BFFS- $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}^{-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}} \text { ) }}$ $41.2 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| Adj. for no-passing zones, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}(\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h})$ (Exhibit 20-11) | 3.0 |
| Average travel speed, ATS ( mi/h) ATS $=$ FFS $-0.00776 \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}$ | 31.9 |
| Percent Time-Spent-Following |  |
| Grade Adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-8) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.1 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.954 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 777 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}$ * highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 443 |
| Base percent time-spent-following, BPTSF(\%)=100(1-e $\mathrm{e}^{-0.000879 v_{p} \text { ) }}$ | 49.5 |
| Adj. for directional distribution and no-passing zone, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{hp}}(\%)(E x h .20-12)$ | 15.4 |
| Percent time-spent-following, PTSF(\%)=BPTSF $+\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{np}}$ | 64.9 |
| Level of Service and Other Performance Measures |  |
| Level of service, LOS (Exhibit 20-3 for Class I or 20-4 for Class II) | C |
| Volume to capacity ratio, $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{p}} / 3,200$ | 0.25 |
| Peak 15-min veh-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{15}$ (veh-mi) $=0.25 \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ (V/PHF) | 185 |
| Peak-hour vehicle-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{60}($ veh- $m i)=\mathrm{V}^{*} \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ | 667 |
| Peak 15-min total travel time, $\mathrm{TT}_{15}\left(\right.$ veh-h) $=\mathrm{VMT}_{15} / \mathrm{ATS}$ | 5.8 |
| Notes |  |
| 1. If $V p>=3,200 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminate analysis-the LOS is $F$. <br> 2. If highest directional split $V p>=1,700 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminated anlysis-the LOS is F . |  |
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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE HIGHWAY SEGMENT WORKSHEET

| General Information | Site Information |
| :---: | :---: |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Company TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date Performed $04 / 18 / 2011$ <br> Analysis Time Period PM Peak Hour | Highway SR 222 <br> From/To South of Pilot Dwy. <br> Jurisdiction Fayette County <br> Analysis Year 2014 |
| Project Description: Existing Conditions (No Build) |  |
| Input Data |  |
|  |  |
| Average Travel Speed |  |
| Grade adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-7) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.7 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.979 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF} * \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 454 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}{ }^{\text {* }}$ highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 291 |
| Free-Flow Speed from Field Measurement | Estimated Free-Flow Speed |
| Field Measured speed, $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Observed volume, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{f}}$ $\mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS FFS $=\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}+0.00776\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{f}} / \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ | Base free-flow speed, $\mathrm{BFFS}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $45.0 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for lane width and shoulder width  <br>   <br>   <br> , $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}}$ (Exhibit 20-5) $1.3 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for access points, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}$ (Exhibit 20-6) $2.5 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS (FSS=BFFS- $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}^{-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}} \text { ) }}$ $41.2 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| Adj. for no-passing zones, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}(\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h})$ (Exhibit 20-11) | 4.3 |
| Average travel speed, ATS ( mi/h) ATS $=$ FFS $-0.00776 \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}$ | 33.3 |
| Percent Time-Spent-Following |  |
| Grade Adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-8) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.1 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.997 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 446 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}$ * highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 285 |
| Base percent time-spent-following, BPTSF(\%)=100(1-e $\mathrm{e}^{-0.000879 v_{p} \text { ) }}$ | 32.4 |
| Adj. for directional distribution and no-passing zone, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{hp}}(\%)(E x h .20-12)$ | 22.2 |
| Percent time-spent-following, PTSF(\%)=BPTSF $+\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{np}}$ | 54.6 |
| Level of Service and Other Performance Measures |  |
| Level of service, LOS (Exhibit 20-3 for Class I or 20-4 for Class II) | $B$ |
| Volume to capacity ratio, $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{p}} / 3,200$ | 0.14 |
| Peak 15-min veh-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{15}$ (veh-mi) $=0.25 \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ (V/PHF) | 111 |
| Peak-hour vehicle-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{60}($ veh- $m i)=\mathrm{V}^{*} \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ | 400 |
| Peak 15-min total travel time, $\mathrm{TT}_{15}\left(\right.$ veh-h) $=\mathrm{VMT}_{15} / \mathrm{ATS}$ | 3.3 |
| Notes |  |
| 1. If $V p>=3,200 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminate analysis-the LOS is $F$. <br> 2. If highest directional split $V p>=1,700 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminated anlysis-the LOS is F . |  |
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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE HIGHWAY SEGMENT WORKSHEET

| General Information | Site Information |
| :---: | :---: |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Company TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date Performed $04 / 18 / 2011$ <br> Analysis Time Period AM Peak Hour | Highway SR 222 <br> From/To North of I-40 <br> Jurisdiction Fayette County <br> Analysis Year 2034 |
| Project Description: Existing Conditions (No Build) |  |
| Input Data |  |
|  |  |
| Average Travel Speed |  |
| Grade adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-7) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.1 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for RVs, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.990 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF} * \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 1687 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}$ * highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 1080 |
| Free-Flow Speed from Field Measurement | Estimated Free-Flow Speed |
| Field Measured speed, $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Observed volume, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{f}}$ veh/h <br> Free-flow speed, FFS FFS $=\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}+0.00776\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{f}} / \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ | Base free-flow speed, $\mathrm{BFFS}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $45.0 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for lane width and shoulder width  <br>   <br> , $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}}$ (Exhibit 20-5) $1.3 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for access points, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}($ Exhibit 20-6) $2.5 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS (FSS=BFFS- $\mathrm{f}^{-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}}$ ) $41.2 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| Adj. for no-passing zones, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}(\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h})$ (Exhibit 20-11) | 1.4 |
| Average travel speed, ATS ( mi/h) ATS $=$ FFS $-0.00776 \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}$ | 26.7 |
| Percent Time-Spent-Following |  |
| Grade Adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-8) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.0 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for RVs, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 1.000 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF}^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 1670 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}$ * highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 1069 |
| Base percent time-spent-following, BPTSF(\%)=100(1-e $\mathrm{e}^{-0.000879 v_{p} \text { ) }}$ | 77.0 |
| Adj. for directional distribution and no-passing zone, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{hp}}(\%)(E x h .20-12)$ | 6.4 |
| Percent time-spent-following, PTSF(\%)=BPTSF +f d/np | 83.4 |
| Level of Service and Other Performance Measures |  |
| Level of service, LOS (Exhibit 20-3 for Class I or 20-4 for Class II) | D |
| Volume to capacity ratio, $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{p}} / 3,200$ | 0.53 |
| Peak 15-min veh-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{15}$ (veh-mi) $=0.25 \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ (V/PHF) | 418 |
| Peak-hour vehicle-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{60}($ veh- $m i)=\mathrm{V}^{*} \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ | 1503 |
| Peak 15-min total travel time, $\mathrm{TT}_{15}\left(\right.$ veh-h) $=\mathrm{VMT}_{15} / \mathrm{ATS}$ | 15.7 |
| Notes |  |
| 1. If $V p>=3,200 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminate analysis-the LOS is $F$. <br> 2. If highest directional split $V p>=1,700 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminated anlysis-the LOS is F . |  |
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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE HIGHWAY SEGMENT WORKSHEET

| General Information | Site Information |
| :---: | :---: |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Company TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date Performed $04 / 18 / 2011$ <br> Analysis Time Period AM Peak Hour | Highway SR 222 <br> From/To I-40 to Pilot Dwy. <br> Jurisdiction Fayette County <br> Analysis Year 2034 |
| Project Description: Existing Conditions (No Build) |  |
| Input Data |  |
|  |  |
| Average Travel Speed |  |
| Grade adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-7) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.2 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.912 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF} * \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 963 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}{ }^{\text {* }}$ highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 501 |
| Free-Flow Speed from Field Measurement | Estimated Free-Flow Speed |
| Field Measured speed, $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Observed volume, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{f}}$ $\mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS FFS $=\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}+0.00776\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{f}} / \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ | Base free-flow speed, $\mathrm{BFFS}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $45.0 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for lane width and shoulder width  <br>   <br>   <br> , $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}}$ (Exhibit 20-5) $1.3 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for access points, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}$ (Exhibit 20-6) $2.5 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS (FSS=BFFS- $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}^{-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}} \text { ) }}$ $41.2 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| Adj. for no-passing zones, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}(\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h})$ (Exhibit 20-11) | 2.7 |
| Average travel speed, ATS ( mi/h) ATS $=$ FFS $-0.00776 \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}$ | 31.1 |
| Percent Time-Spent-Following |  |
| Grade Adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-8) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.1 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.954 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 921 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}$ * highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 479 |
| Base percent time-spent-following, BPTSF(\%)=100(1-e $\mathrm{e}^{-0.000879 v_{p} \text { ) }}$ | 55.5 |
| Adj. for directional distribution and no-passing zone, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{hp}}(\%)(E x h .20-12)$ | 13.7 |
| Percent time-spent-following, PTSF(\%)=BPTSF $+\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{np}}$ | 69.2 |
| Level of Service and Other Performance Measures |  |
| Level of service, LOS (Exhibit 20-3 for Class I or 20-4 for Class II) | C |
| Volume to capacity ratio, $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{p}} / 3,200$ | 0.30 |
| Peak 15-min veh-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{15}$ (veh-mi) $=0.25 \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ (V/PHF) | 220 |
| Peak-hour vehicle-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{60}($ veh- $m i)=\mathrm{V}^{*} \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ | 791 |
| Peak 15-min total travel time, $\mathrm{TT}_{15}\left(\right.$ veh-h) $=\mathrm{VMT}_{15} / \mathrm{ATS}$ | 7.1 |
| Notes |  |
| 1. If $\mathrm{Vp}>=3,200 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminate analysis-the LOS is F . <br> 2. If highest directional split $V p>=1,700 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminated anlysis-the LOS is F . |  |
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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE HIGHWAY SEGMENT WORKSHEET

| General Information | Site Information |
| :---: | :---: |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Company TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date Performed $04 / 18 / 2011$ <br> Analysis Time Period AM Peak Hour | Highway SR 222 <br> From/To South of Pilot Dwy. <br> Jurisdiction Fayette County <br> Analysis Year 2034 |
| Project Description: Existing Conditions (No Build) |  |
| Input Data |  |
|  |  |
| Average Travel Speed |  |
| Grade adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-7) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.2 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right.$ ) | 0.994 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF} * \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 608 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}$ * highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 353 |
| Free-Flow Speed from Field Measurement | Estimated Free-Flow Speed |
| Field Measured speed, $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Observed volume, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{f}}$ $\mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS FFS $=\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}+0.00776\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{f}} / \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ | Base free-flow speed, $\mathrm{BFFS}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $45.0 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for lane width and shoulder width ${ }^{3}$, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}}$ (Exhibit 20-5) $1.3 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for access points, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}($ Exhibit 20-6) $2.5 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS (FSS=BFFS- $\left.\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}} \mathrm{ff}_{\mathrm{A}}\right)$ $41.2 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| Adj. for no-passing zones, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}$ ( mi/h) (Exhibit 20-11) | 3.9 |
| Average travel speed, ATS ( mi/h) ATS $=$ FFS $-0.00776 \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}$ - $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}$ | 32.6 |
| Percent Time-Spent-Following |  |
| Grade Adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-8) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.1 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for RV s, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.997 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF} * \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 606 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}$ * highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 351 |
| Base percent time-spent-following, BPTSF(\%)=100(1-e $\mathrm{e}^{-0.000879 v_{p} \text { ) }}$ | 41.3 |
| Adj. for directional distribution and no-passing zone, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{hp}}(\%)$ (Exh. 20-12) | 20.5 |
| Percent time-spent-following, PTSF(\%)=BPTSF +f d/np | 61.8 |
| Level of Service and Other Performance Measures |  |
| Level of service, LOS (Exhibit 20-3 for Class I or 20-4 for Class II) | C |
| Volume to capacity ratio, $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{p}} / 3,200$ | 0.19 |
| Peak 15-min veh-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{15}($ veh $-m i)=0.25 \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}(\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{PHF})$ | 151 |
| Peak-hour vehicle-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{60}($ veh- $m i)=\mathrm{V} * \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ | 544 |
| Peak 15-min total travel time, $\mathrm{TT}_{15}\left(\right.$ veh-h) $=\mathrm{VMT}_{15} / \mathrm{ATS}$ | 4.6 |
| Notes |  |
| 1. If $\mathrm{Vp}>=3,200 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminate analysis-the LOS is F . <br> 2. If highest directional split $V p>=1,700 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminated anlysis-the LOS is F . |  |
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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE HIGHWAY SEGMENT WORKSHEET

| General Information | Site Information |
| :---: | :---: |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Company TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date Performed $04 / 18 / 2011$ <br> Analysis Time Period PM Peak Hour | Highway SR 222 <br> From/To North of I-40 <br> Jurisdiction Fayette County <br> Analysis Year 2034 |
| Project Description: Existing Conditions (No Build) |  |
| Input Data |  |
|  |  |
| Average Travel Speed |  |
| Grade adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-7) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.1 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.990 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF} * \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 1507 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}$ * highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 919 |
| Free-Flow Speed from Field Measurement | Estimated Free-Flow Speed |
| Field Measured speed, $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Observed volume, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{f}}$ $\mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS FFS $=\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}+0.00776\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{f}} / \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ | Base free-flow speed, BFFS ${ }_{\text {FM }}$ $45.0 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for lane width and shoulder width ${ }^{3}$, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}}$ (Exhibit 20-5) $1.3 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for access points, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}$ (Exhibit 20-6) $2.5 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS (FSS=BFFS-f $\mathrm{LS}^{-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}}$ ) $41.2 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| Adj. for no-passing zones, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}$ ( mi/h) (Exhibit 20-11) | 1.6 |
| Average travel speed, ATS ( mi/h) ATS $=$ FFS $-0.00776 \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}$ - $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}$ | 27.9 |
| Percent Time-Spent-Following |  |
| Grade Adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-8) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.0 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for RVs, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 1.000 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF} * \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 1492 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}$ * highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 910 |
| Base percent time-spent-following, BPTSF(\%)=100(1-e $\mathrm{e}^{-0.000879 v_{p} \text { ) }}$ | 73.1 |
| Adj. for directional distribution and no-passing zone, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{hp}}(\%)$ (Exh. 20-12) | 7.5 |
| Percent time-spent-following, PTSF(\%)=BPTSF+f ${ }_{\text {d/np }}$ | 80.6 |
| Level of Service and Other Performance Measures |  |
| Level of service, LOS (Exhibit 20-3 for Class I or 20-4 for Class II) | D |
| Volume to capacity ratio, $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{p}} / 3,200$ | 0.47 |
| Peak 15-min veh-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{15}($ veh $-m i)=0.25 \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ (V/PHF) | 373 |
| Peak-hour vehicle-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{60}($ veh- $m i)=\mathrm{V}^{*} \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ | 1343 |
| Peak 15-min total travel time, $\mathrm{TT}_{15}\left(\right.$ veh-h) $=\mathrm{VMT}_{15} / \mathrm{ATS}$ | 13.4 |
| Notes |  |
| 1. If $\mathrm{Vp}>=3,200 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminate analysis-the LOS is F . 2. If highest directional split $V p>=1,700 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminated anlysis-the LOS is F . |  |
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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE HIGHWAY SEGMENT WORKSHEET

| General Information | Site Information |
| :---: | :---: |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Company TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date Performed $04 / 18 / 2011$ <br> Analysis Time Period PM Peak Hour | Highway SR 222 <br> From/To I-40 to Pilot Dwy. <br> Jurisdiction Fayette County <br> Analysis Year 2034 |
| Project Description: Existing Conditions (No Build) |  |
| Input Data |  |
|  |  |
| Average Travel Speed |  |
| Grade adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-7) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.2 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.912 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF} * \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 992 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}{ }^{\text {* }}$ highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 526 |
| Free-Flow Speed from Field Measurement | Estimated Free-Flow Speed |
| Field Measured speed, $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Observed volume, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{f}}$ $\mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS FFS $=\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}+0.00776\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{f}} / \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ | Base free-flow speed, $\mathrm{BFFS}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $45.0 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for lane width and shoulder width  <br>   <br>   <br> , $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}}$ (Exhibit 20-5) $1.3 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for access points, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}$ (Exhibit 20-6) $2.5 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS (FSS=BFFS- $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}^{-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}} \text { ) }}$ $41.2 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| Adj. for no-passing zones, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}(\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h})$ (Exhibit 20-11) | 2.6 |
| Average travel speed, ATS ( mi/h) ATS $=$ FFS $-0.00776 \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}$ | 30.9 |
| Percent Time-Spent-Following |  |
| Grade Adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-8) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.1 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.954 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 949 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}$ * highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 503 |
| Base percent time-spent-following, BPTSF(\%)=100(1-e $\mathrm{e}^{-0.000879 v_{p} \text { ) }}$ | 56.6 |
| Adj. for directional distribution and no-passing zone, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{hp}}(\%)(E x h .20-12)$ | 13.3 |
| Percent time-spent-following, PTSF(\%)=BPTSF $+\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{np}}$ | 69.9 |
| Level of Service and Other Performance Measures |  |
| Level of service, LOS (Exhibit 20-3 for Class I or 20-4 for Class II) | C |
| Volume to capacity ratio, $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{p}} / 3,200$ | 0.31 |
| Peak 15-min veh-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{15}$ (veh-mi) $=0.25 \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ (V/PHF) | 226 |
| Peak-hour vehicle-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{60}($ veh- $m i)=\mathrm{V}^{*} \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ | 815 |
| Peak 15-min total travel time, $\mathrm{TT}_{15}\left(\right.$ veh-h) $=\mathrm{VMT}_{15} / \mathrm{ATS}$ | 7.3 |
| Notes |  |
| 1. If $V p>=3,200 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminate analysis-the LOS is $F$. <br> 2. If highest directional split $V p>=1,700 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminated anlysis-the LOS is F . |  |
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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE HIGHWAY SEGMENT WORKSHEET

| General Information | Site Information |
| :---: | :---: |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Company TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date Performed $04 / 18 / 2011$ <br> Analysis Time Period PM Peak Hour | Highway SR 222 <br> From/To South of Pilot Dwy. <br> Jurisdiction Fayette County <br> Analysis Year 2034 |
| Project Description: Existing Conditions (No Build) |  |
| Input Data |  |
|  |  |
| Average Travel Speed |  |
| Grade adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-7) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.7 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.979 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF} * \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 567 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}{ }^{\text {* }}$ highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 357 |
| Free-Flow Speed from Field Measurement | Estimated Free-Flow Speed |
| Field Measured speed, $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Observed volume, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{f}}$ $\mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS FFS $=\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}+0.00776\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{f}} / \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ | Base free-flow speed, $\mathrm{BFFS}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $45.0 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for lane width and shoulder width  <br>   <br>   <br> , $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}}$ (Exhibit 20-5) $1.3 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for access points, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}$ (Exhibit 20-6) $2.5 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS (FSS=BFFS- $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}^{-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}} \text { ) }}$ $41.2 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| Adj. for no-passing zones, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}(\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h})$ (Exhibit 20-11) | 4.0 |
| Average travel speed, ATS ( mi/h) ATS $=$ FFS $-0.00776 \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}-\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}$ | 32.8 |
| Percent Time-Spent-Following |  |
| Grade Adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-8) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.1 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for $\mathrm{RVs}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.997 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 557 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}$ * highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 351 |
| Base percent time-spent-following, BPTSF(\%)=100(1-e $\mathrm{e}^{-0.000879 v_{p} \text { ) }}$ | 38.7 |
| Adj. for directional distribution and no-passing zone, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{hp}}(\%)(E x h .20-12)$ | 21.1 |
| Percent time-spent-following, PTSF(\%)=BPTSF $+\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{np}}$ | 59.8 |
| Level of Service and Other Performance Measures |  |
| Level of service, LOS (Exhibit 20-3 for Class I or 20-4 for Class II) | C |
| Volume to capacity ratio, $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{p}} / 3,200$ | 0.18 |
| Peak 15-min veh-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{15}$ (veh-mi) $=0.25 \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ (V/PHF) | 139 |
| Peak-hour vehicle-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{60}($ veh- $m i)=\mathrm{V}^{*} \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ | 500 |
| Peak 15-min total travel time, $\mathrm{TT}_{15}\left(\right.$ veh-h) $=\mathrm{VMT}_{15} / \mathrm{ATS}$ | 4.2 |
| Notes |  |
| 1. If $V p>=3,200 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminate analysis-the LOS is $F$. <br> 2. If highest directional split $V p>=1,700 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminated anlysis-the LOS is F . |  |
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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE HIGHWAY SEGMENT WORKSHEET

| General Information | Site Information |
| :---: | :---: |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Company TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date Performed $04 / 18 / 2011$ <br> Analysis Time Period AM Peak Hour | Highway Dancyville Road <br> From/To North of I-40 <br> Jurisdiction Fayette County <br> Analysis Year 2014 |
| Project Description: Existing Conditions |  |
| Input Data |  |
|  |  |
| Average Travel Speed |  |
| Grade adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-7) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.7 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for RV s, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-9) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.986 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF} * \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 224 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}$ * highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 125 |
| Free-Flow Speed from Field Measurement | Estimated Free-Flow Speed |
| Field Measured speed, $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Observed volume, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{f}}$ $\mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS FFS $=\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{FM}}+0.00776\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{f}} / \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ $\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ | Base free-flow speed, $\mathrm{BFFS}_{\mathrm{FM}}$ $45.0 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for lane width and shoulder width  <br>   <br> , $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}}$ (Exhibit 20-5) $1.3 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Adj. for access points, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}$ (Exhibit 20-6) $2.5 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> Free-flow speed, FFS (FSS=BFFS- $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{LS}^{-f} \mathrm{f}}$ ) $41.2 \mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| Adj. for no-passing zones, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}(\mathrm{mi} / \mathrm{h})$ (Exhibit 20-11) | 3.6 |
| Average travel speed, ATS ( mi/h) ATS $=$ FFS $-0.00776 \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}$ - $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{np}}$ | 35.8 |
| Percent Time-Spent-Following |  |
| Grade Adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}$ (Exhibit 20-8) | 1.00 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for trucks, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.1 |
| Passenger-car equivalents for RVs, $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}$ (Exhibit 20-10) | 1.0 |
| Heavy-vehicle adjustment factor, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}=1 /\left(1+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{T}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{T}}-1\right)+\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{R}}\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{R}}-1\right)\right)$ | 0.998 |
| Two-way flow rate ${ }^{1}, \mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})=\mathrm{V} /\left(\mathrm{PHF}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{G}}{ }^{*} \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{HV}}\right)$ | 222 |
| $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{p}}{ }^{*}$ highest directional split proportion ${ }^{2}(\mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h})$ | 124 |
| Base percent time-spent-following, BPTSF(\%)=100(1-e $\mathrm{e}^{-0.000879 v_{p} \text { ) }}$ | 17.7 |
| Adj. for directional distribution and no-passing zone, $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{hp}}(\%)$ (Exh. 20-12) | 23.0 |
| Percent time-spent-following, PTSF(\%)=BPTSF+f ${ }_{\text {d/np }}$ | 40.7 |
| Level of Service and Other Performance Measures |  |
| Level of service, LOS (Exhibit 20-3 for Class I or 20-4 for Class II) | B |
| Volume to capacity ratio, $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{p}} / 3,200$ | 0.07 |
| Peak 15-min veh-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{15}$ (veh-mi) $=0.25 \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ (V/PHF) | 55 |
| Peak-hour vehicle-miles of travel, $\mathrm{VMT}_{60}($ veh- $m i)=\mathrm{V}^{*} \mathrm{~L}_{\mathrm{t}}$ | 199 |
| Peak 15-min total travel time, $\mathrm{TT}_{15}\left(\right.$ veh-h) $=\mathrm{VMT}_{15} / \mathrm{ATS}$ | 1.5 |
| Notes |  |
| 1. If $V p>=3,200 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminate analysis-the LOS is $F$. <br> 2. If highest directional split $V p>=1,700 \mathrm{pc} / \mathrm{h}$, terminated anlysis-the LOS is F . |  |
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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE HIGHWAY SEGMENT WORKSHEET


TWO-WAY TWO-LANE HIGHWAY SEGMENT WORKSHEET


TWO-WAY TWO-LANE HIGHWAY SEGMENT WORKSHEET


TWO-WAY TWO-LANE HIGHWAY SEGMENT WORKSHEET


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TWO-WAY TWO-LANE HIGHWAY SEGMENT WORKSHEET


## Multilane Segments

## Highway Capacity Software Computer Printouts


























## Unsignalized Intersections

## Highway Capacity Software Computer Printouts

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information

| Analyst | $S K B$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Agency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems |
| Date Performed | $04 / 18 / 2011$ |
| Analysis Time Period | AM Peak Period |
| Proime\|| |  |

Site Information

| Intersection | SR 59 @ I-40 EB Ramps |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdiction | Fayette County |
| Analysis Year | 2014 |
|  |  |

Project Description Existing Conditions
East/West Street: I-40 EB Ramps
North/South Street: SR 59
Study Period (hrs): 0.25

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  | 154 | 101 | 100 | 68 |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 171 | 112 | 111 | 75 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 0 | -- | -- | 3 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  | TR | LT |  |  |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) | 90 |  | 94 |  |  |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 100 | 0 | 104 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | $N$ |  |  | $N$ |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  | LR |  |  |  |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  | Eastbound |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration |  | $L T$ |  |  |  |  | $L R$ |  |
| v (veh/h) |  | 111 |  |  |  |  | 204 |  |
| C (m) (veh/h) |  | 1274 |  |  |  |  | 638 |  |
| v/c |  | 0.09 |  |  |  |  | 0.32 |  |
| $95 \%$ queue length |  | 0.29 |  |  |  |  | 1.38 |  |
| Control Delay (s/veh) |  | 8.1 |  |  |  |  | 13.3 |  |
| LOS |  | $A$ |  |  |  | $B$ |  |  |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- |  |  |  | 13.3 |  |  |
| Approach LOS | -- |  |  |  |  | $B$ |  |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information

| Analyst | $S K B$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Agency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems |
| Date Performed | $04 / 18 / 2011$ |
| Analysis Time Period | PM Peak Period |
| Proime\|| |  |

Site Information

| Intersection | SR 59 @ I-40 EB Ramps |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdiction | Fayette County |
| Analysis Year | 2014 |
|  |  |

Project Description Existing Conditions
East/West Street: I-40 EB Ramps
North/South Street: SR 59
Study Period (hrs): 0.25

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  | 100 | 79 | 77 | 97 |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 111 | 87 | 85 | 107 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 0 | -- | -- | 3 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  | TR | LT |  |  |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) | 117 |  | 122 |  |  |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 130 | 0 | 135 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | $N$ |  |  | $N$ |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  | LR |  |  |  |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  | Eastbound |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration |  | $L T$ |  |  |  |  | $L R$ |  |
| v (veh/h) |  | 85 |  |  |  |  | 265 |  |
| C (m) (veh/h) |  | 1369 |  |  |  |  | 693 |  |
| v/c |  | 0.06 |  |  |  |  | 0.38 |  |
| $95 \%$ queue length |  | 0.20 |  |  |  |  | 1.80 |  |
| Control Delay (s/veh) |  | 7.8 |  |  |  |  | 13.4 |  |
| LOS |  | $A$ |  |  |  | $B$ |  |  |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- |  |  |  | 13.4 |  |  |
| Approach LOS | -- |  |  |  |  | $B$ |  |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information

| Analyst | SKB |
| :--- | :--- |
| Agency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems |
| Date Performed | $04 / 18 / 2011$ |
| Analysis Time Period | AM Peak Period |

Site Information

| Intersection | SR 59 @ I-40 WB Ramps |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdiction | Fayette County |
| Analysis Year | 2014 |
|  |  |

Project Description Existing Conditions

| East/West Street: I-40 EB Ramps | North/South Street: SR 59 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Intersection Orientation: North-South | Study Period (hrs): 0.25 |

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) | 140 | 104 |  |  | 104 | 134 |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 155 | 115 | 0 | 0 | 115 | 148 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 3 | -- | -- | 3 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Configuration | LT |  |  |  |  | TR |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  |  |  | 64 |  | 62 |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 71 | 0 | 68 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 3 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | $N$ |  |  | $N$ |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  |  |  | LR |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration | $L T$ |  |  | $L R$ |  |  |  |  |
| v (veh/h) | 155 |  |  | 139 |  |  |  |  |
| C (m) (veh/h) | 1295 |  |  | 555 |  |  |  |  |
| v/c | 0.12 |  |  | 0.25 |  |  |  |  |
| $95 \%$ queue length | 0.41 |  |  | 0.98 |  |  |  |  |
| Control Delay (s/veh) | 8.2 |  |  | 13.6 |  |  |  |  |
| LOS | $A$ |  |  | $B$ |  |  |  |  |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- |  | 13.6 |  |  |  |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- | $B$ |  |  |  |  |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information

| Analyst | SKB |
| :--- | :--- |
| Agency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems |
| Date Performed | $04 / 18 / 2011$ |
| Analysis Time Period | PM Peak Period |

Site Information

| Intersection | SR 59 @ I-40 WB Ramps |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdiction | Fayette County |
| Analysis Year | 2014 |
|  |  |

Project Description Existing Conditions

| East/West Street: I-40 EB Ramps | North/South Street: SR 59 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Intersection Orientation: North-South | Study Period (hrs): 0.25 |

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) | 91 | 126 |  |  | 82 | 86 |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 101 | 140 | 0 | 0 | 91 | 95 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 3 | -- | -- | 3 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Configuration | LT |  |  |  |  | TR |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  |  |  | 92 |  | 90 |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 102 | 0 | 100 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 3 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | $N$ |  |  | $N$ |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  |  |  | LR |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration | $L T$ |  |  | $L R$ |  |  |  |  |
| v (veh/h) | 101 |  |  | 202 |  |  |  |  |
| C (m) (veh/h) | 1382 |  |  | 645 |  |  |  |  |
| v/c | 0.07 |  |  | 0.31 |  |  |  |  |
| $95 \%$ queue length | 0.24 |  |  | 1.34 |  |  |  |  |
| Control Delay (s/veh) | 7.8 |  |  | 13.1 |  |  |  |  |
| LOS | $A$ |  |  | $B$ |  |  |  |  |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- |  | 13.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information

| Analyst | SKB |
| :--- | :--- |
| Agency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems |
| Date Performed | $04 / 18 / 2011$ |
| Analysis Time Period | AM Peak Period |

Site Information

| Intersection | SR 59 @ I-40 EB Ramps |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdiction | Fayette County |
| Analysis Year | 2034 |
|  |  |

Project Description Existing Conditions
East/West Street: I-40 EB Ramps
North/South Street: SR 59
Study Period (hrs): 0.25

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  | 229 | 119 | 118 | 87 |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 254 | 132 | 131 | 96 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 0 | -- | -- | 3 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  | TR | LT |  |  |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) | 134 |  | 140 |  |  |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 148 | 0 | 155 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | $N$ |  |  | $N$ |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  | LR |  |  |  |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration |  | $L T$ |  |  |  |  | $L R$ |  |
| v (veh/h) |  | 131 |  |  |  |  | 303 |  |
| C (m) (veh/h) |  | 1167 |  |  |  |  | 538 |  |
| v/c |  | 0.11 |  |  |  |  | 0.56 |  |
| $95 \%$ queue length |  | 0.38 |  |  |  |  | 3.46 |  |
| Control Delay (s/veh) |  | 8.5 |  |  |  |  | 20.0 |  |
| LOS | A |  |  |  |  | $C$ |  |  |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- |  |  |  | 20.0 |  |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- |  |  | $C$ |  |  |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information

| Analyst | SKB |
| :--- | :--- |
| Agency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems |
| Date Performed | O4/18/2011 |
| Analysis Time Period | PM Peak Period |

Site Information

| Intersection | SR 59 @ I-40 EB Ramps |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdiction | Fayette County |
| Analysis Year | 2034 |
|  |  |

Project Description Existing Conditions
East/West Street: I-40 EB Ramps
North/South Street: SR 59
Study Period (hrs): 0.25

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  | 149 | 103 | 101 | 116 |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 165 | 114 | 112 | 128 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 0 | -- | -- | 3 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  | TR | LT |  |  |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) | 174 |  | 181 |  |  |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 193 | 0 | 201 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | $N$ |  |  | $N$ |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  | LR |  |  |  |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  | Eastbound |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration |  | $L T$ |  |  |  |  | $L R$ |  |
| v (veh/h) |  | 112 |  |  |  |  | 394 |  |
| C (m) (veh/h) |  | 1278 |  |  |  |  | 597 |  |
| v/c |  | 0.09 |  |  |  |  | 0.66 |  |
| $95 \%$ queue length |  | 0.29 |  |  |  |  | 4.88 |  |
| Control Delay (s/veh) |  | 8.1 |  |  |  |  | 22.0 |  |
| LOS |  |  |  |  |  | $C$ |  |  |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- |  |  |  | 22.0 |  |  |
| Approach LOS | -- |  |  |  |  | $C$ |  |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information

| Analyst | SKB |
| :--- | :--- |
| Agency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems |
| Date Performed | $04 / 18 / 2011$ |
| Analysis Time Period | AM Peak Period |

Site Information

| Intersection | SR 59 @ I-40 WB Ramps |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdiction | Fayette County |
| Analysis Year | 2034 |
|  |  |

Project Description Existing Conditions

| East/West Street: I-40 EB Ramps | North/South Street: SR 59 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Intersection Orientation: North-South | Study Period (hrs): 0.25 |

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) | 209 | 154 |  |  | 124 | 199 |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 232 | 171 | 0 | 0 | 137 | 221 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 3 | -- | -- | 3 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Configuration | LT |  |  |  |  | TR |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  |  |  | 81 |  | 78 |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 90 | 0 | 86 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 3 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | $N$ |  |  | $N$ |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  |  |  | LR |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration | $L T$ |  |  | $L R$ |  |  |  |  |
| v (veh/h) | 232 |  |  | 176 |  |  |  |  |
| C (m) (veh/h) | 1195 |  |  | 388 |  |  |  |  |
| v/c | 0.19 |  |  | 0.45 |  |  |  |  |
| $95 \%$ queue length | 0.72 |  |  | 2.29 |  |  |  |  |
| Control Delay (s/veh) | 8.7 |  |  | 21.8 |  |  |  |  |
| LOS | A |  |  | $C$ |  |  |  |  |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information

| Analyst | SKB |
| :--- | :--- |
| Agency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems |
| Date Performed | O4/18/2011 |
| Analysis Time Period | PM Peak Period |

Site Information

| Intersection | SR 59 @ I-40 WB Ramps |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdiction | Fayette County |
| Analysis Year | 2034 |
|  |  |

Project Description Existing Conditions

| East/West Street: I-40 EB Ramps | North/South Street: SR 59 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Intersection Orientation: North-South | Study Period (hrs): 0.25 |

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) | 135 | 188 |  |  | 108 | 128 |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 150 | 208 | 0 | 0 | 120 | 142 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 3 | -- | -- | 3 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Configuration | LT |  |  |  |  | TR |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  |  |  | 109 |  | 107 |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 121 | 0 | 118 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 3 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | $N$ |  |  | $N$ |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  |  |  | LR |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration | $L T$ |  |  | $L R$ |  |  |  |  |
| v (veh/h) | 150 |  |  | 239 |  |  |  |  |
| C (m) (veh/h) | 1296 |  |  | 498 |  |  |  |  |
| v/c | 0.12 |  |  | 0.48 |  |  |  |  |
| $95 \%$ queue length | 0.39 |  |  | 2.57 |  |  |  |  |
| Control Delay (s/veh) | 8.1 |  |  | 18.7 |  |  |  |  |
| LOS | A |  |  | $C$ |  |  |  |  |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- |  | 18.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- | $C$ |  |  |  |  |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information

| Analyst | SKB |
| :--- | :--- |
| \|ggency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems |
| Date Performed | $04 / 18 / 2011$ |
| Analysis Time Period | AM Peak Period |
| Project Description Existing Conditions (No Build) |  |
| East/West Street: Pilot Dwy. |  |
| Intersection Orientation: North-South |  |

Site Information

| Intersection | SR 222 @ Pilot Dwy. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdiction | Fayette County |
| Analysis Year | 2014 |
|  |  |

North/South Street: SR 222
Study Period (hrs): 0.25

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  | 196 | 9 | 90 | 252 |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 217 | 10 | 100 | 280 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 0 | -- | -- | 25 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  | TR | LT |  |  |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  |  |  | 5 |  | 135 |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 150 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 3 | 0 | 3 | 25 | 0 | 25 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | $N$ |  |  | $N$ |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  |  |  | LR |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration |  | LT |  | LR |  |  |  |  |
| v (veh/h) |  | 100 |  | 155 |  |  |  |  |
| C (m) (veh/h) |  | 1217 |  | 734 |  |  |  |  |
| v/c |  | 0.08 |  | 0.21 |  |  |  |  |
| 95\% queue length |  | 0.27 |  | 0.79 |  |  |  |  |
| Control Delay (s/veh) |  | 8.2 |  | 11.2 |  |  |  |  |
| LOS |  | A |  | B |  |  |  |  |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- |  | 11.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- |  | B |  |  |  |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information

| Analyst | SKB |
| :--- | :--- |
| \|ggency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems |
| Date Performed | $04 / 18 / 2011$ |
| Analysis Time Period | PM Peak Period |
| Project Description Existing Conditions (No Build) |  |
| East/West Street: Pilot Dwy. |  |
| Intersection Orientation: North-South |  |

Site Information

| Intersection | SR 222 @ Pilot Dwy. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdiction | Fayette County |
| Analysis Year | 2014 |
|  |  |

North/South Street: SR 222
Study Period (hrs): 0.25

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  | 255 | 11 | 153 | 132 |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 283 | 12 | 170 | 146 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 0 | -- | -- | 25 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  | TR | LT |  |  |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  |  |  | 2 |  | 127 |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 141 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 3 | 0 | 3 | 25 | 0 | 25 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | $N$ |  |  | $N$ |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  |  |  | LR |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration |  | $L T$ |  | $L R$ |  |  |  |  |
| v (veh/h) |  | 170 |  | 143 |  |  |  |  |
| C (m) (veh/h) |  | 1146 |  | 685 |  |  |  |  |
| v/c |  | 0.15 |  | 0.21 |  |  |  |  |
| $95 \%$ queue length |  | 0.52 |  | 0.78 |  |  |  |  |
| Control Delay (s/veh) |  | 8.7 |  | 11.6 |  |  |  |  |
| LOS |  | $A$ |  | $B$ |  |  |  |  |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- | 11.6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- | $B$ |  |  |  |  |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information

| Analyst | SKB |
| :--- | :--- |
| \|ngency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems |
| Date Performed | $04 / 18 / 2011$ |
| Analysis Time Period | AM Peak Period |
| Project Description Existing Conditions (No Build) |  |
| East/West Street: I-40 EB Ramps |  |
| Intersection Orientation: North-South |  |


| Intersection | SR 222 @ I-40 EB Ramps |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdiction | Fayette County |
| Analysis Year | 2014 |
|  |  |

North/South Street: SR 222

Study Period (hrs): 0.25
Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  | 217 | 114 | 118 | 208 |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 241 | 126 | 131 | 231 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 0 | -- | -- | 10 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  | TR | LT |  |  |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) | 581 |  | 134 |  |  |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 645 | 0 | 148 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 10 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | $N$ |  |  | $N$ |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  | $L R$ |  |  |  |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration |  | LT |  |  |  |  | LR |  |
| v (veh/h) |  | 131 |  |  |  |  | 793 |  |
| C (m) (veh/h) |  | 1149 |  |  |  |  | 344 |  |
| v/c |  | 0.11 |  |  |  |  | 2.31 |  |
| 95\% queue length |  | 0.38 |  |  |  |  | 61.00 |  |
| Control Delay (s/veh) |  | 8.5 |  |  |  |  | 620.8 |  |
| LOS |  | A |  |  |  |  | $F$ |  |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- |  |  |  |  | 620.8 |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- |  |  |  |  | $F$ |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information

| Analyst | SKB |
| :--- | :--- |
| \|ngency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems |
| Date Performed | $04 / 18 / 2011$ |
| Analysis Time Period | PM Peak Period |
| Project Description Existing Conditions (No Build) |  |
| East/West Street: I-40 EB Ramps |  |
| Intersection Orientation: North-South |  |

Site Information

| Intersection | SR 222 @ I-40 EB Ramps |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdiction | Fayette County |
| Analysis Year | 2014 |
|  |  |

North/South Street: SR 222
Study Period (hrs): 0.25

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  | 240 | 142 | 225 | 159 |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 266 | 157 | 250 | 176 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 0 | -- | -- | 10 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  | TR | LT |  |  |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) | 271 |  | 126 |  |  |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 301 | 0 | 140 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 10 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | $N$ |  |  | $N$ |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  | $L R$ |  |  |  |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration |  | $L T$ |  |  |  |  | $L R$ |  |
| v (veh/h) |  | 250 |  |  |  |  | 441 |  |
| C (m) (veh/h) |  | 1095 |  |  |  |  | 257 |  |
| v/c |  | 0.23 |  |  |  |  | 1.72 |  |
| $95 \%$ queue length |  | 0.88 |  |  |  |  | 28.75 |  |
| Control Delay (s/veh) |  | 9.3 |  |  |  |  | 371.8 |  |
| LOS | A |  |  |  |  | $F$ |  |  |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- |  |  |  | 371.8 |  |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- |  |  |  | $F$ |  |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information

| Analyst | SKB |
| :--- | :--- |
| \|ngency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems |
| Date Performed | $04 / 18 / 2011$ |
| Analysis Time Period | AM Peak Period |
| Project Description Existing Conditions (No Build) |  |
| East/West Street: I-40 EB Ramps |  |
| Intersection Orientation: North-South |  |

Site Information

| Intersection | SR 222 @ I-40 WB Ramps |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdiction | Fayette County |
| Analysis Year | 2014 |
|  |  |

North/South Street: SR 222
Study Period (hrs): 0.25

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) | 83 | 715 |  |  | 209 | 304 |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 92 | 794 | 0 | 0 | 232 | 337 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 25 | -- | -- | 3 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Configuration | LT |  |  |  |  | TR |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  |  |  | 117 |  | 257 |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 130 | 0 | 285 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 3 | 0 | 3 | 25 | 0 | 10 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | $N$ |  |  | $N$ |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  |  |  | LR |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration | LT |  |  | LR |  |  |  |  |
| v (veh/h) | 92 |  |  | 415 |  |  |  |  |
| C (m) (veh/h) | 899 |  |  | 233 |  |  |  |  |
| v/c | 0.10 |  |  | 1.78 |  |  |  |  |
| 95\% queue length | 0.34 |  |  | 28.26 |  |  |  |  |
| Control Delay (s/veh) | 9.5 |  |  | 404.2 |  |  |  |  |
| LOS | A |  |  | $F$ |  |  |  |  |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- |  | 404.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- |  | $F$ |  |  |  |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information

| Analyst | SKB |
| :--- | :--- |
| Agency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems |
| Date Performed | $04 / 18 / 2011$ |
| Analysis Time Period | PM Peak Period |
| Project Description Existing Conditions (No Build) |  |
| East/West Street: I-40 EB Ramps |  |
| Intersection Orientation: North-South |  |

Site Information

| Intersection | SR 222 @ I-40 WB Ramps |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdiction | Fayette County |
| Analysis Year | 2014 |
|  |  |

North/South Street: SR 222
Study Period (hrs): 0.25

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) | 106 | 405 |  |  | 286 | 514 |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 117 | 450 | 0 | 0 | 317 | 571 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 25 | -- | -- | 3 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Configuration | LT |  |  |  |  | TR |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  |  |  | 98 |  | 122 |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 108 | 0 | 135 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 3 | 0 | 3 | 25 | 0 | 10 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | $N$ |  |  | $N$ |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  |  |  | LR |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration | $L T$ |  |  | $L R$ |  |  |  |  |
| v (veh/h) | 117 |  |  | 243 |  |  |  |  |
| C (m) (veh/h) | 675 |  |  | 236 |  |  |  |  |
| v/c | 0.17 |  |  | 1.03 |  |  |  |  |
| $95 \%$ queue length | 0.62 |  |  | 9.99 |  |  |  |  |
| Control Delay (s/veh) | 11.4 |  |  | 111.3 |  |  |  |  |
| LOS | $B$ |  |  | $F$ |  |  |  |  |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- |  | 111.3 |  |  |  |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- | $F$ |  |  |  |  |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information

| Analyst | SKB |
| :--- | :--- |
| \|ggency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems |
| Date Performed | $04 / 18 / 2011$ |
| Analysis Time Period | AM Peak Period |
| Project Description Existing Conditions (No Build) |  |
| East/West Street: Pilot Dwy. |  |
| Intersection Orientation: North-South |  |

Site Information

| Intersection | SR 222 @ Pilot Dwy. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdiction | Fayette County |
| Analysis Year | 2034 |
|  |  |

North/South Street: SR 222
Study Period (hrs): 0.25

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  | 218 | 11 | 105 | 309 |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 242 | 12 | 116 | 343 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 0 | -- | -- | 25 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  | TR | LT |  |  |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  |  |  | 6 |  | 159 |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 176 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 3 | 0 | 3 | 25 | 0 | 25 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | $N$ |  |  | $N$ |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  |  |  | LR |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration |  | LT |  | LR |  |  |  |  |
| v (veh/h) |  | 116 |  | 182 |  |  |  |  |
| C (m) (veh/h) |  | 1188 |  | 701 |  |  |  |  |
| v/c |  | 0.10 |  | 0.26 |  |  |  |  |
| 95\% queue length |  | 0.32 |  | 1.04 |  |  |  |  |
| Control Delay (s/veh) |  | 8.4 |  | 11.9 |  |  |  |  |
| LOS |  | A |  | B |  |  |  |  |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- |  | 11.9 |  |  |  |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- |  | B |  |  |  |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information

| Analyst | SKB |
| :--- | :--- |
| \|ggency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems |
| Date Performed | $04 / 18 / 2011$ |
| Analysis Time Period | PM Peak Period |
| Project Description Existing Conditions (No Build) |  |
| East/West Street: Pilot Dwy. |  |
| Intersection Orientation: North-South |  |

Site Information

| Intersection | SR 222 @ Pilot Dwy. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdiction | Fayette County |
| Analysis Year | 2034 |
|  |  |

North/South Street: SR 222
Study Period (hrs): 0.25

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  | 284 | 13 | 200 | 181 |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 315 | 14 | 222 | 201 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 0 | -- | -- | 25 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  | TR | LT |  |  |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  |  |  | 3 |  | 150 |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 166 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 3 | 0 | 3 | 25 | 0 | 25 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | $N$ |  |  | $N$ |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  |  |  | LR |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration |  | LT |  | LR |  |  |  |  |
| v (veh/h) |  | 222 |  | 169 |  |  |  |  |
| C (m) (veh/h) |  | 1112 |  | 643 |  |  |  |  |
| v/c |  | 0.20 |  | 0.26 |  |  |  |  |
| 95\% queue length |  | 0.74 |  | 1.05 |  |  |  |  |
| Control Delay (s/veh) |  | 9.0 |  | 12.6 |  |  |  |  |
| LOS |  | A |  | B |  |  |  |  |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- |  | 12.6 |  |  |  |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- |  | B |  |  |  |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information

| Analyst | SKB |
| :--- | :--- |
| Agency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems |
| Date Performed | $04 / 18 / 2011$ |
| Analysis Time Period | AM Peak Period |

Site Information

| Intersection | SR 222 @ I-40 EB Ramps |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdiction | Fayette County |
| Analysis Year | 2034 |
|  |  |

Project Description Existing Conditions (No Build)
East/West Street: I-40 EB Ramps
Intersection Orientation: North-South
Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  | 222 | 155 | 120 | 246 |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 246 | 172 | 133 | 273 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 0 | -- | -- | 10 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  | TR | LT |  |  |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) | 586 |  | 168 |  |  |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| $\qquad$ (veh/h) | 651 | 0 | 186 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 10 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | $N$ |  |  | $N$ |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  | LR |  |  |  |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration |  | $L T$ |  |  |  |  | $L R$ |  |
| v (veh/h) |  | 133 |  |  |  |  | 837 |  |
| C (m) (veh/h) |  | 1099 |  |  |  |  | 316 |  |
| v/c |  | 0.12 |  |  |  |  | 2.65 |  |
| $95 \%$ queue length |  | 0.41 |  |  |  |  | 69.63 |  |
| Control Delay (s/veh) |  | 8.7 |  |  |  |  | 776.2 |  |
| LOS |  | $A$ |  |  |  | $F$ |  |  |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- |  |  |  | 776.2 |  |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- |  |  |  | $F$ |  |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information

| Analyst | SKB |
| :--- | :--- |
| \|Agency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems |
| Date Performed | O4/18/2011 |
| Analysis Time Period | PM Peak Period |
| Project Description Existing Conditions (No Build) |  |
| East/West Street: I-40 EB Ramps |  |
| Intersection Orientation: North-South |  |

Site Information

| Intersection | SR 222 @ I-40 EB Ramps |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdiction | Fayette County |
| Analysis Year | 2034 |
|  |  |

North/South Street: SR 222
Study Period (hrs): 0.25

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  | 250 | 184 | 226 | 208 |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 277 | 204 | 251 | 231 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 0 | -- | -- | 10 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  | TR | LT |  |  |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) | 276 |  | 173 |  |  |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 306 | 0 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 10 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | $N$ |  |  | $N$ |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  | $L R$ |  |  |  |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration |  | $L T$ |  |  |  |  | $L R$ |  |
| v (veh/h) |  | 251 |  |  |  |  | 498 |  |
| C (m) (veh/h) |  | 1041 |  |  |  |  | 241 |  |
| v/c |  | 0.24 |  |  |  |  | 2.07 |  |
| $95 \%$ queue length |  | 0.94 |  |  |  |  | 37.15 |  |
| Control Delay (s/veh) |  | 9.6 |  |  |  |  | 527.2 |  |
| LOS | A |  |  |  |  | $F$ |  |  |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- |  |  |  | 527.2 |  |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- |  |  |  | $F$ |  |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information

| Analyst | SKB |
| :--- | :--- |
| Agency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems |
| Date Performed | O4/18/2011 |
| Analysis Time Period | AM Peak Period |
| Project Description Existing Conditions (No Build) |  |
| East/West Street: I-40 EB Ramps |  |
| Intersection Orientation: North-South |  |


| Intersection | SR 222 @ I-40 WB Ramps |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdiction | Fayette County |
| Analysis Year | 2034 |
|  |  |

North/South Street: SR 222

Study Period (hrs): 0.25
Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) | 110 | 698 |  |  | 232 | 324 |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 122 | 775 | 0 | 0 | 257 | 360 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 25 | -- | -- | 3 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Configuration | LT |  |  |  |  | TR |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  |  |  | 143 |  | 258 |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 158 | 0 | 286 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 3 | 0 | 3 | 25 | 0 | 10 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | $N$ |  |  | $N$ |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  |  |  | LR |  |

## Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration | $L T$ |  |  | $L R$ |  |  |  |  |
| v (veh/h) | 122 |  |  | 444 |  |  |  |  |
| C (m) (veh/h) | 861 |  |  | 203 |  |  |  |  |
| v/c | 0.14 |  |  | 2.19 |  |  |  |  |
| $95 \%$ queue length | 0.49 |  |  | 34.90 |  |  |  |  |
| Control Delay (s/veh) | 9.9 |  |  | 587.9 |  |  |  |  |
| LOS | $A$ |  |  | $F$ |  |  |  |  |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- |  | 587.9 |  |  |  |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- |  | $F$ |  |  |  |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information

| Analyst | SKB |
| :--- | :--- |
| Agency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems |
| Date Performed | $04 / 18 / 2011$ |
| Analysis Time Period | PM Peak Period |

Site Information

| Intersection | SR 222 @ I-40 WB Ramps |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdiction | Fayette County |
| Analysis Year | 2034 |
|  |  |

Project Description Existing Conditions (No Build)
East/West Street: I-40 EB Ramps
North/South Street: SR 222
Study Period (hrs): 0.25

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) | 130 | 396 |  |  | 302 | 520 |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 144 | 440 | 0 | 0 | 335 | 577 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 25 | -- | -- | 3 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Configuration | LT |  |  |  |  | TR |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  |  |  | 132 |  | 125 |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 146 | 0 | 138 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 3 | 0 | 3 | 25 | 0 | 10 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | $N$ |  |  | $N$ |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  |  |  | LR |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration | LT |  |  | LR |  |  |  |  |
| v (veh/h) | 144 |  |  | 284 |  |  |  |  |
| C (m) (veh/h) | 660 |  |  | 191 |  |  |  |  |
| v/c | 0.22 |  |  | 1.49 |  |  |  |  |
| 95\% queue length | 0.83 |  |  | 17.66 |  |  |  |  |
| Control Delay (s/veh) | 12.0 |  |  | 290.3 |  |  |  |  |
| LOS | B |  |  | $F$ |  |  |  |  |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- |  | 290.3 |  |  |  |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- |  | $F$ |  |  |  |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information
Site Information

| Analyst | SKB | Intersection | SR 222 @ I-40 EB Ramps |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Agency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems | Jurisdiction | Fayette County |
| Date Performed | 04/18/2011 |  | 2014 |
| Analysis Year |  |  |  |
| Project Description Traditional Diamond + SE Loop Ramp |  |  |  |
| East/West Street: I-40 EB Ramps | AM Peak Period | North/South Street: SR 222 |  |
| Intersection Orientation: North-South | Study Period (hrs): 0.25 |  |  |

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  | 217 | 114 | 118 | 208 |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 241 | 126 | 131 | 231 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 0 | -- | -- | 10 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Configuration |  | T | TR | LT | $T$ |  |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  |  | 134 |  |  |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 0 | 148 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 10 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | $N$ |  |  | $N$ |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  | $R$ |  |  |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration |  | LT |  |  |  |  |  | $R$ |
| v (veh/h) |  | 131 |  |  |  |  |  | 148 |
| C (m) (veh/h) |  | 1133 |  |  |  |  |  | 865 |
| v/c |  | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |  | 0.17 |
| 95\% queue length |  | 0.39 |  |  |  |  |  | 0.62 |
| Control Delay (s/veh) |  | 8.6 |  |  |  |  |  | 10.0 |
| LOS |  | A |  |  |  |  |  | B |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- |  |  |  |  | 0.0 |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- |  |  |  |  | B |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information
Site Information

| Analyst | SKB | Intersection | SR 222 @ I-40 EB Ramps |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems | Jurisdiction | Fayette County |
| Date Performed | 04/18/2011 | Analysis Year | 2014 |
| Analysis Time Period | PM Peak Period |  |  |
| Project Description Traditional Diamond + SE Loop Ramp |  |  |  |
| East/West Street: I-40 EB Ramps |  | North/South Street: |  |
| Intersection Orientation | rth-South | Study Period (hrs): |  |

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  | 240 | 142 | 225 | 159 |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 266 | 157 | 250 | 176 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 0 | -- | -- | 10 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Configuration |  | T | TR | LT | $T$ |  |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  |  | 126 |  |  |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 0 | 140 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 10 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | $N$ |  |  | $N$ |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  | $R$ |  |  |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration |  | LT |  |  |  |  |  | $R$ |
| v (veh/h) |  | 250 |  |  |  |  |  | 140 |
| C (m) (veh/h) |  | 1078 |  |  |  |  |  | 899 |
| v/c |  | 0.23 |  |  |  |  |  | 0.16 |
| 95\% queue length |  | 0.90 |  |  |  |  |  | 0.55 |
| Control Delay (s/veh) |  | 9.3 |  |  |  |  |  | 9.7 |
| LOS |  | A |  |  |  |  |  | A |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- |  |  |  |  | 9.7 |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- |  |  |  |  | A |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information
Site Information

| Analyst | SKB | Intersection | SR 222 @ I-40 EB Ramps |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Agency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems | Jurisdiction | Fayette County |
| Date Performed | 04/18/2011 |  | 2034 |
| Analysis Year |  |  |  |
| Pnalysis Time Period | AM Peak Period |  |  |
| Project Description Traditional Diamond + SE Loop Ramp |  |  |  |
| East/West Street: I-40 EB Ramps | North/South Street: $\quad$ SR 222 |  |  |
| Intersection Orientation: North-South | Study Period (hrs): 0.25 |  |  |

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  | 222 | 155 | 120 | 246 |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 246 | 172 | 133 | 273 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 0 | -- | -- | 10 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Configuration |  | T | TR | LT | $T$ |  |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  |  | 168 |  |  |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 0 | 186 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 10 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | $N$ |  |  | $N$ |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  | $R$ |  |  |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration |  | LT |  |  |  |  |  | $R$ |
| $v$ (veh/h) |  | 133 |  |  |  |  |  | 186 |
| C (m) (veh/h) |  | 1083 |  |  |  |  |  | 841 |
| v/c |  | 0.12 |  |  |  |  |  | 0.22 |
| 95\% queue length |  | 0.42 |  |  |  |  |  | 0.84 |
| Control Delay (s/veh) |  | 8.8 |  |  |  |  |  | 10.5 |
| LOS |  | A |  |  |  |  |  | B |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- |  |  |  |  | 0.5 |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- |  |  |  |  | $B$ |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information
Site Information

| Analyst | SKB | Intersection | SR 222 @ I-40 EB Ramps |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems | Jurisdiction | Fayette County |
| Date Performed | 04/18/2011 | Analysis Year | 2034 |
| Analysis Time Period | PM Peak Period |  |  |
| Project Description Traditional Diamond + SE Loop Ramp |  |  |  |
| East/West Street: I-40 EB Ramps |  | North/South Street: |  |
| Intersection Orientation | rth-South | Study Period (hrs): |  |

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  | 250 | 184 | 226 | 208 |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 277 | 204 | 251 | 231 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 0 | -- | -- | 10 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Configuration |  | T | TR | LT | $T$ |  |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  |  | 173 |  |  |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 0 | 192 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 10 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | $N$ |  |  | $N$ |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  | $R$ |  |  |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration |  | LT |  |  |  |  |  | $R$ |
| v (veh/h) |  | 251 |  |  |  |  |  | 192 |
| C (m) (veh/h) |  | 1023 |  |  |  |  |  | 865 |
| v/c |  | 0.25 |  |  |  |  |  | 0.22 |
| 95\% queue length |  | 0.97 |  |  |  |  |  | 0.85 |
| Control Delay (s/veh) |  | 9.7 |  |  |  |  |  | 10.3 |
| LOS |  | A |  |  |  |  |  | B |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- |  |  |  |  | 0.3 |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- |  |  |  |  | B |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information

| Analyst | SKB |
| :--- | :--- |
| Agency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems |
| Date Performed | O4/18/2011 |
| Analysis Time Period | AM Peak Period |

Project Description Existing Conditions
East/West Street: I-40 EB Ramps
Intersection Orientation: North-South

Site Information

| Intersection | Dancyville Rd @ I-40 EB <br> Ramps |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdiction | Haywood County |
| Analysis Year | 2014 |
|  |  |

North/South Street: Dancyville Road
Study Period (hrs): 0.25

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  | 121 | 14 | 15 | 21 |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 134 | 15 | 16 | 23 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 0 | -- | -- | 2 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  | TR | $L T$ |  |  |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |


| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) | 52 |  | 50 |  |  |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 57 | 0 | 55 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | N |  |  | N |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  | LR |  |  |  |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration |  | LT |  |  |  |  | LR |  |
| v (veh/h) |  | 16 |  |  |  |  | 112 |  |
| C (m) (veh/h) |  | 1432 |  |  |  |  | 896 |  |
| v/c |  | 0.01 |  |  |  |  | 0.13 |  |
| 95\% queue length |  | 0.03 |  |  |  |  | 0.43 |  |
| Control Delay (s/veh) |  | 7.5 |  |  |  |  | 9.6 |  |
| LOS |  | A |  |  |  |  | A |  |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- |  |  |  |  | 9.6 |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- |  |  |  |  | A |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information

| Analyst | SKB |
| :--- | :--- |
| Agency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems |
| Date Performed | O4/18/2011 |
| Analysis Time Period | PM Peak Period |

Project Description Existing Conditions
East/West Street: I-40 EB Ramps
Intersection Orientation: North-South

Site Information

| Intersection | R |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdiction | H |
| Analysis Year | 2 |
|  |  |

Dancyville Rd @ I-40 EB Ramps
Haywood County
2014

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  | 68 | 15 | 24 | 34 |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 75 | 16 | 26 | 37 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 0 | -- | -- | 2 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  | TR | $L T$ |  |  |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |


| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) | 72 |  | 95 |  |  |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 80 | 0 | 105 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | N |  |  | N |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  | LR |  |  |  |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration |  | LT |  |  |  |  | LR |  |
| v (veh/h) |  | 26 |  |  |  |  | 185 |  |
| C (m) (veh/h) |  | 1504 |  |  |  |  | 921 |  |
| v/c |  | 0.02 |  |  |  |  | 0.20 |  |
| 95\% queue length |  | 0.05 |  |  |  |  | 0.75 |  |
| Control Delay (s/veh) |  | 7.4 |  |  |  |  | 9.9 |  |
| LOS |  | A |  |  |  |  | A |  |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- |  |  |  |  | 9.9 |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- |  |  |  |  | A |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information

| Analyst | SKB |
| :--- | :--- |
| Agency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems |
| Date Performed | O4/18/2011 |
| Analysis Time Period | AM Peak Period |

Project Description Existing Conditions
East/West Street: I-40 EB Ramps
Intersection Orientation: North-South

Site Information

| Intersection | R |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdiction | H |
| Analysis Year | 2 |
|  |  |

Dancyville Rd @ I-40 WB Ramps
Haywood County
2014

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) | 104 | 69 |  |  | 16 | 95 |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 115 | 76 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 105 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 2 | -- | -- | 3 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Configuration | LT |  |  |  |  | TR |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |


| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  |  |  | 20 |  | 19 |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 0 | 21 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 3 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Percent Grade (\%) |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Flared Approach |  | N |  |  | N |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  |  |  | LR |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration | $L T$ |  |  | $L R$ |  |  |  |  |
| v (veh/h) | 115 |  |  | 43 |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{m})(\mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h})$ | 1465 |  |  | 723 |  |  |  |  |
| v/c | 0.08 |  |  | 0.06 |  |  |  |  |
| $5 \%$ queue length | 0.26 |  |  | 0.19 |  |  |  |  |
| Control Delay (s/veh) | 7.7 |  |  | 10.3 |  |  |  |  |
| LOS | $A$ |  |  | $B$ |  |  |  |  |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- | 10.3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- | $B$ |  |  |  |  |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information

| Analyst | SKB |
| :--- | :--- |
| Agency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems |
| Date Performed | O4/18/2011 |
| Analysis Time Period | PM Peak Period |

Project Description Existing Conditions
East/West Street: I-40 EB Ramps
Intersection Orientation: North-South

Site Information

| Intersection | Dancyville Rd @ I-40 WB <br> Ramps |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdiction | Haywood County |
| Analysis Year | 2014 |
|  |  |

North/South Street: Dancyville Road
Study Period (hrs): 0.25

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) | 63 | 79 |  |  | 33 | 41 |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 70 | 87 | 0 | 0 | 36 | 45 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 2 | -- | -- | 3 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Configuration | LT |  |  |  |  | TR |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |


| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  |  |  | 25 |  | 16 |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 27 | 0 | 17 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 3 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Percent Grade (\%) |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Flared Approach |  | N |  |  | N |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  |  |  | LR |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration | $L T$ |  |  | $L R$ |  |  |  |  |
| v (veh/h) | 70 |  |  | 44 |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{m})(\mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h})$ | 1517 |  |  | 763 |  |  |  |  |
| v/c | 0.05 |  |  | 0.06 |  |  |  |  |
| $5 \%$ queue length | 0.15 |  |  | 0.18 |  |  |  |  |
| Control Delay (s/veh) | 7.5 |  |  | 10.0 |  |  |  |  |
| LOS | $A$ |  |  | $B$ |  |  |  |  |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- | 10.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- | $B$ |  |  |  |  |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information

| Analyst | SKB |
| :--- | :--- |
| Agency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems |
| Date Performed | O4/18/2011 |
| Analysis Time Period | AM Peak Period |

Project Description Existing Conditions
East/West Street: I-40 EB Ramps
Intersection Orientation: North-South

Site Information

| Intersection | R |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdiction | H |
| Analysis Year | 2 |
|  |  |

Dancyville Rd @ I-40 EB Ramps
Haywood County
2034

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  | 149 | 21 | 22 | 32 |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 165 | 23 | 24 | 35 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 0 | -- | -- | 2 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  | TR | $L T$ |  |  |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |


| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) | 63 |  | 61 |  |  |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 70 | 0 | 67 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | N |  |  | N |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  | LR |  |  |  |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration |  | LT |  |  |  |  | LR |  |
| v (veh/h) |  | 24 |  |  |  |  | 137 |  |
| C (m) (veh/h) |  | 1386 |  |  |  |  | 845 |  |
| v/c |  | 0.02 |  |  |  |  | 0.16 |  |
| 95\% queue length |  | 0.05 |  |  |  |  | 0.58 |  |
| Control Delay (s/veh) |  | 7.6 |  |  |  |  | 10.1 |  |
| LOS |  | A |  |  |  |  | B |  |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- |  |  |  |  | 10.1 |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- |  |  |  |  | B |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information

| Analyst | SKB |
| :--- | :--- |
| Agency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems |
| Date Performed | O4/18/2011 |
| Analysis Time Period | PM Peak Period |

Project Description Existing Conditions
East/West Street: I-40 EB Ramps
Intersection Orientation: North-South

Site Information

| Intersection | R |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdiction | H |
| Analysis Year | 2 |
|  |  |

Dancyville Rd @ I-40 EB Ramps
Haywood County
2034

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  | 87 | 22 | 36 | 50 |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 96 | 24 | 40 | 55 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 0 | -- | -- | 2 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  | TR | LT |  |  |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) | 83 |  | 114 |  |  |  |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 92 | 0 | 126 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | N |  |  | $N$ |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  | LR |  |  |  |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration |  | LT |  |  |  |  | LR |  |
| v (veh/h) |  | 40 |  |  |  |  | 218 |  |
| C (m) (veh/h) |  | 1468 |  |  |  |  | 867 |  |
| v/c |  | 0.03 |  |  |  |  | 0.25 |  |
| 95\% queue length |  | 0.08 |  |  |  |  | 1.00 |  |
| Control Delay (s/veh) |  | 7.5 |  |  |  |  | 10.5 |  |
| LOS |  | A |  |  |  |  | B |  |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- |  |  |  |  | 10.5 |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- |  |  |  |  | B |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information

| Analyst | SKB |
| :--- | :--- |
| Agency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems |
| Date Performed | O4/18/2011 |
| Analysis Time Period | AM Peak Period |

Project Description Existing Conditions
East/West Street: I-40 EB Ramps
Intersection Orientation: North-South

Site Information

| Intersection | R |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdiction | H |
| Analysis Year | 2 |
|  |  |

Dancyville Rd @ I-40 WB Ramps
Haywood County
2034

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) | 124 | 88 |  |  | 24 | 110 |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 137 | 97 | 0 | 0 | 26 | 122 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 2 | -- | -- | 3 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Configuration | LT |  |  |  |  | TR |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |


| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  |  |  | 30 |  | 28 |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 33 | 0 | 31 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 3 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Percent Grade (\%) |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Flared Approach |  | N |  |  | N |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  |  |  | LR |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration | $L T$ |  |  | $L R$ |  |  |  |  |
| v (veh/h) | 137 |  |  | 64 |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{m})(\mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h})$ | 1434 |  |  | 657 |  |  |  |  |
| v/c | 0.10 |  |  | 0.10 |  |  |  |  |
| $5 \%$ queue length | 0.32 |  |  | 0.32 |  |  |  |  |
| Control Delay (s/veh) | 7.8 |  |  | 11.1 |  |  |  |  |
| LOS | $A$ |  |  | $B$ |  |  |  |  |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- | 11.1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- | $B$ |  |  |  |  |  |

## TWO-WAY STOP CONTROL SUMMARY

General Information

| Analyst | SKB |
| :--- | :--- |
| Agency/Co. | TDOT/TranSystems |
| Date Performed | O4/18/2011 |
| Analysis Time Period | PM Peak Period |

Project Description Existing Conditions
East/West Street: I-40 EB Ramps
Intersection Orientation: North-South

Site Information

| Intersection | Dancyville Rd @ I-40 WB <br> Ramps |
| :--- | :--- |
| Jurisdiction | Haywood County |
| Analysis Year | 2034 |
|  |  |

North/South Street: Dancyville Road
Study Period (hrs): 0.25

Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments

| Major Street | Northbound |  |  | Southbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) | 80 | 90 |  |  | 49 | 47 |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 88 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 54 | 52 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 2 | -- | -- | 3 | -- | -- |
| Median Type | Undivided |  |  |  |  |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Configuration | LT |  |  |  |  | TR |
| Upstream Signal |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |


| Minor Street | Eastbound |  |  | Westbound |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|  | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Volume (veh/h) |  |  |  | 37 |  | 24 |
| Peak-Hour Factor, PHF | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Hourly Flow Rate, HFR (veh/h) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 41 | 0 | 26 |
| Percent Heavy Vehicles | 3 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Percent Grade (\%) | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Flared Approach |  | N |  |  | N |  |
| Storage |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| RT Channelized |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |
| Lanes | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Configuration |  |  |  |  | LR |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service

| Approach | Northbound | Southbound | Westbound |  |  | Eastbound |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | 1 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Lane Configuration | $L T$ |  |  | $L R$ |  |  |  |  |
| v (veh/h) | 88 |  |  | 67 |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{m})(\mathrm{veh} / \mathrm{h})$ | 1485 |  |  | 705 |  |  |  |  |
| v/c | 0.06 |  |  | 0.10 |  |  |  |  |
| $5 \%$ queue length | 0.19 |  |  | 0.31 |  |  |  |  |
| Control Delay (s/veh) | 7.6 |  |  | 10.6 |  |  |  |  |
| LOS | $A$ |  |  | $B$ |  |  |  |  |
| Approach Delay (s/veh) | -- | -- | 10.6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach LOS | -- | -- | $B$ |  |  |  |  |  |

## Signalized Intersections

Highway Capacity Software Computer Printouts

## SHORT REPORT

| SHORT REPORT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Information |  |  |  |  |  | Site Information |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Co. TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date 04/18/2011 <br> Performed Time Period <br> AM Peak Period  |  |  |  |  |  | Intersection Area Type Jurisdiction Analysis Year |  | SR 222 @ I-40 EB Ramps <br> All other areas <br> Fayette County <br> 2014 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Volume and Timing Input |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |
|  |  | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT |
| Number of Lanes |  | 2 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 |  |
| Lane Group |  | L |  | $R$ |  |  |  |  | T | $R$ | L | T |  |
| Volume (vph) |  | 581 |  | 134 |  |  |  |  | 217 | 114 | 118 | 208 |  |
| \% Heavy Vehicles |  | 10 |  | 48 |  |  |  |  | 48 | 48 | 10 | 10 |  |
| PHF |  | 0.90 |  | 0.90 |  |  |  |  | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |  |
| Pretimed/Actuated (P/A) |  | A |  | A |  |  |  |  | A | A | A | A |  |
| Startup Lost Time |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |  |
| Extension of Effective Green |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |  |
| Arrival Type |  | 3 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |  |
| Unit Extension |  | 3.0 |  | 3.0 |  |  |  |  | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 |  |
| Ped/Bike/RTOR Volume |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Lane Width |  | 12.0 |  | 12.0 |  |  |  |  | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 |  |
| Parking/Grade/Parking |  | N | 0 | $N$ | $N$ | 0 | $N$ | $N$ | 0 | N | $N$ | 0 | $N$ |
| Parking/Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bus Stops/Hour |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Minimum Pedestrian Time |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |
| Phasing | EB Only | 02 |  | 03 |  |  | SB On |  | NS Pe |  | 07 |  |  |
| Timing | $\mathrm{G}=25.0$ G <br> Y  |  | G = |  | G = |  | G $=8.0$ |  | $\mathrm{G}=23$ |  |  | G = |  |
|  | $\mathrm{Y}=5$ Y |  | $Y=$ |  | $Y=$ |  | $Y=4$ |  | $\mathrm{Y}=5$ | Y |  | Y = |  |
| Duration of Analysis (hrs) $=0.25$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cycle L | ngth C | 70.0 |  |  |

Lane Group Capacity, Control Delay, and LOS Determination


## BACK-OF-QUEUE WORKSHEET

## General Information

Project Description Traditional Diamond

| Average Back of Queue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |  |
|  | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT |
| Lane Group | $L$ |  | $R$ |  |  |  |  | $T$ | $R$ | $L$ | T |  |
| Initial Queue/Lane | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  |  |  |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |
| Flow Rate/Lane Group | 646 |  | 149 |  |  |  |  | 241 | 127 | 131 | 231 |  |
| Satflow/Lane | 1641 |  | 1091 |  |  |  |  | 1283 | 1091 | 1071 | 1727 |  |
| Capacity/Lane Group | 1138 |  | 390 |  |  |  |  | 803 | 358 | 551 | 1645 |  |
| Flow Ratio | 0.2 |  | 0.1 |  |  |  |  | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |  |
| v/c Ratio | 0.57 |  | 0.38 |  |  |  |  | 0.30 | 0.35 | 0.24 | 0.14 |  |
| I Factor | 1.000 |  | 1.000 |  |  |  |  | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |  |
| Arrival Type | 3 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |  |
| Platoon Ratio | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  |  |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |
| PF Factor | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  |  |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |
| Q1 | 5.2 |  | 2.2 |  |  |  |  | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.3 | 1.3 |  |
| kB | 0.4 |  | 0.3 |  |  |  |  | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 |  |
| Q2 | 0.6 |  | 0.2 |  |  |  |  | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 |  |
| Q Average | 5.8 |  | 2.4 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 1.4 |  |

Percentile Back of Queue (95th percentile)

| fв\% | 1.9 |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Back of Queue | 11.2 |  | 4.8 |  |  |  |  | 4.0 | 4.2 | 2.9 | 2.8 |  |

## Queue Storage Ratio

| Queue Spacing | 25.0 |  | 25.0 |  |  |  |  | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Queue Storage | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Average Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $95 \%$ Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## SHORT REPORT

| SHORT REPORT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Information |  |  |  |  |  | Site Information |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Co. TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date O4/18/2011 <br> Performed  <br> Time Period PM Peak Period |  |  |  |  |  | Intersection Area Type Jurisdiction Analysis Year |  |  | SR 222 @ I-40 EB Ramps <br> All other areas <br> Fayette County 2014 |  |  |  |  |
| Volume and Timing Input |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |
|  |  | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT |
| Number of Lanes |  | 2 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 |  |
| Lane Group |  | L |  | $R$ |  |  |  |  | T | $R$ | L | T |  |
| Volume (vph) |  | 271 |  | 126 |  |  |  |  | 240 | 142 | 225 | 159 |  |
| \% Heavy Vehicles |  | 10 |  | 48 |  |  |  |  | 48 | 48 | 10 | 10 |  |
| PHF |  | 0.90 |  | 0.90 |  |  |  |  | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |  |
| Pretimed/Actuated (P/A) |  | A |  | A |  |  |  |  | A | A | A | A |  |
| Startup Lost Time |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |  |
| Extension of Effective Green |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |  |
| Arrival Type |  | 3 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |  |
| Unit Extension |  | 3.0 |  | 3.0 |  |  |  |  | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 |  |
| Ped/Bike/RTOR Volume |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Lane Width |  | 12.0 |  | 12.0 |  |  |  |  | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 |  |
| Parking/Grade/Parking |  | N | 0 | N | $N$ | 0 | $N$ | $N$ | 0 | N | N | 0 | $N$ |
| Parking/Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bus Stops/Hour |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Minimum Pedestrian Time |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |
| Phasing | EB Only | 02 |  | 03 |  |  | SB On |  | NS Pe |  | 07 |  |  |
| Timing | G $=23.0 \quad \mathrm{G}$ |  | G = |  | G = |  | G = 8.0 |  | G = 25 |  |  | G = |  |
|  | $Y=5$ $Y$ |  | Y = |  | $\mathrm{Y}=$ |  | $Y=4$ |  | Y = 5 |  |  | Y = |  |
| Duration of Analysis (hrs) $=0.25$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cycle L | ngth C | 70.0 |  |  |

Lane Group Capacity, Control Delay, and LOS Determination


## BACK-OF-QUEUE WORKSHEET

## General Information

Project Description Traditional Diamond

| Average Back of Queue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |  |
|  | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT |
| Lane Group | $L$ |  | $R$ |  |  |  |  | $T$ | $R$ | $L$ | T |  |
| Initial Queue/Lane | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  |  |  |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |
| Flow Rate/Lane Group | 301 |  | 140 |  |  |  |  | 267 | 158 | 250 | 177 |  |
| Satflow/Lane | 1641 |  | 1091 |  |  |  |  | 1283 | 1091 | 1045 | 1727 |  |
| Capacity/Lane Group | 1047 |  | 358 |  |  |  |  | 873 | 390 | 568 | 1738 |  |
| Flow Ratio | 0.1 |  | 0.1 |  |  |  |  | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 |  |
| v/c Ratio | 0.29 |  | 0.39 |  |  |  |  | 0.31 | 0.41 | 0.44 | 0.10 |  |
| I Factor | 1.000 |  | 1.000 |  |  |  |  | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |  |
| Arrival Type | 3 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |  |
| Platoon Ratio | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  |  |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |
| PF Factor | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  |  |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |
| Q1 | 2.2 |  | 2.1 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 0.9 |  |
| kB | 0.4 |  | 0.3 |  |  |  |  | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.6 |  |
| Q2 | 0.2 |  | 0.2 |  |  |  |  | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.1 |  |
| Q Average | 2.4 |  | 2.3 |  |  |  |  | 2.1 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 1.0 |  |

Percentile Back of Queue (95th percentile)

| fв\% | 2.0 |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Back of Queue | 4.8 |  | 4.7 |  |  |  |  | 4.3 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 2.0 |  |

## Queue Storage Ratio

| Queue Spacing | 25.0 |  | 25.0 |  |  |  |  | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Queue Storage | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Average Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $95 \%$ Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## SHORT REPORT



## Lane Group Capacity, Control Delay, and LOS Determination



## BACK-OF-QUEUE WORKSHEET

## General Information

Project Description Traditional Diamond

| Average Back of Queue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |  |
|  | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT |
| Lane Group |  |  |  | $L$ |  | $R$ | $L$ | T |  |  | T | $R$ |
| Initial Queue/Lane |  |  |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |  | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Flow Rate/Lane Group |  |  |  | 130 |  | 286 | 92 | 794 |  |  | 232 | 338 |
| Satflow/Lane |  |  |  | 1220 |  | 1468 | 806 | 1283 |  |  | 1727 | 1468 |
| Capacity/Lane Group |  |  |  | 401 |  | 482 | 437 | 1292 |  |  | 1175 | 524 |
| Flow Ratio |  |  |  | 0.1 |  | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.3 |  |  | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| v/c Ratio |  |  |  | 0.32 |  | 0.59 | 0.21 | 0.61 |  |  | 0.20 | 0.65 |
| I Factor |  |  |  | 1.000 |  | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |  |  | 1.000 | 1.000 |
| Arrival Type |  |  |  | 3 |  | 3 | 3 | 3 |  |  | 3 | 3 |
| Platoon Ratio |  |  |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| PF Factor |  |  |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Q1 |  |  |  | 1.9 |  | 4.6 | 0.8 | 5.7 |  |  | 1.6 | 5.5 |
| kB |  |  |  | 0.3 |  | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 |  |  | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| Q2 |  |  |  | 0.2 |  | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.7 |  |  | 0.1 | 0.7 |
| Q Average |  |  |  | 2.1 |  | 5.2 | 0.9 | 6.4 |  |  | 1.7 | 6.2 |
| Percentile Back of Queue (95th percentile) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| fB\% |  |  |  | 2.0 |  | 1.9 | 2.1 | 1.9 |  |  | 2.0 | 1.9 |
| Back of Queue |  |  |  | 4.2 |  | 10.1 | 1.9 | 12.3 |  |  | 3.5 | 11.9 |
| Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Queue Spacing |  |  |  | 25.0 |  | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 |  |  | 25.0 | 25.0 |
| Queue Storage |  |  |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| Average Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 95\% Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## SHORT REPORT

| SHORT REPORT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Information |  |  |  |  |  |  | Site Information |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Co. TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date 04/18/2011 <br> Performed  <br> Time Period PM Peak Period |  |  |  |  |  |  | Intersection SR 222 @ I-40 WB Ramps <br> Area Type All other areas <br> Jurisdiction Fayette County <br> Analysis Year 2014 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Volume and Timing Input |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |  |
|  |  |  | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT |
| Number of Lanes |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 2 |  |  | 2 | 1 |
| Lane Group |  |  |  |  |  | L |  | $R$ | L | $T$ |  |  | $T$ | R |
| Volume (vph) |  |  |  |  |  | 98 |  | 122 | 106 | 405 |  |  | 286 | 514 |
| \% Heavy Vehicles |  |  |  |  |  | 48 |  | 10 | 48 | 48 |  |  | 10 | 10 |
| PHF |  |  |  |  |  | 0.90 |  | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |  |  | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Pretimed/Actuated (P/A) |  |  |  |  |  | A |  | A | A | A |  |  | A | A |
| Startup Lost Time |  |  |  |  |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |  |  | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| Extension of Effective Green |  |  |  |  |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |  |  | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| Arrival Type |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  | 3 | 3 | 3 |  |  | 3 | 3 |
| Unit Extension |  |  |  |  |  | 3.0 |  | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 |  |  | 3.0 | 3.0 |
| Ped/Bike/RTOR Volume |  |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Lane Width |  |  |  |  |  | 12.0 |  | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 |  |  | 12.0 | 12.0 |
| Parking/Grade/Parking |  |  | $N$ | 0 | $N$ | N | 0 | N | N | 0 | $N$ | $N$ | 0 | N |
| Parking/Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bus Stops/Hour |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| Minimum Pedestrian Time |  |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |
| Phasing | WB Only | 02 |  | 03 |  | 04 |  | NB Only |  | NS Perm | 07 |  | 08 |  |
| Timing | $\mathrm{G}=15.0$ | G = |  | G = |  | G = |  | G $=8.0$ |  | G = 33.0 | G = |  | G = |  |
|  | $\mathrm{Y}=5$ | $\mathrm{Y}=$ |  | $Y=$ |  | $\mathrm{Y}=$ |  | $\mathrm{Y}=4$ |  | $\mathrm{Y}=5$ | Y = |  | $\mathrm{Y}=$ |  |
| Duration of Analysis (hrs) $=0.25$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cycle Length C = 70.0 |  |  |  |  |

Lane Group Capacity, Control Delay, and LOS Determination


## BACK-OF-QUEUE WORKSHEET

## General Information

Project Description Traditional Diamond

| Average Back of Queue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |  |
|  | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT |
| Lane Group |  |  |  | $L$ |  | $R$ | $L$ | $T$ |  |  | T | $R$ |
| Initial Queue/Lane |  |  |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |  | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Flow Rate/Lane Group |  |  |  | 109 |  | 136 | 118 | 450 |  |  | 318 | 571 |
| Satflow/Lane |  |  |  | 1220 |  | 1468 | 747 | 1283 |  |  | 1727 | 1468 |
| Capacity/Lane Group |  |  |  | 261 |  | 315 | 490 | 1571 |  |  | 1551 | 692 |
| Flow Ratio |  |  |  | 0.1 |  | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 |  |  | 0.1 | 0.4 |
| v/c Ratio |  |  |  | 0.42 |  | 0.43 | 0.24 | 0.29 |  |  | 0.21 | 0.83 |
| I Factor |  |  |  | 1.000 |  | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |  |  | 1.000 | 1.000 |
| Arrival Type |  |  |  | 3 |  | 3 | 3 | 3 |  |  | 3 | 3 |
| Platoon Ratio |  |  |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| PF Factor |  |  |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Q1 |  |  |  | 1.8 |  | 2.3 | 0.8 | 2.0 |  |  | 1.9 | 9.6 |
| kB |  |  |  | 0.3 |  | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 |  |  | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| Q2 |  |  |  | 0.2 |  | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 |  |  | 0.1 | 2.0 |
| Q Average |  |  |  | 2.0 |  | 2.5 | 0.9 | 2.2 |  |  | 2.0 | 11.6 |
| Percentile Back of Queue (95th percentile) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| fB\% |  |  |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.0 |  |  | 2.0 | 1.8 |
| Back of Queue |  |  |  | 4.1 |  | 5.1 | 1.9 | 4.5 |  |  | 4.1 | 21.0 |
| Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Queue Spacing |  |  |  | 25.0 |  | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 |  |  | 25.0 | 25.0 |
| Queue Storage |  |  |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| Average Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 95\% Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## SHORT REPORT

| SHORT REPORT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Information |  |  |  |  |  | Site Information |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Co. TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date 04/18/2011 <br> Performed Time Period <br> AM Peak Period  |  |  |  |  |  | Intersection Area Type Jurisdiction Analysis Year |  | SR 222 @ I-40 EB Ramps <br> All other areas <br> Fayette County $2034$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Volume and Timing Input |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |
|  |  | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT |
| Number of Lanes |  | 2 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 |  |
| Lane Group |  | L |  | $R$ |  |  |  |  | T | $R$ | L | T |  |
| Volume (vph) |  | 586 |  | 168 |  |  |  |  | 222 | 155 | 120 | 246 |  |
| \% Heavy Vehicles |  | 10 |  | 48 |  |  |  |  | 48 | 48 | 10 | 10 |  |
| PHF |  | 0.90 |  | 0.90 |  |  |  |  | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |  |
| Pretimed/Actuated (P/A) |  | A |  | A |  |  |  |  | A | A | A | A |  |
| Startup Lost Time |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |  |
| Extension of Effective Green |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |  |
| Arrival Type |  | 3 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |  |
| Unit Extension |  | 3.0 |  | 3.0 |  |  |  |  | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 |  |
| Ped/Bike/RTOR Volume |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Lane Width |  | 12.0 |  | 12.0 |  |  |  |  | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 |  |
| Parking/Grade/Parking |  | N | 0 | $N$ | $N$ | 0 | $N$ | $N$ | 0 | N | N | 0 | $N$ |
| Parking/Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bus Stops/Hour |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Minimum Pedestrian Time |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |
| Phasing | EB Only | 02 |  | 03 |  |  | SB On |  | NS Pe |  | 07 |  |  |
| Timing | $\mathrm{G}=25.0$ <br> $\mathrm{Y}=5$ |  | G = |  | G = |  | $\mathrm{G}=8.0$ |  | $\mathrm{G}=23$ |  |  | G = |  |
|  | $\mathrm{Y}=5$ Y |  | $Y=$ |  | $\mathrm{Y}=$ |  | $Y=4$ |  | $\mathrm{Y}=5$ | Y |  | Y = |  |
| Duration of Analysis (hrs) $=0.25$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cycle L | ngth C | 70.0 |  |  |

Lane Group Capacity, Control Delay, and LOS Determination


## BACK-OF-QUEUE WORKSHEET

## General Information

Project Description Traditional Diamond

| Average Back of Queue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |  |
|  | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT |
| Lane Group | $L$ |  | $R$ |  |  |  |  | $T$ | $R$ | $L$ | T |  |
| Initial Queue/Lane | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  |  |  |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |
| Flow Rate/Lane Group | 651 |  | 187 |  |  |  |  | 247 | 172 | 133 | 273 |  |
| Satflow/Lane | 1641 |  | 1091 |  |  |  |  | 1283 | 1091 | 1064 | 1727 |  |
| Capacity/Lane Group | 1138 |  | 390 |  |  |  |  | 803 | 358 | 548 | 1645 |  |
| Flow Ratio | 0.2 |  | 0.2 |  |  |  |  | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 |  |
| v/c Ratio | 0.57 |  | 0.48 |  |  |  |  | 0.31 | 0.48 | 0.24 | 0.17 |  |
| I Factor | 1.000 |  | 1.000 |  |  |  |  | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |  |
| Arrival Type | 3 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |  |
| Platoon Ratio | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  |  |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |
| PF Factor | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  |  |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |
| Q1 | 5.3 |  | 2.8 |  |  |  |  | 1.9 | 2.7 | 1.3 | 1.5 |  |
| kB | 0.4 |  | 0.3 |  |  |  |  | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 |  |
| Q2 | 0.6 |  | 0.3 |  |  |  |  | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 |  |
| Q Average | 5.8 |  | 3.1 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 | 3.0 | 1.4 | 1.6 |  |

Percentile Back of Queue (95th percentile)

| fв\% | 1.9 |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.0 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Back of Queue | 11.3 |  | 6.3 |  |  |  |  | 4.1 | 5.9 | 2.9 | 3.3 |  |

## Queue Storage Ratio

| Queue Spacing | 25.0 |  | 25.0 |  |  |  |  | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Queue Storage | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Average Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $95 \%$ Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## SHORT REPORT

| SHORT REPORT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Information |  |  |  |  |  | Site Information |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Co. TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date P4/18/2011 <br> Performed 04/ <br> Time Period PM Peak Period |  |  |  |  |  | Intersection Area Type Jurisdiction Analysis Year |  | SR 222 @ I-40 EB Ramps <br> All other areas <br> Fayette County <br> 2034 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Volume and Timing Input |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |
|  |  | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT |
| Number of Lanes |  | 2 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 |  |
| Lane Group |  | L |  | $R$ |  |  |  |  | T | $R$ | L | T |  |
| Volume (vph) |  | 276 |  | 173 |  |  |  |  | 250 | 184 | 226 | 208 |  |
| \% Heavy Vehicles |  | 10 |  | 48 |  |  |  |  | 48 | 48 | 10 | 10 |  |
| PHF |  | 0.90 |  | 0.90 |  |  |  |  | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |  |
| Pretimed/Actuated (P/A) |  | A |  | A |  |  |  |  | A | A | A | A |  |
| Startup Lost Time |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |  |
| Extension of Effective Green |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |  |
| Arrival Type |  | 3 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |  |
| Unit Extension |  | 3.0 |  | 3.0 |  |  |  |  | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 |  |
| Ped/Bike/RTOR Volume |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Lane Width |  | 12.0 |  | 12.0 |  |  |  |  | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 |  |
| Parking/Grade/Parking |  | N | 0 | N | $N$ | 0 | $N$ | $N$ | 0 | N | N | 0 | $N$ |
| Parking/Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bus Stops/Hour |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Minimum Pedestrian Time |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |
| Phasing | EB Only | 02 |  | 03 |  |  | SB On |  | NS Pe |  | 07 |  |  |
| Timing | G = 23.0 ${ }^{\text {G }}$ |  | G = |  | G = |  | G = 8.0 |  | G = 25 |  |  | G = |  |
|  | $Y=5$ $Y$ |  | $Y=$ |  | $Y=$ |  | $\mathrm{Y}=4$ |  | Y = 5 |  |  | $Y=$ |  |
| Duration of Analysis (hrs) $=0.25$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cycle L | ngth C | 70.0 |  |  |

Lane Group Capacity, Control Delay, and LOS Determination


## BACK-OF-QUEUE WORKSHEET

## General Information

Project Description Traditional Diamond

| Average Back of Queue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |  |
|  | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT |
| Lane Group | $L$ |  | $R$ |  |  |  |  | $T$ | $R$ | $L$ | T |  |
| Initial Queue/Lane | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  |  |  |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |
| Flow Rate/Lane Group | 307 |  | 192 |  |  |  |  | 278 | 204 | 251 | 231 |  |
| Satflow/Lane | 1641 |  | 1091 |  |  |  |  | 1283 | 1091 | 1033 | 1727 |  |
| Capacity/Lane Group | 1047 |  | 358 |  |  |  |  | 873 | 390 | 561 | 1738 |  |
| Flow Ratio | 0.1 |  | 0.2 |  |  |  |  | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 |  |
| v/c Ratio | 0.29 |  | 0.54 |  |  |  |  | 0.32 | 0.52 | 0.45 | 0.13 |  |
| I Factor | 1.000 |  | 1.000 |  |  |  |  | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |  |
| Arrival Type | 3 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |  |
| Platoon Ratio | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  |  |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |
| PF Factor | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  |  |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |
| Q1 | 2.3 |  | 3.0 |  |  |  |  | 2.1 | 3.1 | 2.4 | 1.2 |  |
| kB | 0.4 |  | 0.3 |  |  |  |  | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.6 |  |
| Q2 | 0.2 |  | 0.4 |  |  |  |  | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.1 |  |
| Q Average | 2.5 |  | 3.4 |  |  |  |  | 2.2 | 3.5 | 2.7 | 1.3 |  |

Percentile Back of Queue (95th percentile)

| fB\% | 2.0 |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Back of Queue | 5.0 |  | 6.8 |  |  |  |  | 4.5 | 7.0 | 5.4 | 2.6 |  |

## Queue Storage Ratio

| Queue Spacing | 25.0 |  | 25.0 |  |  |  |  | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Queue Storage | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Average Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $95 \%$ Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## SHORT REPORT

| SHORT REPORT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Information |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Site Information |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Co. TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date 04/18/2011 <br> Performed  <br> Time Period AM Peak Period |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Intersection SR 222 @ I-40 WB Ramps <br> Area Type All other areas <br> Jurisdiction <br> Fayette County <br> Analysis Year 2034 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Volume and Timing Input |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | EB |  |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |
|  |  |  | LT | TH |  | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT |
| Number of Lanes |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 2 |  |  | 2 | 1 |
| Lane Group |  |  |  |  |  |  | L |  | $R$ | L | $T$ |  |  | T | $R$ |
| Volume (vph) |  |  |  |  |  |  | 143 |  | 258 | 110 | 698 |  |  | 223 | 324 |
| \% Heavy Vehicles |  |  |  |  |  |  | 48 |  | 10 | 48 | 48 |  |  | 10 | 10 |
| PHF |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.90 |  | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |  |  | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| Pretimed/Actuated (P/A) |  |  |  |  |  |  | A |  | A | A | A |  |  | A | A |
| Startup Lost Time |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |  |  | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| Extension of Effective Green |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |  |  | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| Arrival Type |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  | 3 | 3 | 3 |  |  | 3 | 3 |
| Unit Extension |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3.0 |  | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 |  |  | 3.0 | 3.0 |
| Ped/Bike/RTOR Volume |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Lane Width |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12.0 |  | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 |  |  | 12.0 | 12.0 |
| Parking/Grade/Parking |  |  | $N$ | 0 |  | $N$ | N | 0 | N | N | 0 | N | $N$ | 0 | N |
| Parking/Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bus Stops/Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| Minimum Pedestrian Time |  |  |  | 3.2 |  |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |
| Phasing | WB Only | 02 |  | 03 |  |  | 04 |  | NB Only |  | NS Perm |  | 07 | 08 |  |
| Timing | G = 23.0 | G = |  | G = |  |  | G = |  | G = 8.0 |  | $\mathrm{G}=25.0$ |  | G = | G = |  |
|  | $\mathrm{Y}=5$ | $Y=$ |  |  | $Y=$ |  | Y = |  | $Y=4$ |  | $\mathrm{Y}=5$ |  | $\mathrm{Y}=$ | $\mathrm{Y}=$ |  |
| Duration of Analysis (hrs) $=0.25$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cycle Length C = 70.0 |  |  |  |  |

## Lane Group Capacity, Control Delay, and LOS Determination



## BACK-OF-QUEUE WORKSHEET

## General Information

Project Description Traditional Diamond

| Average Back of Queue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |  |
|  | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT |
| Lane Group |  |  |  | $L$ |  | $R$ | $L$ | $T$ |  |  | T | $R$ |
| Initial Queue/Lane |  |  |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |  | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Flow Rate/Lane Group |  |  |  | 159 |  | 287 | 122 | 776 |  |  | 248 | 360 |
| Satflow/Lane |  |  |  | 1220 |  | 1468 | 792 | 1283 |  |  | 1727 | 1468 |
| Capacity/Lane Group |  |  |  | 401 |  | 482 | 430 | 1292 |  |  | 1175 | 524 |
| Flow Ratio |  |  |  | 0.1 |  | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 |  |  | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| v/c Ratio |  |  |  | 0.40 |  | 0.60 | 0.28 | 0.60 |  |  | 0.21 | 0.69 |
| I Factor |  |  |  | 1.000 |  | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |  |  | 1.000 | 1.000 |
| Arrival Type |  |  |  | 3 |  | 3 | 3 | 3 |  |  | 3 | 3 |
| Platoon Ratio |  |  |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| PF Factor |  |  |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Q1 |  |  |  | 2.4 |  | 4.7 | 1.1 | 5.5 |  |  | 1.8 | 6.0 |
| kB |  |  |  | 0.3 |  | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 |  |  | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| Q2 |  |  |  | 0.2 |  | 0.6 | 0.1 | 0.7 |  |  | 0.1 | 0.8 |
| Q Average |  |  |  | 2.6 |  | 5.2 | 1.3 | 6.2 |  |  | 1.9 | 6.8 |
| Percentile Back of Queue (95th percentile) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| fB\% |  |  |  | 2.0 |  | 1.9 | 2.1 | 1.9 |  |  | 2.0 | 1.9 |
| Back of Queue |  |  |  | 5.3 |  | 10.2 | 2.6 | 11.9 |  |  | 3.8 | 13.0 |
| Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Queue Spacing |  |  |  | 25.0 |  | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 |  |  | 25.0 | 25.0 |
| Queue Storage |  |  |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| Average Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 95\% Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## SHORT REPORT



Lane Group Capacity, Control Delay, and LOS Determination

|  | EB |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adjusted Flow Rate |  |  | 147 |  | 139 | 144 | 440 |  | 336 | 578 |
| Lane Group Capacity |  |  | 279 |  | 336 | 470 | 1536 |  | 1504 | 671 |
| v/c Ratio |  |  | 0.53 |  | 0.41 | 0.31 | 0.29 |  | 0.22 | 0.86 |
| Green Ratio |  |  | 0.23 |  | 0.23 | 0.64 | 0.63 |  | 0.46 | 0.46 |
| Uniform Delay $\mathrm{d}_{1}$ |  |  | 23.7 |  | 23.0 | 5.2 | 5.9 |  | 11.5 | 17.0 |
| Delay Factor k |  |  | 0.13 |  | 0.11 | 0.11 | 0.11 |  | 0.11 | 0.39 |
| Incremental Delay d ${ }_{2}$ |  |  | 1.9 |  | 0.8 | 0.4 | 0.1 |  | 0.1 | 11.1 |
| PF Factor |  |  | 1.000 |  | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |  | 1.000 | 1.000 |
| Control Delay |  |  | 25.5 |  | 23.8 | 5.6 | 6.0 |  | 11.6 | 28.1 |
| Lane Group LOS |  |  | C |  | C | A | A |  | B | C |
| Approach Delay |  |  |  | 24.7 |  |  | 5.9 |  | 22.0 |  |
| Approach LOS |  |  |  | C |  |  | A |  | C |  |
| Intersection Delay | 17.2 |  |  |  | Intersec | ction LO |  |  | B |  |

## BACK-OF-QUEUE WORKSHEET

## General Information

Project Description Traditional Diamond

| Average Back of Queue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |  |
|  | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT |
| Lane Group |  |  |  | $L$ |  | $R$ | $L$ | $T$ |  |  | T | $R$ |
| Initial Queue/Lane |  |  |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |  | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Flow Rate/Lane Group |  |  |  | 147 |  | 139 | 144 | 440 |  |  | 336 | 578 |
| Satflow/Lane |  |  |  | 1220 |  | 1468 | 732 | 1283 |  |  | 1727 | 1468 |
| Capacity/Lane Group |  |  |  | 279 |  | 336 | 470 | 1536 |  |  | 1504 | 671 |
| Flow Ratio |  |  |  | 0.1 |  | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 |  |  | 0.1 | 0.4 |
| v/c Ratio |  |  |  | 0.53 |  | 0.41 | 0.31 | 0.29 |  |  | 0.22 | 0.86 |
| I Factor |  |  |  | 1.000 |  | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |  |  | 1.000 | 1.000 |
| Arrival Type |  |  |  | 3 |  | 3 | 3 | 3 |  |  | 3 | 3 |
| Platoon Ratio |  |  |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| PF Factor |  |  |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Q1 |  |  |  | 2.5 |  | 2.3 | 1.0 | 2.0 |  |  | 2.1 | 10.1 |
| kB |  |  |  | 0.3 |  | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 |  |  | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| Q2 |  |  |  | 0.3 |  | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |  |  | 0.1 | 2.4 |
| Q Average |  |  |  | 2.8 |  | 2.5 | 1.2 | 2.2 |  |  | 2.2 | 12.5 |
| Percentile Back of Queue (95th percentile) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| fB\% |  |  |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.0 |  |  | 2.0 | 1.8 |
| Back of Queue |  |  |  | 5.7 |  | 5.1 | 2.5 | 4.6 |  |  | 4.5 | 22.4 |
| Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Queue Spacing |  |  |  | 25.0 |  | 25.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 |  |  | 25.0 | 25.0 |
| Queue Storage |  |  |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| Average Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 95\% Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## SHORT REPORT

| SHORT REPORT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Information |  |  |  |  |  | Site Information |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Co. TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date O4/18/2011 <br> Performed TM Peak Period <br> Time Period AM Peak |  |  |  |  |  | Intersection SR 222 @ I-40 EB Ramps <br> Area Type All other areas <br> Jurisdiction Fayette County <br> Analysis Year 2014 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Volume and Timing Input |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |
|  |  | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT |
| Number of Lanes |  | 2 |  | 2 | 2 |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Lane Group |  | L |  | $R$ | L |  |  |  | T |  |  |  |  |
| Volume (vph) |  | 581 |  | 134 | 326 |  |  |  | 331 |  |  |  |  |
| \% Heavy Vehicles |  | 10 |  | 48 | 10 |  |  |  | 48 |  |  |  |  |
| PHF |  | 0.90 |  | 0.90 | 0.90 |  |  |  | 0.90 |  |  |  |  |
| Pretimed/Actuated (P/A) |  | A |  |  | A |  |  |  | A |  |  |  |  |
| Startup Lost Time |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 | 2.0 |  |  |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Extension of Effective Green |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 | 2.0 |  |  |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Arrival Type |  | 3 |  | 3 | 3 |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |
| Unit Extension |  | 3.0 |  | 3.0 | 3.0 |  |  |  | 3.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Ped/Bike/RTOR Volume |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  |
| Lane Width |  | 12.0 |  | 12.0 | 12.0 |  |  |  | 12.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Parking/Grade/Parking |  | N | 0 | N | N | 0 | $N$ | $N$ | 0 | $N$ | $N$ | 0 | $N$ |
| Parking/Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bus Stops/Hour |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Minimum Pedestrian Time |  | 02 | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |
| Phasing | Excl. Left |  | 03 |  | 04 | NB Only |  |  | 06 |  |  | 08 |  |
| Timing | $\mathrm{G}=30.0 \mathrm{G}$ | G = | G = |  | G = | $\mathrm{G}=30.0$ |  | G = |  | G = |  | G = |  |
|  | $\mathrm{Y}=5$ Y |  | $Y=$ |  | $Y=$ |  | $\mathrm{Y}=5$ | Y |  | $Y=$ |  | $Y=$ |  |
| Duration of Analysis (hrs) $=0.25$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cycle Length C = 70.0 |  |  |  |  |  |

Lane Group Capacity, Control Delay, and LOS Determination


## BACK-OF-QUEUE WORKSHEET

## General Information

Project Description Diverging Diamond Interchange
Average Back of Queue


Percentile Back of Queue (95th percentile)

| fв\% | 2.0 |  | 2.1 | 2.0 |  |  |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Back of Queue | 9.9 |  | 2.3 | 5.1 |  |  |  | 5.5 |  |  |  |  |

Queue Storage Ratio

| Queue Spacing | 25.0 |  | 25.0 | 25.0 |  |  |  | 25.0 |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Queue Storage | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Average Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $95 \%$ Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## SHORT REPORT

| SHORT REPORT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Information |  |  |  |  |  | Site Information |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Co. TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date 04/18/2011 <br> Performed Period <br> Time Period PM Peak Period |  |  |  |  |  | Intersection Area Type Jurisdiction Analysis Year |  |  | SR 222 @ I-40 EB Ramps <br> All other areas <br> Fayette County <br> 2014 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Volume and Timing Input |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | EB |  |  | WB |  |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |
|  |  | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH |  | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT |
| Number of Lanes |  | 2 |  | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Lane Group |  | L |  | $R$ | L |  |  |  |  | $T$ |  |  |  |  |
| Volume (vph) |  | 271 |  | 126 | 384 |  |  |  |  | 382 |  |  |  |  |
| \% Heavy Vehicles |  | 10 |  | 48 | 10 |  |  |  |  | 48 |  |  |  |  |
| PHF |  | 0.90 |  | 0.90 | 0.90 |  |  |  |  | 0.90 |  |  |  |  |
| Pretimed/Actuated (P/A) |  | A |  |  | A |  |  |  |  | A |  |  |  |  |
| Startup Lost Time |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Extension of Effective Green |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Arrival Type |  | 3 |  | 3 | 3 |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |
| Unit Extension |  | 3.0 |  | 3.0 | 3.0 |  |  |  |  | 3.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Ped/Bike/RTOR Volume |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  |
| Lane Width |  | 12.0 |  | 12.0 | 12.0 |  |  |  |  | 12.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Parking/Grade/Parking |  | N | 0 | N | N | 0 |  | $N$ | $N$ | 0 | $N$ | $N$ | 0 | $N$ |
| Parking/Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bus Stops/Hour |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Minimum Pedestrian Time |  | 02 | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |
| Phasing | Excl. Left |  | 03 |  | 04 | NB Only |  |  | 06 |  | 07 |  | 08 |  |
| Timing | $\mathrm{G}=30.0$ | G = | G = |  | G = | $\mathrm{G}=30.0$ |  |  | G = |  | G = |  | G = |  |
|  | $Y=5$ |  | $Y=$ |  | $Y=$ |  | $\mathrm{Y}=$ |  |  |  | $\mathrm{Y}=$ |  | $Y=$ |  |
| Duration of Analysis (hrs) $=0.25$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Lane Group Capacity, Control Delay, and LOS Determination

|  | EB |  | WB |  |  | NB |  | SB |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adjusted Flow Rate | 301 | 140 | 427 |  |  | 424 |  |  |  |
| Lane Group Capacity | 1366 | 828 | 1366 |  |  | 1047 |  |  |  |
| v/c Ratio | 0.22 | 0.17 | 0.31 |  |  | 0.40 |  |  |  |
| Green Ratio | 0.43 | 0.43 | 0.43 |  |  | 0.43 |  |  |  |
| Uniform Delay d ${ }_{1}$ | 12.6 | 12.3 | 13.2 |  |  | 13.8 |  |  |  |
| Delay Factor k | 0.11 | 0.11 | 0.11 |  |  | 0.11 |  |  |  |
| Incremental Delay d ${ }_{2}$ | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |  |  | 0.3 |  |  |  |
| PF Factor | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |  |  | 1.000 |  |  |  |
| Control Delay | 12.7 | 12.4 | 13.3 |  |  | 14.1 |  |  |  |
| Lane Group LOS | $B$ | B | $B$ |  |  | B |  |  |  |
| Approach Delay | 12.6 |  | 13.3 |  |  | 14.1 |  |  |  |
| Approach LOS | B |  | B |  |  | $B$ |  |  |  |
| Intersection Delay | 13.3 |  | Intersection LOS |  |  |  |  | B |  |

## BACK-OF-QUEUE WORKSHEET

## General Information

Project Description Diverging Diamond Interchange
Average Back of Queue


Percentile Back of Queue (95th percentile)

| fв\% | 2.0 |  | 2.1 | 2.0 |  |  |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Back of Queue | 4.1 |  | 2.1 | 6.1 |  |  |  | 6.5 |  |  |  |  |

Queue Storage Ratio

| Queue Spacing | 25.0 |  | 25.0 | 25.0 |  |  |  | 25.0 |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Queue Storage | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Average Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $95 \%$ Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| SHORT REPORT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Information |  |  |  |  |  | Site Information |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Co. TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date 04/18/2011 <br> Performed Time Period <br> Tim Peak Period  |  |  |  |  |  | Intersection <br> Area Type <br> Jurisdiction <br> Analysis Year |  | SR 222 @ I-40 WB Ramps <br> All other areas <br> Fayette County $2014$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Volume and Timing Input |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |
|  |  | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT |
| Number of Lanes |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |
| Lane Group |  | L |  |  | L |  | $R$ |  |  |  |  | T |  |
| Volume (vph) |  | 798 |  |  | 117 |  | 257 |  |  |  |  | 513 |  |
| \% Heavy Vehicles |  | 48 |  |  | 48 |  | 10 |  |  |  |  | 10 |  |
| PHF |  | 0.90 |  |  | 0.90 |  | 0.90 |  |  |  |  | 0.90 |  |
| Pretimed/Actuated (P/A) |  | A |  |  | A |  |  |  |  |  |  | A |  |
| Startup Lost Time |  | 2.0 |  |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 |  |
| Extension of Effective Green |  | 2.0 |  |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 |  |
| Arrival Type |  | 3 |  |  | 3 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |
| Unit Extension |  | 3.0 |  |  | 3.0 |  | 3.0 |  |  |  |  | 3.0 |  |
| Ped/Bike/RTOR Volume |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  |
| Lane Width |  | 12.0 |  |  | 12.0 |  | 12.0 |  |  |  |  | 12.0 |  |
| Parking/Grade/Parking |  | N | 0 | $N$ | N | 0 | N | N | 0 | $N$ | $N$ | 0 | $N$ |
| Parking/Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bus Stops/Hour |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minimum Pedestrian Time |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |
| Phasing | Excl. Left | 02 | 03 |  | 04 |  | SB Only | 06 |  | 07 |  | 08 |  |
| Timing | $\mathrm{G}=33.0 \quad \mathrm{G}$ | G = | G = |  | G = |  | $\mathrm{G}=27.0$ | G = |  | G = |  | G = |  |
|  | $\mathrm{Y}=5$ Y |  | $Y=$ |  | $Y=$ |  | $\mathrm{Y}=5$ |  |  | Y |  | Y = |  |
| Duration of Analysis (hrs) $=0.25$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cycle Length C = 70.0 |  |  |  |  |  |

Lane Group Capacity, Control Delay, and LOS Determination

|  | EB |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adjusted Flow Rate | 887 |  | 130 |  | 286 |  |  |  | 570 |  |
| Lane Group Capacity | 1116 |  | 1116 |  | 1002 |  |  |  | 1269 |  |
| v/c Ratio | 0.79 |  | 0.12 |  | 0.29 |  |  |  | 0.45 |  |
| Green Ratio | 0.47 |  | 0.47 |  | 0.39 |  |  |  | 0.39 |  |
| Uniform Delay d ${ }_{1}$ | 15.6 |  | 10.3 |  | 14.8 |  |  |  | 16.0 |  |
| Delay Factor k | 0.34 |  | 0.11 |  | 0.11 |  |  |  | 0.11 |  |
| Incremental Delay d ${ }_{2}$ | 4.1 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.2 |  |  |  | 0.3 |  |
| PF Factor | 1.000 |  | 1.000 |  | 1.000 |  |  |  | 1.000 |  |
| Control Delay | 19.7 |  | 10.4 |  | 15.0 |  |  |  | 16.2 |  |
| Lane Group LOS | $B$ |  | $B$ |  | $B$ |  |  |  | B |  |
| Approach Delay | 19.7 |  | 13.6 |  |  |  |  |  | 16.2 |  |
| Approach LOS | B |  | B |  |  |  |  |  | B |  |
| Intersection Delay | 17.3 |  | Intersection LOS |  |  |  |  |  | B |  |

## BACK-OF-QUEUE WORKSHEET

## General Information

Project Description Diverging Diamond Interchange
Average Back of Queue

|  | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT |
| Lane Group | $L$ |  |  | $L$ |  | $R$ |  |  |  |  | T |  |
| Initial Queue/Lane | 0.0 |  |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  |  |  |  | 0.0 |  |
| Flow Rate/Lane Group | 887 |  |  | 130 |  | 286 |  |  |  |  | 570 |  |
| Satflow/Lane | 1219 |  |  | 1219 |  | 1468 |  |  |  |  | 1727 |  |
| Capacity/Lane Group | 1116 |  |  | 1116 |  | 1002 |  |  |  |  | 1269 |  |
| Flow Ratio | 0.4 |  |  | 0.1 |  | 0.1 |  |  |  |  | 0.2 |  |
| v/c Ratio | 0.79 |  |  | 0.12 |  | 0.29 |  |  |  |  | 0.45 |  |
| 1 Factor | 1.000 |  |  | 1.000 |  | 1.000 |  |  |  |  | 1.000 |  |
| Arrival Type | 3 |  |  | 3 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |
| Platoon Ratio | 1.00 |  |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  |  |  |  | 1.00 |  |
| PF Factor | 1.00 |  |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  |  |  |  | 1.00 |  |
| Q1 | 7.5 |  |  | 0.7 |  | 2.2 |  |  |  |  | 4.3 |  |
| kB | 0.4 |  |  | 0.4 |  | 0.4 |  |  |  |  | 0.5 |  |
| Q2 | 1.5 |  |  | 0.1 |  | 0.2 |  |  |  |  | 0.4 |  |
| Q Average | 9.0 |  |  | 0.8 |  | 2.3 |  |  |  |  | 4.7 |  |

## Percentile Back of Queue (95th percentile)

| fв\% | 1.9 |  |  | 2.1 |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Back of Queue | 16.8 |  |  | 1.6 |  | 4.7 |  |  |  |  | 9.2 |  |

## Queue Storage Ratio

| Queue Spacing | 25.0 |  |  | 25.0 |  | 25.0 |  |  |  |  | 25.0 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Queue Storage | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |
| Average Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $95 \%$ Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| SHORT REPORT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Information |  |  |  |  |  | Site Information |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Co. TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date 04/18/2011 <br> Performed Time Period <br> TM Peak Period  |  |  |  |  |  | Intersection <br> Area Type <br> Jurisdiction <br> Analysis Year |  | SR 222 @ I-40 WB Ramps <br> All other areas <br> Fayette County <br> 2014 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Volume and Timing Input |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |
|  |  | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT |
| Number of Lanes |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |
| Lane Group |  | L |  |  | L |  | $R$ |  |  |  |  | T |  |
| Volume (vph) |  | 511 |  |  | 98 |  | 122 |  |  |  |  | 800 |  |
| \% Heavy Vehicles |  | 48 |  |  | 48 |  | 10 |  |  |  |  | 10 |  |
| PHF |  | 0.90 |  |  | 0.90 |  | 0.90 |  |  |  |  | 0.90 |  |
| Pretimed/Actuated (P/A) |  | A |  |  | A |  |  |  |  |  |  | A |  |
| Startup Lost Time |  | 2.0 |  |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 |  |
| Extension of Effective Green |  | 2.0 |  |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 |  |
| Arrival Type |  | 3 |  |  | 3 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |
| Unit Extension |  | 3.0 |  |  | 3.0 |  | 3.0 |  |  |  |  | 3.0 |  |
| Ped/Bike/RTOR Volume |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  |
| Lane Width |  | 12.0 |  |  | 12.0 |  | 12.0 |  |  |  |  | 12.0 |  |
| Parking/Grade/Parking |  | N | 0 | $N$ | N | 0 | $N$ | N | 0 | $N$ | $N$ | 0 | $N$ |
| Parking/Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bus Stops/Hour |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minimum Pedestrian Time |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |
| Phasing | Excl. Left | 02 | 03 |  | 04 |  | SB Only | 06 |  | 07 |  | 08 |  |
| Timing | $\mathrm{G}=30.0$ G | G = | G = |  | G = |  | $\mathrm{G}=30.0$ | G = |  | G = |  | G = |  |
|  | $Y=5$ $Y$ |  | $\mathrm{Y}=$ |  | $Y=$ |  | $\mathrm{Y}=5$ |  |  | Y $=$ |  | $\mathrm{Y}=$ |  |
| Duration of Analysis (hrs) $=0.25$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cycle Length C = 70.0 |  |  |  |  |  |

Lane Group Capacity, Control Delay, and LOS Determination


## BACK-OF-QUEUE WORKSHEET

## General Information

Project Description Diverging Diamond Interchange
Average Back of Queue

|  | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT |
| Lane Group | $L$ |  |  | L |  | $R$ |  |  |  |  | T |  |
| Initial Queue/Lane | 0.0 |  |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  |  |  |  | 0.0 |  |
| Flow Rate/Lane Group | 568 |  |  | 109 |  | 136 |  |  |  |  | 889 |  |
| Satflow/Lane | 1219 |  |  | 1219 |  | 1468 |  |  |  |  | 1727 |  |
| Capacity/Lane Group | 1015 |  |  | 1015 |  | 1114 |  |  |  |  | 1410 |  |
| Flow Ratio | 0.2 |  |  | 0.0 |  | 0.1 |  |  |  |  | 0.3 |  |
| v/c Ratio | 0.56 |  |  | 0.11 |  | 0.12 |  |  |  |  | 0.63 |  |
| I Factor | 1.000 |  |  | 1.000 |  | 1.000 |  |  |  |  | 1.000 |  |
| Arrival Type | 3 |  |  | 3 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |
| Platoon Ratio | 1.00 |  |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  |  |  |  | 1.00 |  |
| PF Factor | 1.00 |  |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  |  |  |  | 1.00 |  |
| Q1 | 4.3 |  |  | 0.7 |  | 0.9 |  |  |  |  | 7.1 |  |
| kB | 0.4 |  |  | 0.4 |  | 0.4 |  |  |  |  | 0.5 |  |
| Q2 | 0.5 |  |  | 0.0 |  | 0.1 |  |  |  |  | 0.8 |  |
| Q Average | 4.8 |  |  | 0.7 |  | 1.0 |  |  |  |  | 7.9 |  |

## Percentile Back of Queue (95th percentile)

| fв\% | 2.0 |  |  | 2.1 |  | 2.1 |  |  |  |  | 1.9 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Back of Queue | 9.3 |  |  | 1.5 |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 14.9 |  |

## Queue Storage Ratio

| Queue Spacing | 25.0 |  |  | 25.0 |  | 25.0 |  |  |  |  | 25.0 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Queue Storage | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |
| Average Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $95 \%$ Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## SHORT REPORT

| SHORT REPORT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Information |  |  |  |  |  | Site Information |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Co. TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date 04/18/2011 <br> Performed Period <br> Time Period AM Peak Period |  |  |  |  |  | Intersection Area Type Jurisdiction Analysis Year |  |  | SR 222 @ I-40 EB Ramps <br> All other areas <br> Fayette County <br> 2034 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Volume and Timing Input |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | EB |  |  | WB |  |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |
|  |  | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH |  | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT |
| Number of Lanes |  | 2 |  | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Lane Group |  | $L$ |  | $R$ | L |  |  |  |  | $T$ |  |  |  |  |
| Volume (vph) |  | 586 |  | 168 | 366 |  |  |  |  | 377 |  |  |  |  |
| \% Heavy Vehicles |  | 10 |  | 48 | 10 |  |  |  |  | 48 |  |  |  |  |
| PHF |  | 0.90 |  | 0.90 | 0.90 |  |  |  |  | 0.90 |  |  |  |  |
| Pretimed/Actuated (P/A) |  | A |  |  | A |  |  |  |  | A |  |  |  |  |
| Startup Lost Time |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Extension of Effective Green |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Arrival Type |  | 3 |  | 3 | 3 |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |
| Unit Extension |  | 3.0 |  | 3.0 | 3.0 |  |  |  |  | 3.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Ped/Bike/RTOR Volume |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  |
| Lane Width |  | 12.0 |  | 12.0 | 12.0 |  |  |  |  | 12.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Parking/Grade/Parking |  | N | 0 | N | N | 0 |  | $N$ | $N$ | 0 | $N$ | $N$ | 0 | $N$ |
| Parking/Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bus Stops/Hour |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Minimum Pedestrian Time |  | 02 | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |
| Phasing | Excl. Left |  | 03 |  | 04 | NB Only |  |  | 06 |  | 07 |  | 08 |  |
| Timing | $\mathrm{G}=30.0$ | G = | G = |  | G = | $\mathrm{G}=30.0$ |  |  | G = |  | G = |  | G = |  |
|  |  |  | Y = |  | $Y=$ | $Y=5$ |  |  | Y = |  | $\mathrm{Y}=$ |  | $Y=$ |  |
| Duration of Analysis (hrs) $=0.25$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cycle Length C = 70.0 |  |  |  |  |  |

Lane Group Capacity, Control Delay, and LOS Determination


## BACK-OF-QUEUE WORKSHEET

## General Information

Project Description Diverging Diamond Interchange
Average Back of Queue


Percentile Back of Queue (95th percentile)

| fв\% | 2.0 |  | 2.1 | 2.0 |  |  |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Back of Queue | 10.0 |  | 2.9 | 5.8 |  |  |  | 6.5 |  |  |  |  |

Queue Storage Ratio

| Queue Spacing | 25.0 |  | 25.0 | 25.0 |  |  |  | 25.0 |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Queue Storage | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Average Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $95 \%$ Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## SHORT REPORT

| SHORT REPORT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Information |  |  |  |  |  | Site Information |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Co. TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date O4/18/2011 <br> Performed Time Period PM Peak Period |  |  |  |  |  | Intersection SR 222 @ I-40 EB Ramps <br> Area Type All other areas <br> Jurisdiction Fayette County <br> Analysis Year 2034 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Volume and Timing Input |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |
|  |  | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT |
| Number of Lanes |  | 2 |  | 2 | 2 |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Lane Group |  | L |  | $R$ | L |  |  |  | T |  |  |  |  |
| Volume (vph) |  | 276 |  | 173 | 434 |  |  |  | 250 |  |  |  |  |
| \% Heavy Vehicles |  | 10 |  | 48 | 10 |  |  |  | 48 |  |  |  |  |
| PHF |  | 0.90 |  | 0.90 | 0.90 |  |  |  | 0.90 |  |  |  |  |
| Pretimed/Actuated (P/A) |  | A |  |  | A |  |  |  | A |  |  |  |  |
| Startup Lost Time |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 | 2.0 |  |  |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Extension of Effective Green |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 | 2.0 |  |  |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Arrival Type |  | 3 |  | 3 | 3 |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |
| Unit Extension |  | 3.0 |  | 3.0 | 3.0 |  |  |  | 3.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Ped/Bike/RTOR Volume |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  |
| Lane Width |  | 12.0 |  | 12.0 | 12.0 |  |  |  | 12.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Parking/Grade/Parking |  | N | 0 | N | N | 0 | $N$ | $N$ | 0 | $N$ | $N$ | 0 | $N$ |
| Parking/Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bus Stops/Hour |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Minimum Pedestrian Time |  | 02 | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |
| Phasing | Excl. Left |  | 03 |  | 04 | NB Only |  |  | 06 |  |  | 08 |  |
| Timing | $\mathrm{G}=30.0 \mathrm{G}$ | G = | G = |  | G = | $\mathrm{G}=30.0$ |  | G = |  | G = |  | G = |  |
|  | $\mathrm{Y}=5$ Y |  | $Y=$ |  | $Y=$ |  | $\mathrm{Y}=5$ | Y |  | $Y=$ |  | $\mathrm{Y}=$ |  |
| Duration of Analysis (hrs) $=0.25$ |  |  | ( 120 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Lane Group Capacity, Control Delay, and LOS Determination


## BACK-OF-QUEUE WORKSHEET

## General Information

Project Description Diverging Diamond Interchange
Average Back of Queue


Percentile Back of Queue (95th percentile)

| fB\% | 2.0 |  | 2.1 | 2.0 |  |  |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Back of Queue | 4.2 |  | 3.0 | 7.0 |  |  |  | 4.0 |  |  |  |  |

Queue Storage Ratio

| Queue Spacing | 25.0 |  | 25.0 | 25.0 |  |  |  | 25.0 |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Queue Storage | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Average Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $95 \%$ Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| SHORT REPORT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Information |  |  |  |  |  | Site Information |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Co. TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date 04/18/2011 <br> Performed Time Period AM Peak Period |  |  |  |  |  | Intersection Area Type Jurisdiction Analysis Year |  | SR 222 @ I-40 WB Ramps <br> All other areas <br> Fayette County <br> 2034 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Volume and Timing Input |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |
|  |  | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT |
| Number of Lanes |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |
| Lane Group |  | L |  |  | L |  | $R$ |  |  |  |  | T |  |
| Volume (vph) |  | 808 |  |  | 143 |  | 258 |  |  |  |  | 547 |  |
| \% Heavy Vehicles |  | 48 |  |  | 48 |  | 10 |  |  |  |  | 10 |  |
| PHF |  | 0.90 |  |  | 0.90 |  | 0.90 |  |  |  |  | 0.90 |  |
| Pretimed/Actuated (P/A) |  | A |  |  | A |  |  |  |  |  |  | A |  |
| Startup Lost Time |  | 2.0 |  |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 |  |
| Extension of Effective Green |  | 2.0 |  |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 |  |
| Arrival Type |  | 3 |  |  | 3 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |
| Unit Extension |  | 3.0 |  |  | 3.0 |  | 3.0 |  |  |  |  | 3.0 |  |
| Ped/Bike/RTOR Volume |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  |
| Lane Width |  | 12.0 |  |  | 12.0 |  | 12.0 |  |  |  |  | 12.0 |  |
| Parking/Grade/Parking |  | N | 0 | $N$ | $N$ | 0 | $N$ | N | 0 | N | $N$ | 0 | $N$ |
| Parking/Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bus Stops/Hour |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minimum Pedestrian Time |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |
| Phasing | Excl. Left | 02 | 03 |  | 04 |  | SB Only | 06 |  | 07 |  | 08 |  |
| Timing | $\mathrm{G}=33.0$ G | G = | G = |  | G = |  | $\mathrm{G}=27.0$ | G = |  | G = |  | G = |  |
|  | $Y=5$ $Y$ |  | $\mathrm{Y}=$ |  | $Y=$ |  | $\mathrm{Y}=5$ | Y |  | Y $=$ |  | $\mathrm{Y}=$ |  |
| Duration of Analysis (hrs) $=0.25$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cycle Length $\mathrm{C}=70.0$ |  |  |  |  |  |

Lane Group Capacity, Control Delay, and LOS Determination

|  | EB |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adjusted Flow Rate | 898 |  | 159 |  | 287 |  |  |  | 608 |  |
| Lane Group Capacity | 1116 |  | 1116 |  | 1002 |  |  |  | 1269 |  |
| v/c Ratio | 0.80 |  | 0.14 |  | 0.29 |  |  |  | 0.48 |  |
| Green Ratio | 0.47 |  | 0.47 |  | 0.39 |  |  |  | 0.39 |  |
| Uniform Delay d ${ }_{1}$ | 15.8 |  | 10.5 |  | 14.8 |  |  |  | 16.2 |  |
| Delay Factor k | 0.35 |  | 0.11 |  | 0.11 |  |  |  | 0.11 |  |
| Incremental Delay d ${ }_{2}$ | 4.4 |  | 0.1 |  | 0.2 |  |  |  | 0.3 |  |
| PF Factor | 1.000 |  | 1.000 |  | 1.000 |  |  |  | 1.000 |  |
| Control Delay | 20.2 |  | 10.5 |  | 15.0 |  |  |  | 16.5 |  |
| Lane Group LOS | C |  | $B$ |  | $B$ |  |  |  | B |  |
| Approach Delay | 20.2 |  | 13.4 |  |  |  |  |  | 16.5 |  |
| Approach LOS | C |  | B |  |  |  |  |  | B |  |
| Intersection Delay | 17.5 |  | Intersection LOS |  |  |  |  |  | B |  |

## BACK-OF-QUEUE WORKSHEET

## General Information

Project Description Diverging Diamond Interchange
Average Back of Queue

|  | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT |
| Lane Group | $L$ |  |  | L |  | $R$ |  |  |  |  | T |  |
| Initial Queue/Lane | 0.0 |  |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  |  |  |  | 0.0 |  |
| Flow Rate/Lane Group | 898 |  |  | 159 |  | 287 |  |  |  |  | 608 |  |
| Satflow/Lane | 1219 |  |  | 1219 |  | 1468 |  |  |  |  | 1727 |  |
| Capacity/Lane Group | 1116 |  |  | 1116 |  | 1002 |  |  |  |  | 1269 |  |
| Flow Ratio | 0.4 |  |  | 0.1 |  | 0.1 |  |  |  |  | 0.2 |  |
| v/c Ratio | 0.80 |  |  | 0.14 |  | 0.29 |  |  |  |  | 0.48 |  |
| I Factor | 1.000 |  |  | 1.000 |  | 1.000 |  |  |  |  | 1.000 |  |
| Arrival Type | 3 |  |  | 3 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |
| Platoon Ratio | 1.00 |  |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  |  |  |  | 1.00 |  |
| PF Factor | 1.00 |  |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  |  |  |  | 1.00 |  |
| Q1 | 7.7 |  |  | 0.9 |  | 2.2 |  |  |  |  | 4.7 |  |
| kB | 0.4 |  |  | 0.4 |  | 0.4 |  |  |  |  | 0.5 |  |
| Q2 | 1.6 |  |  | 0.1 |  | 0.2 |  |  |  |  | 0.4 |  |
| Q Average | 9.2 |  |  | 1.0 |  | 2.3 |  |  |  |  | 5.1 |  |

## Percentile Back of Queue (95th percentile)

| fв\% | 1.9 |  |  | 2.1 |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Back of Queue | 17.2 |  |  | 2.0 |  | 4.8 |  |  |  |  | 9.9 |  |

## Queue Storage Ratio

| Queue Spacing | 25.0 |  |  | 25.0 |  | 25.0 |  |  |  |  | 25.0 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Queue Storage | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |
| Average Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $95 \%$ Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| SHORT REPORT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Information |  |  |  |  |  | Site Information |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Analyst SKB <br> Agency or Co. TDOT/TranSystems <br> Date 04/18/2011 <br> Performed Time Period PM Peak Period |  |  |  |  |  | Intersection Area Type Jurisdiction Analysis Year |  | SR 222 @ I-40 WB Ramps <br> All other areas <br> Fayette County <br> 2034 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Volume and Timing Input |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |
|  |  | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT |
| Number of Lanes |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |
| Lane Group |  | L |  |  | L |  | $R$ |  |  |  |  | T |  |
| Volume (vph) |  | 526 |  |  | 132 |  | 125 |  |  |  |  | 822 |  |
| \% Heavy Vehicles |  | 48 |  |  | 48 |  | 10 |  |  |  |  | 10 |  |
| PHF |  | 0.90 |  |  | 0.90 |  | 0.90 |  |  |  |  | 0.90 |  |
| Pretimed/Actuated (P/A) |  | A |  |  | A |  |  |  |  |  |  | A |  |
| Startup Lost Time |  | 2.0 |  |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 |  |
| Extension of Effective Green |  | 2.0 |  |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 2.0 |  |
| Arrival Type |  | 3 |  |  | 3 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |
| Unit Extension |  | 3.0 |  |  | 3.0 |  | 3.0 |  |  |  |  | 3.0 |  |
| Ped/Bike/RTOR Volume |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  |
| Lane Width |  | 12.0 |  |  | 12.0 |  | 12.0 |  |  |  |  | 12.0 |  |
| Parking/Grade/Parking |  | N | 0 | $N$ | $N$ | 0 | $N$ | N | 0 | N | $N$ | 0 | $N$ |
| Parking/Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bus Stops/Hour |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |
| Minimum Pedestrian Time |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.2 |  |
| Phasing | Excl. Left | 02 | 03 |  | 04 |  | SB Only | 06 |  | 07 |  | 08 |  |
| Timing | $\mathrm{G}=30.0$ G | G = | G = |  | G = |  | $\mathrm{G}=30.0$ | G = |  | G = |  | G = |  |
|  | $Y=5$ $Y$ |  | Y = |  | $Y=$ |  | $\mathrm{Y}=5$ | Y |  | Y $=$ |  | $\mathrm{Y}=$ |  |
| Duration of Analysis (hrs) $=0.25$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cycle Length C = 70.0 |  |  |  |  |  |

Lane Group Capacity, Control Delay, and LOS Determination

|  | EB |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adjusted Flow Rate | 584 |  | 147 |  | 139 |  |  |  | 913 |  |
| Lane Group Capacity | 1015 |  | 1015 |  | 1114 |  |  |  | 1410 |  |
| v/c Ratio | 0.58 |  | 0.14 |  | 0.12 |  |  |  | 0.65 |  |
| Green Ratio | 0.43 |  | 0.43 |  | 0.43 |  |  |  | 0.43 |  |
| Uniform Delay d ${ }_{1}$ | 15.2 |  | 12.2 |  | 12.1 |  |  |  | 15.8 |  |
| Delay Factor k | 0.17 |  | 0.11 |  | 0.11 |  |  |  | 0.23 |  |
| Incremental Delay $\mathrm{d}_{2}$ | 0.8 |  | 0.1 |  | 0.1 |  |  |  | 1.0 |  |
| PF Factor | 1.000 |  | 1.000 |  | 1.000 |  |  |  | 1.000 |  |
| Control Delay | 16.0 |  | 12.3 |  | 12.1 |  |  |  | 16.9 |  |
| Lane Group LOS | $B$ |  | $B$ |  | B |  |  |  | B |  |
| Approach Delay | 16.0 |  | 12.2 |  |  |  |  |  | 16.9 |  |
| Approach LOS | B |  | B |  |  |  |  |  | B |  |
| Intersection Delay | 15.8 |  | Intersection LOS |  |  |  |  |  | $B$ |  |

## BACK-OF-QUEUE WORKSHEET

## General Information

Project Description Diverging Diamond Interchange
Average Back of Queue

|  | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT | LT | TH | RT |
| Lane Group | $L$ |  |  | $L$ |  | $R$ |  |  |  |  | T |  |
| Initial Queue/Lane | 0.0 |  |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  |  |  |  | 0.0 |  |
| Flow Rate/Lane Group | 584 |  |  | 147 |  | 139 |  |  |  |  | 913 |  |
| Satflow/Lane | 1219 |  |  | 1219 |  | 1468 |  |  |  |  | 1727 |  |
| Capacity/Lane Group | 1015 |  |  | 1015 |  | 1114 |  |  |  |  | 1410 |  |
| Flow Ratio | 0.2 |  |  | 0.1 |  | 0.1 |  |  |  |  | 0.3 |  |
| v/c Ratio | 0.58 |  |  | 0.14 |  | 0.12 |  |  |  |  | 0.65 |  |
| 1 Factor | 1.000 |  |  | 1.000 |  | 1.000 |  |  |  |  | 1.000 |  |
| Arrival Type | 3 |  |  | 3 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |
| Platoon Ratio | 1.00 |  |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  |  |  |  | 1.00 |  |
| PF Factor | 1.00 |  |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  |  |  |  | 1.00 |  |
| Q1 | 4.4 |  |  | 0.9 |  | 0.9 |  |  |  |  | 7.4 |  |
| kB | 0.4 |  |  | 0.4 |  | 0.4 |  |  |  |  | 0.5 |  |
| Q2 | 0.5 |  |  | 0.1 |  | 0.1 |  |  |  |  | 0.9 |  |
| Q Average | 5.0 |  |  | 1.0 |  | 1.0 |  |  |  |  | 8.3 |  |

## Percentile Back of Queue (95th percentile)

| fв\% | 2.0 |  |  | 2.1 |  | 2.1 |  |  |  |  | 1.9 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Back of Queue | 9.7 |  |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 15.5 |  |

## Queue Storage Ratio

| Queue Spacing | 25.0 |  |  | 25.0 |  | 25.0 |  |  |  |  | 25.0 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Queue Storage | 0 |  |  | 0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |
| Average Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $95 \%$ Queue Storage Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

